ASK FOR INDO-BALM CURES ALL ACHES & PAINS KARNIK BROS. BOMBAY 4

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

VOL. XXIX NO. 117 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

GONDAL RASASHALA'S "SHISHU SANJIVAN" Cures AILMENTS PECULIAR to INFANTS... Gives HEALTH VAIDYA MAHESHWAR BROS., 411, Kalbadevi Road, Bombay. Tel. 23367. Dispensary, Purshottam Palace Sicca Nazar, Vithalbhai Patel Road, Bombay. Richey Road, Ahmedabad. (Ask for detailed catalogue).

R.A.F. Swoops On Syrian Aerodromes

Palmyra, Damascus & Rayak Attacked

AXIS PLANES DESTROYED: ONE BURNT OUT

Call To Frenchmen In Syria To Revolt Against Vichy

CAIRO, May 16.

GERMAN aircraft on three Syrian aerodromes-Palmyra, Damascus and Rayak-were attacked by the R. A. F. yesterday, it is officially announced.

At Palmyra, three junkers and two other German aircraft and one Italian Caproni plane were machine-gunned and at least three machines were severely damaged and one burnt out.

Aerodromes in Nazi occupied Greece were also raided.

DETAILS NOT AVAILABLE

CAIRO, May 16.

Full details are not available of the R. A. F. attacks on the Syrian aerodromes according to an official 'communique', which says that preliminary reports show that large fires were started on the aerodromes and a considerable number of enemy aircraft were destroyed.

The 'communique' further states that on May 13 and 14, eight German aircraft were destroyed over Crete by R. A. F. fighters. Fierce attacks on enemy mechanised units and troop concentrations in Cyrenaica on Thursday are mentioned in the 'communique' which states: "Between Sollum and Halfaya, the enemy was constanty harassed by bomb attacks.

Between Bardia and Tobruk, our fighters machinegunned a motor transport causing considerable damage and destroyed ammunition and petrol lorries."

Raids with large fires on Benghazi and Benina are also recorded by the 'communique' which describes a series of raids by aircraft of the Rhodesian Squadron on Amba Alagi while Free French machines bombed the Gondar aerodrome.—Reuter.

NAZI PLANES IN SYRIA AND VICHY ADMISSION.

The first admission by the Vichy authorities that German planes are in Syria came in a communique from Beyrouth today. The "communique" says: "German planes recently flew over Syria and 22 of them made the first landing on Syrian aerodromes. In conformity with the Armistice terms, the French authorities took steps to enable the planes to leave as soon as possible".

The "communique" adds that R. A. F. attacked the aerodromes yesterday and to-day.—Reuter.

REINFORCEMENTS TO BRITISH TROOPS

LONDON, May 16.

Reinforcements of British and Imperial troops have arrived both in Iraq and Palestine.—Reuter.

TANKS AND MATERIAL CROSSING SYRIA

According to the Independent French Agency's Cairo correspondent tanks and light war material are crossing Syria in the direction of Iraq.

The correspondent adds that pamphlets signed by General Catroux, the Free French Representative in the Middle East (who as the former Governor of Damascus knows Syria well) were dropped over Syrian territory by Free French pilots on Thursday night.

General Catroux also broadcast to the French in Syria urging them to throw off the yoke of the Vichy Government which is under German domination.—Reuter.

GERMAN BOMBERS OPERATING FROM SYRIA?

ANKARA, May 16.

A formation of at least seventeen German bombers, accompanied by fighters, crossed Syria and landed at Mosul in Iraq, according to persistent reports reaching here. According to another report twenty German bombers are operating from Rayak aerodrome in Syria.—Reuter.

Senate Approves Of Bill Empowering Govt. To Seize Foreign Ships

WASHINGTON, May 16.

The Bill which empowers the seizure by the Administration of foreign ships lying in American ports has been approved by the Senate.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

SOVIET PROTEST TO U. S.

WASHINGTON, May 16.

Soviet Russia has formally protested to the United States, it is learnt here, against the detention of a Russian cargo of Argentine and Uruguayan wool and hides at Sanfrancisco while in transit from South America.—Reuter.

FIVE ENEMY FIGHTERS DESTROYED.

LONDON, May 16.

A number of enemy aircraft crossed the south-east coast this afternoon but were promptly met by strong formations of British fighters who beat them back. Five enemy fighters were destroyed—three by fighters and two by anti-aircraft gunfire. One British fighter is missing but the pilot is safe, says an Air Ministry "communique."—Reuter.

Choice Before Turkey

Involvement In War, Or Economic Facilities For Germany

LONDON, May 16.

The Germans are increasing their assurances to Turkey that she will not be involved in the conflict provided she gives economic facilities to the Reich, according to Independent French Agency's Istanbul correspondent.

The Germans are now asking for grain. They assert that Germany will not demand a passage for her troops through Turkey, leaving it to be understood that they will reach Syria and the Suez by another route after having overcome the British strongholds of Crete and Cyprus.—Reuter.

CHOICE FOR PETAIN

LONDON, May 16.

While the grant of facilities to German aircraft in Syria is regretted, there is no tendency in London circles to be alarmed at the situation which is described as serious but capable of being brought under control militarily.

British quarters read with interest radio reports of an official United States warning to Vichy calling on the French people to choose between friendship for Germany and friendship for America.

It was observed to-day that Vichy is the heart of the sickness of France while Syria is only a symptom of the same malady percolating through the whole French Colonial Empire and liable to extend to the western shores of Africa, thus in turn constituting a threat to the Western Hemisphere.

A TIRED OLD MAN

It is recognised in London that Marshal Petain is a tired old man who has been and is under pressure from Germans and those false Frenchmen with French names and ancestry but none of the spirit of France. There is every reason to believe that the French authorities in Syria are well aware of the British Government's attitude given by Mr. Eden in the House of Commons.

Information from the Near East indicates that there is no tendency on the part of any Leader in the Arab States to support Rashid Ali and there is no doubt of the continued loyalty of these States to their friendship with the British Government.

The C. P. and Berar Government have announced to award seven scholarships to students of the province for 6 years.

Of these scholarships, two will be awarded for leather tanning, four for technical training and one for coal mining or Geology —United Press.

Another Hitler Shall Not Rise Again!

NEWPORT (Rhode Island), May 16.

"The world must prevent the rise of another Hitler a score years hence", said Colonel Knox, Secretary of the Navy, addressing the graduating class of the United States Naval and War College to-day.

"We now intend to maintain our right of ever improving the lot of common man even though we must waste our substance in wars of defence to maintain it," he declared.

Calling for a strong United States Navy in time of peace as well as in time of war, Col. Knox declared that the once disarmed Germany had been enabled to challenge the world "in only six short years" after Hitler became the Chancellor. "We can rest assured that when Germany and its will to force is ultimately defeated in Europe, another Hitler twenty or thirty years hence will be able to do the same in an even shorter period of time if the world again relinquishes its policing powers.

Always in history there have risen up men drunk with the thought that they could rule the world. There have been Caesars, Chenghiskhans, Napoleons and Hitlers since the days of Pharaohs and the credulous world has always thought that each one was the last."

Col. Knox emphasised that all of them there equally shared the responsibility for devoting their lives to seeing that in future the navy would never be allowed to decline as it was done following every war since the American Revolution.

AMERICA AND RED SEA

Roosevelt's Retort To Nazi Declaration Of Danger Zone

WASHINGTON, May 16.

President Roosevelt at a Press Conference pointedly reminded his listeners that twice before in the history of the United States she used her warships to protect her commerce and obtain freedom of the seas.

This remark was made during a discussion of Germany's declaration that the Red Sea would be a danger zone for foreign ships.

The President mentioned the action of the then American Republic against the barbary pirates of the Mediterranean a century ago and naval action against the privateers of the Caribbean.

When reporters asked if he thought there were "any modern counterparts of barbary pirates", President Roosevelt merely told them to use their heads and said that freedom of the seas was the historic American policy, but he did not indicate just what the United States might be prepared to do about the Red Sea.

The President said that in citing cases in history he was merely providing a lead for newspapermen.—Reuter.

Bombs Showered Over Chungking Suburbs

CHUNGKING, May 16.

Fifty-four Japanese planes in two waves showered bombs on the western suburbs this morning. Incendiaries dropped on the Chiaking river front started big fires.

Chinese anti-aircraft guns put up heavy fire.—Reuter.

MOST DRAMATIC DEVELOPMENT

NEW PORT (Rhode Island) May 16.

Colonel Frank Knox, United States Secretary of the Navy, interviewed here to-day declared: "The most dramatic development of the past twenty-four hours was the turnover of the existing French Government of Vichy towards Germany."

The Vichy Government, he said, was in the clutches of the Germans and robbed of the direction of its own affairs. "It is in a bitter squeeze and is paying the penalty for being vanquished in war", he added.

Col. Knox expressed the opinion that Hess was sane, but he was under the impression that someone "had the finger on him" and that he was "two jumps ahead of the Germans".

SUPPLIES WILL REACH BRITAIN

Discussing the United States Navy, Col. Frank Knox said: "If you ask me if I would ensure delivery of materials for Britain, the answer is a definite affirmative 'Yes'.

"Asked what the method of insurance would be, Col. Knox said: "Use your own head. In the last war we had only one menace—the submarine. This time we have three—the submarine, surface raider and aeroplane."—Reuter.

RECAPTURE OF SOLLUM

Key Town In Abyssinia Also Occupied

NAIROBI, May 16.

It is officially announced that the Abyssinian key town of Sciasciamanna has been occupied by Imperial troops and more prisoners were taken.

RECAPTURE OF SOLLUM.

CAIRO:—British troops on Thursday occupied Halfaya Pass, Musaid and Sollum, as the result of limited operations carried out by covering forces, states a G.H.Q. 'communique'. Serious casualties were inflicted on the enemy and a number of German prisoners were taken.

America To Stop Wheat To Vichy?

ROOSEVELT'S POINTER AT PRESS CONFERENCE

Diplomatic Break Imminent: Message To Frenchmen

WASHINGTON, May 16.

PRESIDENT Roosevelt in his press conference pointed out that he did not know whether France would continue to get two shiploads of United States wheat monthly now that there are indications of closer co-operation with the Nazis.

ROOSEVELT ON NEXT STEP

WASHINGTON, May 16.

President Roosevelt at a Press Conference to-day said that the international conditions were too serious for him to interpret or comment further on the implications of his appeal to the French people last night.

He dismissed the barrage of questions seeking to draw him out as too hypothetical. One such question was: Would the American Ambassador in Vichy, Admiral Leahy, be recalled.

A remark that his appeal to the French people had been made over the heads of the Vichy Government brought the reply that his statement last night must speak for itself.

President Roosevelt then suggested that the State Department would be asked whether the United States might take action under its agreement with other Latin-American nations towards taking over some European colonies in the Western Hemisphere if they were threatened with change of sovereignty.

AMERICA BREAKS WITH VICHY

For all practical purposes, diplomatic relations between the United States and France appear to have come to an end and it is expected here that Admiral Leahy, the United States Ambassador at Vichy, will be recalled soon. Strong American efforts to keep France out of the Axis camp appear to have failed.

America's Concern

The French 'de marche' and the statement of President Roosevelt that it is "inconceivable" that France should accept any "collaboration" which would imply alliance with the Nazi regime have wiped the Hess story from the front pages.

The Chief topics of conversation this morning are what is likely to happen to French possessions on either side of the South Atlantic, namely Martinique, French Guiana and Darkar, in whose fate the United States is naturally very interested.

The French action has come as a distinct shock to the public as well as the Administration and brought here a new realisation how close and important the war is to the United States.

SHOCK TO AMERICANS

Roosevelt's Reference

President Roosevelt has made a reference to the policy of the Vichy Government, particularly concerning recent developments in Syria. He said that the policy of the United States towards France had so far been based on the terms of the Franco-German Armistice and the assurance by the Head of the State that it was not his intention to collaborate with Germany in contravention of the provisions of the Armistice. Recent developments, however, indicated the virtual acceptance by the French Government of an alliance with Germany. This nation, the President said, could hardly believe that the French Government should consent to a policy of a political alliance with Germany against the French Empire, which might become a threat to the peace and security of the Western Hemisphere.

MESSAGE TO FRENCHMEN

President Roosevelt's statement to-day was transmitted without delay to French listeners over shortwave radio. The President said that the American people can hardly believe that the French Government would "lend itself to a plan of voluntary alliance" that would apparently deliver up France and its Colonial Empire.

WHAT SURRENDER MEANS

The surrender of French African colonies and their Atlantic coasts would be "a menace to the peace and security of the Western Hemisphere". It is inconceivable that the people of France "will willingly accept any agreement for so-called collaboration which will in reality imply their alliance with a military power whose central and fundamental policy calls for utter destruction of liberty, freedom and popular institutions everywhere".

VICHY'S ASSURANCE

The policy of the United States Government in its relations with the French Government had been based on the terms of the Armistice between Germany and France and on the recognition of certain limitations imposed on the French Government by this Armistice. "Furthermore", added President Roosevelt, "we have had an assurance given by the Head of the French State on behalf of his Government that it did not intend to agree to any collaboration with Germany which went beyond the requirements of that Armistice Agreement".

At the same time as President Roosevelt's announcement, the United States Coastguard Headquarters announced that all French ships in United States harbours, including "Normandie", had been placed under armed guard.—Reuter.

U. S. COAST GUARDS ON FRENCH SHIPS

WASHINGTON, May 16.

United States Coast Guards have been placed on ten French ships in American ports, by order of the United States Navy. Among the vessels affected is the "Normandie" now lying in the New York harbour.—Reuter.

Japanese Repulsed

Chinese Claim Big Victory On Two Fronts

LONDON, May 16.

Chinese field despatches from the Hupeh Front claim that a Japanese offensive launched on the east and west banks of the Han River has been repulsed with 10,000 casualties and the Japanese forces attacking Chinese positions in Tahung mountains are retiring to their original positions prior to the offensive launched on May 8.

JAPANESE CLAIM

TOKYO:—A claim that Japanese forces in South Shensi and Northern Honan Provinces have dealt a heavy blow to Chungking troops is made in Japanese field despatches.

The dispatches state that the Chinese Fifth Group Army has been "decimated" and over 7,000 prisoners have been taken.

THREAT TO EAST INDIES

A stern attitude towards the Netherlands East Indies is taken by the Metropolitan Press discussing the progress of parleys at Batavia for closer economic co-operation between Japan and the Netherlands East Indies.

The "Yomiuri Shimbun" brands the assertion that some percentage of N. E. I. products purchased by Japan finds its way to Axis Powers as a pretext and declares that the N. E. I. authorities are merely playing for time.

The newspaper urges the N. E. I. to "reconsider its attitude" and co-operate in bringing the Conference to an amicable conclusion "especially in view of the inevitable consequence which would follow."

The "Chungai Shogyo" warns the N. E. I. that "history in some cases never repeats itself.—Reuter.

Tremendous Disappointment

The "Washington Post" discussing President Roosevelt's eleventh hour appeal to the people of France to prevent the Petain Government joining Hitler, says that Marshal Petain is venerated in France, but he is making a huge draft on faith in addressing Frenchmen in this dictatorial strain. It would be revolution, adds the newspaper, even if the Hero of Verdun could get the French people, used to thinking of themselves, to think for him.

However it is not generally expected that President Roosevelt's appeal to Frenchmen will succeed where Mr. Churchill's failed last year. The American policy for some time has been based on the theory that France or at least the Empire must be brought back into the Allied Camp as a fighting partner and American failure to bring this about is a measure of the tremendous disappointment felt in official circles.

R.A.F. Bombers Visit Berlin & Hanover

LONDON, May 16.

An Air Ministry "communique" on the subject of British raids on Germany on Thursday night says "Hanover was the main objective of a strong force of aircraft of the bomber command last night. Large fires were started in the industrial quarters of the town. some of our heavy bombers also visited Berlin and objectives in Hamburg and Cuxhaven were attacked as well as docks in Calais, Boulogne and Dieppe.

Four of our aircraft are missing from all these operations. Aircraft of the coastal command last night attacked docks and shipping at Saint Nazaire and L'Orient Other aircraft attacked docks at Ijmuiden. From these operations none of our aircraft is missing.

GERMAN RAIDS ON BRITAIN.

Although reports of bombing were received from areas as far apart as the southwest of England and the east coast of Scotland, German raids on Britain on Thursday night were on a relatively light scale. Nowhere was there any concentrated attack and incidents were generally confined to coastal areas. London had a short alert some hours after midnight but no bombs are reported to have been dropped in any part of the Capital. The Air Ministry 'communique' on Friday morning reports "bombs were dropped at several scattered points mostly in coastal areas. Some damage was done at one or two places on the coast and at one point there were a small number of casualties."

RAID ON CONVOY OF AXIS SHIPS.

Pilots who participated in yesterday's bombing raid on a convoy of axis ships off the Frisian Islands during which three vessels were set afire reported to-day

(Continued on Page 7.)

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these

Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our

scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY

is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE

are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure cor-

rect insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

1. PERSONAL ADLETS.

Why lonely? Ladies—Gentlemen join "Ciso", world renowned Institution for interesting Pen and Personal Friendship, Companionship, Matrimony, Partnership Journalism, Trade, Occupation Correspondence, Exchange of views, Stamps, Snaps and other hobbies. Write to Promoter, The Cosmopolitan Introduction Society, Post Box 4512, Bombay 8. Enclose for reply a self-addressed envelope. (14567)

Ladies, Gentlemen, any nationality or community, desiring introductions for social advancement, friendship, companionship, matrimony, partnership, occupation promotion, hobbies correspondence exchange views, stamps; snaps, write to The Mutual Social Circle enclosing stamped (2 annas stamp) and self-addressed envelope for reply. Post Box 87, Bombay. Promoter of Social Contacts Madame Sorel. (14572)

3. LOST AND FOUND

Lost.—Lost a Leather Bag containing some cloths and Account Books of Diamond Alfred Broadway and Hurricane Talkies in the Railway Compartment of Kathiawar Mail Between Baroda and Dadar on the night of Wednesday 7th May, 1941. Whoever finds it to communicate on the following address:—Mr. Kalim B. Mehta, C|o. Diamond Talkies, Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4. (14563)

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted—fair, well educated Bride of respectable connections, for young Engineer of 28, from Bengal. Highly connected, in Govt. Service—drawing 200. No caste restriction—Civil Marriage. Apply Box No. 14561 "Bombay Chronicle."

Pen-Friend Club. Exchange, expand, develop ideas on whatever your hobby. Details Free. Societe Universe, 638|0, Nanabhai Lane, Bombay. (14569)

Introductions for Matrimony, Friendship, Trade, other 431 hobbies arranged by Globe Introduction League of Agra and Hyderabad, Dn. Central Office 3442, Chhili-Int, Agra. Members 11244 (both). Secretary, Mrs. Shaabdane. (14565)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Bombay junior foreman experienced Structural Workshops, reply Box Office No. 5058, "Bombay Chronicle," stating experience.

Wanted experienced Stenographer. Apply Mukand Iron & Steel Works, Ltd., Jahangir Wadia Building, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay. (14571)

Ladies Dressmaker wanted (male or female) for fine work. Also girl making embroidery and fine needlework. Permanent job for good worker. See Mrs. B. H. Raff. Ground Floor, Pil Court, Queens Road, between 1—4 P.M. (14573)

Wanted from June next for Sarva Vidyalaya High School, Kadi and village schools, experienced B.T.s, B.Sc.s and trained matrics with respective salaries of Rs. 60 to 90 Rs. 45 to 60 and Rs. 35 to 55. Apply to the Principal Sarva Vidyalaya High School, Kadi, (Baroda State) with full particulars. (5003)

Wanted a Tracer-Draftsman thoroughly familiar with mechanical as well as civil engineering drawing. Must be accurate and hard-working. Salary Rs. 45|- to 50|- according to qualifications. Apply with details of qualifications, past experience and references to Box No. 14557, "Bombay Chronicle."

M.T.B. College, Surat—Applications, stating age, qualification experience and minimum salary expected, for the posts of Lecturers in (1) Sanskrit, (2) French and (3) Biology should reach the Principal before 1st June. Applicants should have Master's degree with at least Second Class. The appointments will be up to 31st March 1942 in the first instance. (4955)

Wanted Agency Superintendents, Inspectors and Organisers on liberal rates of pay and commission, to fill several new posts created as a result of Warden's new scheme of Nation-wide intensive organisation. Apply at once (Local candidates personally) stating full particulars of qualifications, experience and centres of influence, to the Agency Manager, Warden Insurance Co., Ltd., Warden House, Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay. (5015)

For South Indian Education Society's High School, Brahmanwada Road, Matunga, Bombay, B.A.L.T. in Mathematics; B.A.L.T. in Sanskrit; B.A.L.T. in Natural Science; B.A.L.T. in French; Inter-trained, strong in Malayalam; Salary 60-125 for B.A.L.Ts and Rs. 50-90 for Inter-trained: Higher start may be offered in special cases: Apply with full details stating age, experience and other details so as to reach the Hon. Secretary before 25th May, 1941; Teachers trained at the Khandevli Physical Eudcation Institute preferred. (4969)

56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS

Wanted suitable post to an experienced young man conversant with office routine. Please write to Mr. N. H. Joshi, 9th Khetwadi Lane, Haji Alarakhia Building A. Block, Room No. 11, Bombay 4.

140. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Calcutta Dental College & Hospital, 114, Lower Circular Road, Calcutta. Recognised by the Government of Bengal. Matriculates admitted and prepared for State Medical Faculty dental diploma. Session begins in July. Apply for Prospectus to Principal enclosing anna Stamp. (5013)

191. MEDICAL ADLETS

Scientific Sex Determination and Sex Control. Graduate with thorough knowledge open to engagement in advisory capacity. Apply Box No. 14548. Bombay Chronicle."

303. MACHINERY WANTED

Wanted: Alternating current generating set 3,300 Volts, three phase 50 cycles Diesel oil or Gas engine complete with Gas producer about 250 H. P. Suitable separate engines and alternators may be quoted too. No. 5050, "Bombay Chronicle."

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted: Reliable, Energetic and Influential District Agents for canvassing orders for Nilgiri Teas, Quality Flavour etc. Commission 17 1|2 per cent. Annual Bonus Rs. 500- Apply for Terms and Conditions Post Box 71, Mettupalaiyam. (Nilgiris). (14568)

652. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Advertiser desires to sell Promissory Notes upto Rs. 1,000. State terms. Box No. 14570, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

WANTED

WANTED one fan Multibane type like Sturtevant No. 7, capacity 12,000 to 14,000 C.F.M. working at 1-1/2 inches Static Pressure and at temperature of 250 deg. F and above, complete with one Motor 10 H.P. to drive the same.

One Stove with crude oil Burner (like Rays) complete, capacity 9,500 B.T.U. per minute.

The electric supply available at site is 3 Phase 50 cycles A.C. 440 Volts.

Please quote separately for the above items to the Agricultural Officer, N.-W. F. Province, P.O. Tarnab Farm (Peshawar).

AGRICULTURAL OFFICER,
North-West Frontier Province.

(5049)

SHA HURGOVAN ANANDJI DESAI'S FREE BOARDING INSTITUTION.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED so as to reach the undersigned on or before WEDNESDAY, the 21st May, 1941, from High Caste Hindu male-students who have passed their School Leaving Examination or such other Examinations as would qualify them from prosecuting their studies in Technical subjects at the Victoria J. T. Institute or the subjects of Teaching (Bachelor of Teaching and Diploma in Teaching), Medicine, (L.C.P.S., M.B.B.S. and L.D.S, Courses after passing inter Science) Veterinary Science and such subjects as are taught at the Bombay School of Arts and for Radio and Cinema Projectionist Course and who desire to prosecute their studies but cannot do owing to want of means. Applications from those who want to study for the Arts, Law, Commerce and Science, Degrees of the University are NOT invited

Printed forms of application can be had by sending an envelope containing applicant's full address with one anna and a quarter postage stamps or on personal application.

Applicants are strictly forbidden from bringing any pressure or recommendation personally on the Trustees by Letters or otherwise, violation of this will be a disqualification.

MANILAL K. DESAI,
Secretary,
Sha Hurgovan Anandji Desai's Charities Trust Office,
Corner Pinjrapole Street,
Bombay 4.

(4922)

INDIAN STORES DEPARTMENT

TENDER NOTICE

THE CHIEF CONTROLLER of Stores, Indian Stores Department (Textiles Section) New Delhi, invites tenders for the stores detailed below.

TENDER NO. Sy|X-1|12251|TX-1

DESCRIPTION

Towels Hand conforming to Specification No. C. S. 179.

DELIVERY

Quote for your maximum monthly production commencing from May and completing end September. Also state the date when the initial supply will be ready.

Tender sets can be had free of charge on application. All new parties who are not on the approved list of this Department should invariably give a Bank reference.

Tenders will be received up to the 22nd May, 1941.

*Samples against this tender are required to be submitted to the Chief Inspector of Stores and Clothing, Cawnpore and this office by the 21st May, 1941.

(5029)

Public Notices

THE MAHOMED HAJI SABOO SIDDIK INSTITUTION

"The new Term of the Mahomed Haji Saboo Siddik Institution will begin from the 9th June, 1941. Applications are invited from candidates desirous of joining the Institution. Instructions are given in the following courses:—

	Courses.	Minimum Qualification for admission	Minimum age for admission.	Duration of Courses.
1.	Mechanic (Turning, Fitting, Smithy, Pattern Making and Casting.)	IV Vernacular	16 years	3 years
2.	Oxy-acetylene and Electric Arc Welding.	IV Vernacular	17 years.	1 year
3	Weaving	IV Vernacular	16 years	2 years
4	Motor Mechanic (including driving)	IV Do.	18 years	1-1|2 years
5	Radio Engineering	VII English	16 years	1-1|2 years
6	Electric Wiring	IV Vernacular	18 years	1 year
7	Commercial Art Painting	IV Do.	14 years	1 year

The applicants must be Muslims. There is no hostel attached to the Institution. Scholarships will be given to the poor, deserving students. The printed application forms can be had from the Secretary, Mahomed Haji Saboo Siddik Institution, Shepherd Road, Byculla, Bombay. All applications for admission must reach the Secretary before the 31st of May, 1941. Applications received after that date will not be accepted."

(5041)

G. I. P. RAILWAY

ADVERTISEMENTS

IN

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A LARGE NUMBER OF OUR PASSENGERS ARE PEOPLE WITH MONEY TO SPEND

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G. I. P. RAILWAY

Rate Circulars

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR, viz., Special Rate Circular No. 2 (Coaching) of 1941, is being issued today.

Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, or stations.

(5057)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 1628 of 1938

NATHMAL CHELLAJI SHAH .. Plaintiff.

vs.

GIRDHARLAL GOVINDJI & Others .. Defendants.

and Counterclaim of the 4th Defendant.

Messrs. NATHUJI TEKAJI .. Plaintiffs to Counterclaim.

vs.

NATHMAL CHELLAJI & Others .. Defendants to Counterclaim.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 18th June, 1940, and Judge's Order, dated 14th February, 1941, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at the premises on Thursday, 29th May, 1941, at 4 P.M. (S.T.)

PARTICULARS

ALL that piece of Quit and Ground Rent land or ground (since redeemed) with the dwelling house thereon at Khumbarwada Street of Bombay, admeasuring 136 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector New No. 8997, Survey No. 4872, Cadastral Survey No. 3025, Bhuleshwar Division and Municipal C Ward No. 7572, Street Nos. 213-15.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. THAKORDAS & MADGAVKAR, Attorneys for the 3rd Defendants abovenamed at Fort Chambers, Dean Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 16th day of April, 1941.

ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.

(5027)

INDIAN MERCANTILE MARINE

TRAINING SHIP "DUFFERIN"

APPLICATIONS for admission to the Executive and Engineering Courses commencing on January 10, 1942, are invited from candidates between 13 years 8 months and 16 years of age on 15th January, 1942, so as to reach the undersigned by the 15TH SEPTEMBER, 1941, at the latest.

The public qualifying Examination will take place at various centres in India from 3rd to 5th November, 1941. Successful candidates will be interviewed by the Governing Body in Bombay in January, 1942.

Successful applicant must produce his last school transfer certificate within one month of joining.

The illustrated prospectus, containing the application form, specimen examination papers, etc., may be had from the undersigned on prepayment of annas 12|- by Money Order, and also from the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi.

R. C. G. McCLEMENT,
Capt. R. I. N.,
Secretary, Governing Body,
I.M.M.T.S. "Dufferin",
Mazagaon Pier, Bombay 10.

(4928)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. ARDESHIR NAMDAR IRANI has contracted to sell to our client the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against the said property by way of sale, mortgage, transfer, lease, exchange, gift, trust, inheritance, possession, lien or otherwise howsoever, is or are requested to make the same known in writing to us at our Office at Lentin Chambers Dalal Street, Fort, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to any such claim, and the same, if any, shall be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with the buildings and erections standing thereon being Plots Nos. 1 and 2 (now amalgamated into one plot) of the Chanda Ramji Press Estate known as Namdar Manzil containing by admeasurement 2277 square yards or thereabouts situate, lying and being at Colaba in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay and formerly bearing Collector's Cadastral Survey Nos. 316 (part) 317, 1|317 and 318 of Colaba Division and now bearing Cadastral Survey No. 1|318 of Colaba Division and forming part of a larger piece of land or ground bearing Collector's New Nos. 15901 & 15902, New Survey Nos. 1|9565 and 3|9565 and bounded as follows: that is to say, on or towards the North partly by Plot No. 3A and partly by Plot No. 3B of the said Estate, on or towards the South by 40 ft. proposed Road, on or towards the West partly by Plot No. 5 and partly by Plot No. 6 of the said Estate and on or towards the East by Colaba Causeway Road and the buildings thereon are assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes of the Bombay Municipality under A Ward No. 455 and Street Nos. 46 and 48.

Dated this 16th day of May, 1941.

MATUBHAI JAMIETRAM & MADAN,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(5059)

Public Notices

NOTICE

INDIAN STORES DEPARTMENT TENDER NOTICE

The CONTROLLER OF PURCHASE, Indian Stores Department, Bombay invites tenders for the supply of Naval brass bar rounds to the Naval Store Officer, H. M. I. N. Dockyard, Bombay.

Tender form No. MP/BH. 5367 may be obtained from him on payment in cash of Rs. 6 per set (not refundable). Tenders will be opened at 12 noon on 2-6-1941.

(5055)

NOTICE

IT IS NOTIFIED that admission to the Clerical Service examination of the Military Accounts Department to be held on the 7th and 8th July, 1941, as previously announced, is also open to those candidates who have appeared in their University examinations but are awaiting results. Their appointment in the Department will however be dependent on their being declared successful in the University examination in which they have appeared.

(5051)

NOTICE

The SHARE SCRIP No. 157 representing Shares Nos. 8513 to 8537 of THE MYSORE CHROME TANNING COMPANY, LTD., standing in the name of Jamshed Burjor Aga has been LOST or MISPLACED. All persons having any claim on the said shares are requested to intimate the same to the above Company at their Registered Office at Mysore Road, Bangalore, within one month from the date of this notice, after which date no claim will be considered and duplicate Share scrip will be issued to him.

Bombay, 17th May, 1941.

(14566)

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

Suit No. 329 of 1941

ABRAHAM EZRA ISAAC MANSOOR, of Bombay Jew Inhabitant, residing at Colaba, within the Fort of Bombay. ..... Plaintiff

versus

(1) SHAMJI PASSOO, (2) UMERSEY HIRJI and (3) Bai LAXMIBAI, wife of Shamji Passoo, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, residing at Ghatkopar without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Defendants.

To

UMERSEY HIRJI, Esqr.,

2nd Defendant abovenamed.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that the Plaintiff abovenamed has filed the above suit against yourself and two other Defendants for recovery of the amount of Rs. 22,133|6|3 as on 1st December, 1940 due and payable under an Indenture of Mortgage, dated the 22nd day of January, 1937, herein with compound interest thereon at the rate of annas eight per cent per Gujrati month with monthly rests until the date fixed for payment and further interest at 6 per cent per annum until payment, costs of the suit with interest, for declaration that the immovable property of Bai Laxmibai Defendant No. 3 particularly described in Ex. 'A' to the plaint has been validly mortgaged by way of equitable mortgage to the Plaintiff to secure payment of the amount under the mortgage, that the said property be sold under the directions of the Honourable Court, for injunction and for Receiver etc. You are hereby summoned to appear in this Court on the 4th day of June, 1941, at eleven O'clock (S.T.) in forenoon and TAKE FURTHER NOTICE that in default of your appearance on the day aforesaid the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Witness SIR JOHN WILLIAM FISHER BEAUMONT, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay aforesaid this 15th day of March, 1941.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR,
For Prothonotary & Senior Master.

Sealed.

(Sd.) K. K. DASTUR.

The 15th day of March, 1941.

Messrs. PATHARE & LILADHAR,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.

15-5-1941.

(5048)

Public Notices

THE KANJI KHETSEY CHHATRALAYA

(FREE BOARDING FOR GUJARATI LADY STUDENTS)

There will be a few vacancies in the above Chhatralaya. Those Gujarati Hindu Lady Students who have passed or appeared at the Matric or higher examinations and desire to prosecute their studies further but are unable to do so for want of means should apply for admission before 5-6-41 to the undersigned on the printed forms which will be sent on receiving postage.

UTTAMRAM AMBARAM, B.A., LL.B.,
Secretary, The Kanji Khetsey Charities.

6b, Mint Road, Fort,
Bombay, 3-5-41.

(5000)

Legal Notices

NOTICE FOR SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. MANECKJI HORMUSJI GAZDAR has agreed to sell to my client the property particulars of which are as under:—

All that piece or parcel of land, admeasuring about 855 square yards situate in a Scheme of Santa Cruz known as Maneckji Gazdar's Private Scheme of Santa Cruz in Village Danda, Taluka South Salsette in Bombay Suburban District, bearing Survey No. 367, Hissa No. 1(part) now being Plot No. 15 of Block B, bounded on the North by Plot No. 16 of Block B, on the South by Plot No. 14 of Block B, on the East by Plot No. 6 of Block B and on the West by a Road 40 feet wide, together with all the buildings, structures, trees, wells, watercourses and all other appurtenances and easements attached thereto.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his Office at Nalgaum Cross Road at Dadar (East) within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

Dated at Bombay this 15th day of May, 1941.

V. R. NAVALKAR, B.A., LL.B.,
Purchaser's Advocate.

(5046)

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that THE GREAT EASTERN LIFE ASSURANCE CO., LTD. has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client, free from incumbrances.

THAT any person or persons having any claim, right, title, and interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, charge, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease, easement or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 36, Tamarind Lane, Tamarind House, Fort, Bombay, within FOURTEEN DAYS from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL that piece or parcel of Fazandari land, containing by admeasurement 2152 square feet or thereabouts (249 square yards) be the same more or less and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 3662 together with the messuage, tenement or building standing thereon assessed by the Municipality of Bombay under B Ward No. 2347 and formerly under Street Nos 62-64 and now under Street Nos 25-27 all which premises are situate at and on the North side of Piroo Havaldar Street at Bombay in the Registration Sub District of Bombay and which bear Cadastral Survey No. 1918 Mandvi Division and are bounded, on or towards the East by the Oart of Rahimtoola, on or towards the West by the house of Memon Yenias, on or towards the North by the stables of Mahomed Burkhas and on or towards the South by the Piroo Havaldar Street.

Bombay dated this 16th day of May, 1941.

GHULAMALI NOORANI & CO.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(5053)

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Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. DADI COWASJI PANDAY, of Bombay Parsi Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to one of our clients free from encumbrances.

ALL persons having any claims against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, share, partition, maintenance, easement, possession, assignment or otherwise howsoever are required to make the same known in writing to the Assessor and Collector of Bombay Municipality or the Collector of Bombay and the Purchaser's Solicitors at their Office at the undermentioned address within fourteen days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claims and the same (if any) will be considered to have been waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Freehold land or ground together with the messuages tenements or buildings standing thereon situate lying and being without the Fort of Bombay, on the East side of Ghorupdeo Road, in the Island and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement two thousand and seven Square Yards or thereabouts and bounded, on or towards the East by Plot No. 7 formerly belonging to Kaikhushru Dorabji Panday as administrator of the estate of his late wife Bai Gulbai and now belonging to Behram Sheriar Irani, on or towards the West by the said Ghorupdeo Road, on or towards the North by Plot No. 2 formerly belonging to the said Kaikhushru Dorabji Panday as such administrator as aforesaid and now belonging to the said Behram Sheriar Irani and on or towards the South by the property of the Trustees of Seth Haji Yusuf Mahomed Suleman Charities and which said piece of land forms part of land registered by the Collector of Bombay under New Survey No. 3714 and bears Cadastral Survey No. 7643 of Mazagaon Division and all which premises are assessed by the Municipality of Bombay in the E Ward under Ward No. 7785, Street Nos. 275 to 287, Ward No. 7792, Street No. 273 and Ward No. 7793, Street No. 7.

Dated this 17th day of May, 1941.

MINOCHEHER MANCHERSHAH HIRALAL & CO.,
Purchaser's Solicitors,
41-45, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay
(5040)

NOTICE

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.
ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.
Suit No. 1292 of 1940.

RAMJI MOTICHAND ... Plaintiff.
Vs.
VASANT NARAYAN HAJARE and others. ..... Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Consent Decree, dated 11th day of September, 1940, the following immovable property will be sold by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his Office in the Court House on 30th May, 1941, at 3 p.m. (S. T.).

PARTICULARS.

All that piece of land with the dwelling house thereon on the Northern Side of Cowasji Patel Tank Road admeasuring 157 7/9 square yards or thereabouts and bearing No. 2207/9287, New Survey No. 5181, Cadastral Survey No. 3117 Bhuleshwar Division and Municipal C Ward No. 6495, Street Nos. 84-86.

For further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the office of Messrs. PURNANAND and JASUBHAI, Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at 2nd Floor, Fort Chambers C Tamarind Lane, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 26th day of March, 1941.

(Sd.) ARMAND F. SEQUEIRA,
Commissioner.
(5024)

Auction Sales

EASTERN AUCTION CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) at 15A, Sane Sauci Bungalow, Hill Road, Near Bandra Police Court, BANDRA of complete Bungalow furniture, H.M.V. Gramophone, Singer Machine, Safe, Double Mirror door steel Cabinet, Cottage Piano, Corona Portable Typewriter, Chesterfield sets, Ice Box. Bronze Figures, Hall Carpets, Rajvanshi Zula with E. Lights, Wardrobes, A.C. & D.C. Fans, Electric Heater, Dining table & Chairs. Show cases etc., Property of An European Gentleman and Others. On View.

Auction Sales

THE SALE OF 547 BALES GUNTUR TOBACCO in Suit No. 327 of 1940 (Bhagwatsen Purshotumdas Ganjawalla v/s Gaddam Kameswara Rao and Others) will take place TO-MORROW the 18th inst. at 4 P.M. at Ganjawalla's Bungalow, Mandpashwer Road, Borivli, as previously advertised.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.
123, Medows Street, BOMBAY.

CRAWFORD & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF PROPERTIES SITUATE AT AHMEDNAGAR, RATNAGIRI DIST., TALUKA JUNNAR, KATHIAWAR, DIST., MARWAR, JAMNAGAR, UDAIPUR, JODHPUR, BHORE STATE AND GOA.

By order of the Official Assignee of Bombay, the right, title and interest of undermentioned insolvents in their properties, will be sold by Public Auction on WEDNESDAY, 28th May, 1941, at 2 p.m. (S.T.) at auctioneer's rooms 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

LOT 1.—Insolvent R. P. Kasulwar's one house No. 1638, S No. 1776 at Zenda Gate, Ahmednagar.

LOT 2.—Insolvent Vasudeo Mahadeo Bhat's share in joint family Property at Shirgaon, Dist. Ratnagiri.

LOT 3.—Insolvent Krishnaji D. Joshi's one house at Arvy, Taluka Junnar, Dist. Poona.

LOT 4.—Insolvent Devji Rama Jadhav's one house at Mira, Dist. Ratnagiri.

LOT 5.—Insolvent Jamnadas Jivraj Bhatia's share in houses in Mochi Bazar, Lohar Street, Matvapada St., and Chandani Chakla at Jamkhambhalia in Kathiawar.

LOT 6.—Insolvent Mulshankar Lalji Joshi's share in ancestral house at Lavadia village in Jamnagar State.

LOT 7.—Insolvents Kesrimal Jesraj Shah, Seshmal Jesraj Shah and Pukhraj Jesraj Shah's share in one shop at Ghanerao, Dist. Marwar.

LOT 8.—Insolvent Narsi Bhalaji Bhat's share in a house at Riyawaw, Jodhpur State.

LOT 9.—Insolvent Mohanlal Shivlal's Share in two storied building at Dabok in Udaipur State.

LOT 10.—Insolvent Sabastian Joseph P. N. Mendonca's share in properties situate at Golvale and known as (1) Vonvolinchem Batto (2) Malecant Rachem Batto (3) Valcho Sorvo (4) Durgachem Batto (5) Gorbatta (6) One house at Colval and (7) Paddy fields "Macasana" at Dargolim, Dist. Parnem.

LOT 11.—Insolvents Laxman Gajanan Kulkarni, Kesav Gajanan Kulkarni and Vaijnath Gajanan Kulkarni's (A) "Gajanan Geha" house and (B) 1/5th share in family's undivided common property "Kulkarni Garden" at Pali, Taluka Sudhagad, Bhore State.

For further particulars apply to

AUCTION SALE OF LANDS SITUATE AT KOCHRE, TQ. VENGURLA, DIST. RATNAGIRI.

Under instructions from the Official Assignee of Bombay and assignee of the estate and effects of the Insolvent Narayan Waman Rangnekar, Messrs. CRAWFORD & CO., Auctioneers will sell by public auction on Tuesday 27th May, 1941, at 3-0 p.m. (S.T.) at their rooms at 122, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, the right, title and interest of the insolvent abovenamed in the lands bearing various survey numbers situate at Kochre, Tq. Vengurla, Dist. Ratnagiri.

For further particulars apply to

CRAWFORD & CO.

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF SAFETY, TIP-TOP, PRIMUS AND GAS STOVES, MANTLES, PETROMAX, LAMPS, LATHES AND MACHINERY, RADIOS, ETC.

Under instructions from the Sun Electro Gilder and Brass Metal Manufacturers, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction on THURSDAY the 22nd May, 1941, at 3 P.M. (S.T.) at the premises of the abovementioned Co. at Bellasis Road opposite the Alexandra Cinema the undermentioned:—

Safety stoves single and double Tiptop stoves large and small, Blue lamps, Primus jewel stoves, Gas stoves, Petromax 800 C.P. Ceiling lamps, Nickel plated forks, Lathes, Drilling machines, Saw machines, Pipes bending and threading machines, Slauter machines, Buff machines, Mincing machines, Carbide tanks, Soldering machines, Empty tool bags, Gas mantles, Radios, Hydraulic press, etc.

On view 4 days before sale.
Terms:—25 per cent deposit.

AUCTION SALE OF ABOUT 233 BAGS OF CHINA CLAY.

Under instructions from the party concerned, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will sell by public auction on FRIDAY, 23rd May, 1941, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) the following lying in the godown at Worli near Love Grove pumping station:—

About 233 Bags China Clay each containing about 2 cwts., approximate 23 tons.

On view from the 21st.
Terms—Cash.

BENNETT & CO.

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.
Government Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF 80/100, 50/60 AND 40/50 GALLONS EMPTY DRUMS, EMPTY TINS, PACKING CASES, GUNNY PIECES, SCRAP IRON ETC., AT GOVERNMENT MEDICAL STORES, BYCULLA.

By order of The Director of Contracts, Army Head Quarters, Simla, Messrs. GANDHI & CO. Auctioneers will offer for sale by Public Auction on Monday 19th May, 1941, at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Government Medical Stores, Bellasis Road, Byculla:—

Empty Drums of 80/100, 50/60 and 40/50 & 5 Gallons and of 1 & 4 Cwts., Square and round Tins, Packing Cases, Carboys, Tins lining, Gunny pieces, Scrap iron, etc.

Terms:—Cash.

GANDHI & CO.

KEEP COOL IN THIS SCORCHING HEAT BY USING

The India Fan

the most ideal fan for homes and all other places where fans are an absolute necessity.

SILENT IN WORKING AND ECONOMICAL IN RUNNING COST.

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A. G GRAY,
Manager.

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A Specific for Diabetes Eliminates sugar most admirably and reduces specific gravity as well as number times of urination. With suitable vehicles, thickens vital fluid and cures impotency
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MOTHURAMOHAN MUKHOPADHYAYA CHAKRAVARTY, B.A
—:Proprietors:—
Mothuramohan, Phanindra Mohan & late Lalmohan Mukhopadhyaya Chakravarty.

ON THE AIR

SATURDAY, MAY 17.

Bombay I & II Programmes

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

7-30 to 8-5 a.m. As in Delhi 2. 8-5 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Delhi 2. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 to 9-20 As in Delhi 2. 9-20 A.R.P. Talk.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

12 noon to 12-57 p.m. As in Delhi 2. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 to 1-30 As in Delhi 2. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 to 2 As in Delhi 2.

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)
41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

From 7-30 Bombay 2 will operate on 31.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 p.m. To-morrow. 5-5 Indian music. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Indian music. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 to 7 Variety programme. 7 to 7-15 News review in Konkani. 7-25 Local news and announcements. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 Indian music. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Indian music. 8-45 Instrumental music. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 to 10-45 As in Delhi 2.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Gordhan Das. 5-15 Sadiq Ali Khan. 5-30 Benazirbai. 5-45 Barkat Ali Khan. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 Ashiq Husain. 6-30 Ramzan Khan. 6-45 Bhagti Ras Ke Gane. 7 Benazirbai. 7-15 Raftar-i-Zamana. 7-30 Barkat Ali Khan. 7-50 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 8 The Tiger Hunt. 8-15 For village only. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Two skits. 10-15 Ashiq Husain. 10-30 Sadiq Ali Khan. 10-45 News in English.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

5 p.m. Running commentary on the I.F.A. Football League match. 6-5 Chhabirani Chatterjee. 6-20 News in Bengali. 6-25 News in English. 6-30 For the rural and industrial areas. 6-50 Leelabai. 7 Molina Bose. 7-10 Leelabai. 7-30 Molina Bose. 7-45 Rupabarta. 8-5 Sunil Kumar Roy. 8-20 Rupabarta. 8-40 Announcements in Bengali. 8-40 News in Bengali. 9 How do you like these? 9-15 Announcements in English. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Tangos and Rhumbas.

Madras I—Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. For women. 4-30 Your programme. 5 Shrimati Krishnaveni. 5-45 Bhajans. 6 News in English. 6-5 Shrimati K. V. Janaki. 6-30 Orchestral variety. 7 Moving forward. 7-10 Sri Hare Karuna. 7-15 Commercial news. 7-20 News in Telugu. 7-35 News in Tamil. 7-50 Chittoor Subramania Pillai. 9 Victims of Axis Aggression. 3. 9-10 Interlude. 9-15 Local news and announcements. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Topical talk.

NEWS REVIEW

There will be a news review in Konkani from 7 p.m. to 7-15 p.m.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Madras Mail	.....	6-00
Peshawar Express	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail via Nagpur	8-55	18-10
Calcutta Mail via Chheoki	9-30	20-15
Madras Express	10-15	14-30
Poona Mail	10-30	17-30
Punjab Mail	11-30	17-40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Express	19-30	08-05
Allahabad Express	20-25	07-00
Poona Fast Passenger	21-45	12-10

B. B. & C. I. Railway.
(Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.)

	Arr. H.M.	Dep. H.M.
Ahmedabad Passenger	5-35	13-05
Delhi Express	6-00	22-15
Gujarat Mail	7-25	22-00
Kathiawar Mail	5-50	21-30
Frontier Mail	8-15 (Mon)	21-15 (Sat)
The Flying Ranee, Buisar	*9-15	15-35
The Flying Ranee, Surat	*9-48	15-10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10-58	00-00
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)	00-00	13-05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14-15	22-30
Kathiawar Express	19-05	8-45
Baroda Passenger	20-48	9-00

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, these trains will run on Tuesday.

PRECIOUS METALS

Bombay: May 16.

The following are the weekly quotations for the Precious Metals:—

	Per cent.	Per tola
Platinum Elephant Brand	100	Rs. 68
Platinum Elephant Brand	97	Rs. 67
Platinum Anchor Brand	25	Rs. 20
Palladium	100	Rs. 50
Iridium	100	Rs. 200
Osmium	100	Rs. 70
Ruthenium	100	Rs. 90
Rhodium	100	Rs. 250

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay: May 16.

Yellow Metal Sheet .....Rs. 74/0
Copper Sheets .....Rs. 79/12
Tone:—Dull.

PEPPER & GINGER.

Bombay: May 16.

The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.:—

	Rs.	as.	ps.
Pepper ready Alleppey per candy	85	0	0
Pepper Jeth Sud 15 per candy	84	8	0
Pepper Bhadarva Sud 15 per candy	87	8	0
Ginger bleached ready per cwt	17	0	0

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay: May 16.

Yarn No.	June	August	October
6 1/2s.	137	138	139
10 1/2s.	150	151	152
20 1/2s.	223	225	225½
40s.	325	327	329

LINSEED & WHEAT.

Bombay: May 16.

Linseed May	.....	5	4 6
Linseed September	.....	5	7 9
Wheat May	.....	4	0 3
Wheat September	.....	4	2 9

WALL-STREET MARKET

Bombay: May 14.

The Wall-Street market eased on Thursday in all divisions, Steels leading the retreat, while other pivotals were not resistant with the persistence of Labour deadlock in Coal, Motor Car and Shipping Industries. U. S. Steel shares closed 1 3/4 down at 51 3/4 and Anaconda Copper Mining shares were 5/8 down at 24 1/2 dollars.

Long Liquidation On N. Y. Cotton Exchange

MARKET AWAITS PRESIDENTIAL ACTION ON LOAN LEGISLATION

Labour Deadlock In Some Industries

BOMBAY May 16.

On Thursday cotton buyers were hesitant on the New York Cotton Exchange awaiting Presidential action on loan legislation.

Bombay: May 16.

The Senate approved the Bill of 85 per cent parity loan is now sent to President Roosevelt for action. Some members of the Congress believe that veto is possible, but the markets consider 85 per cent loan virtually certain.

The market is looking for maximum loan of 85 per cent, but it remains to be seen whether the same will be granted. So far there is no official comment and while it is difficult to form any reliable opinion, we think it unwise to buy at present prices after a rise of about 200 pts and particularly when the market is overbought.

As soon as the question of loan will be settled, the market attention will be diverted to crop progress. Thus it will be a weather market.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton futures market opened steady on Thursday and fluctuated nervously. There was trade, Bombay and replacement buying which encountered spot house and Southern selling against previous day's heavy spot sales as well as increased profit-taking. In the latter part of the session prices sagged on long liquidation due to uneasiness over Europe and weakness of securities owing to Labour deadlock in some industries.

At the opening July was quoted 5 pts up at 12.95 and advanced to 13.05 on general buying and this proved to be the highest level. Later on there was heavy selling and July declined 29 points from the highest level and was quoted 12.77, which was the low est. The market closed at a net decline of 7 to 15 pts Spot cotton prices declined 9 pts at 13.22c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was also easy on increased selling and closed at a decline of 4 to 15 pts. Spot cotton prices were reduced 12 pts at 12.58c per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York July highest 13.06+16 (10-45 a.m.); lowest 12.77—17 (2-49 p.m.)

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York.—Trade and Eastern buying absorbed by hedge selling and long liquidation. Market closed quietly steady.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: May 15.

May	12.78—15
July	17.81—09
October	12.97—10
December	13.02—07
January	13.03—08
March	13.08—14
Middling Spot	13.22—09

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New Orleans: May 15.

May	12.86—04
July	12.81—09
October	13.01—15
December	13.09—12
January	13.08—09
March	13.18—08
Middling Spot	12.58—12

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: May 15.

	11 a.m. Call.	Noon Call
May	12.92	12.95
July	12.98	13.01
October	13.17	13.06

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

Day's receipts at all U S Ports 8,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain and the Continent ..... Nil.
Day's exports to China and Japan 3,000 bales

SHIPING NEWS.

IMPORTS

Bombay, May 15

186 cases cottons; 42 cases bobbins; 33 cts copper plates; 300 lse jiant covers; 46 bundles copper wire; 793 drums bleaching powder; 1278 lse m/car outer covers; 132 rolls push cycle outer covers; 45 cases photo to film; 284 pkgs w s tubes; 197 mats glass bottles; 125 bundles covers, tubes and head spacers; 250 lse cisterns; 796 cts tilcs; 35 bs cotton fents; 500 d/bags china clay; 47 trusses picking band; 83 cases sheet glass; 330 kegs lead ore; 80 bags boiler lagging; 72 drums zinc chloride; 200 bags light magnesium carbonate; 700 bags carbonate of magnesia; 31 pkgs looms and castings; 12 cases preserves; 210 cases provision, confy and jams; 826 cases rayon yarn; 58 pkgs cycles and aces; 225 cases stout; 186 brls pitch; 72 d/bags steel rivets; 30 cases wood screws; 100 cases wincarnis; 31 cases cotton nets; 375 pkgs machinery and parts; 410 drums solid calcium chloride; 600 drums flake caustic soda; 1980 drums solid caustic soda; 105 pkgs r i cables; 54 lse pneum tyres; 125 bundles steel conduit pipe; 50 drums anhydrous sodium sulphite; 408 pkgs polishing materials and chemicals; 686 pkgs medicines; 100 cases beer; 6410 bags cocoanuts; 188 cases cutch; 85 tins sauce; 134 d/bags broken tiles; 118 pcs sau earthenware; 700 cases figs; 55 cases gum; 200 cases tartaric acid; 2557 pcs scantlings; 442 pcs packing cases; 61 pkgs steel wire; 310 bundles cycle rims; 95 bundles steel bars; 200 drums sodium hydro-sulphite; 1887 b'kts mangoes; 153 bags betelnuts; 550 lse steel tyres; 65 nos black tins; 32 bundles reed ribs; 60 kegs citric acid crystals; 100 cases writing ink in bottles; 134 cases cigarettes and tobacco; 1481 bags copra; 20,000 bags asbestos fibre shorts; 806 pkgs paint, dyestuffs etc; 139 pkgs compo parts of wireless transmission apparatus and valves; 173101 pcs and bundles teakwood; 2875 bales cotton raw.

EXPORTS

100 bales cotton waste Manubhai Narotamdas and Co; 300 bales cotton waste C Jairam and Co; 100 bales cotton waste P D Vora and Co; 100 bales hemp raw Govindji Mawji; 300 bales cotton waste G M Vyas and Co; 5544 bags myrabollams P Mathradas and Co Ltd; 176 bales cotton pcegoods The Tata Mills Ltd; 29 bales cotton pcegoods C Ujamseebhoy; 25 bales cotton g m twist C Ujamseebhoy; 157 bales cotton pcegoods Vadilal Ltd; 68 bales cotton pcegoods Grindlay and Co Ltd; 512 bags myrabollams K Tricamji and Co; 820 bags myrabollams H Bhagwandas and Co; 162 bales cotton pcegoods A Y Mihakachivli; 250 bales art silk waste Barot Bros and Co; 940 bales cotton twist waste Barot Bros and Co; 835 bales grey cotton yarn Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 109 bales cotton pcegoods B Balwant and Co; 70 bales cotton pcegoods The Bombay Co Ltd; 400 bales cotton pcegoods Tulsidas Khimji; 96 bales cotton pcegoods Ralli Bros Ltd; 121 bales cotton pcegoods Ralli Bros Ltd; 121 bales cotton pcegoods David Sassoon and Co Ltd; 355 bales cotton waste Champaklal and Co; 200 bales cotton twist waste Champaklal and Co; 51 bales cotton pcegoods P K Ashar and Co; 71 bales cotton pcegoods Chinoobhai Bros; 226 bales cotton g m yarn R E Ani; 201 bales cotton pcegoods S R Pusalkar and Co; 40 bales cotton pcegoods M A Mullick and Co; 80 bales cotton yarn Italindia Cotton Co Ltd; 21 bales cotton pcegoods Sant T Products (India) Ltd; 10 cases cotton pcegoods The Ahmedabad Mfg and Calico Ptg Co Ltd; 200 tons manganese ore The Shivrajpur Syndicate Ltd; 245 bales raw cotton The Bombay Co Ltd; 1100 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha Ltd; 625 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co Ltd; 200 bales raw cotton B Shah and Co; 800 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 125 bales raw wool Ralli Bros Ltd; 50 bags sandlewood Sorabji Nowroji and Co; 12 hhds sweet chutney Framji Nowroji; 6790 bags castorseed Ralli Bros Ltd; 10722 bags rapeseed Ralli Bros Ltd; 138 cases bristles D Abraham and Sons; 700 bales raw cotton Cotton Export and Import Ltd; 950 bales raw cotton Anderson, Clayton and Co; 6 bales raw wool A J Calcuttawalla Ltd; 108 bales raw wool Vijaysingh and Co; 40 bales raw wool Kasamali Esmail; 40 bales raw wool Sheralli Nanjee; 1888 bags linseed S M Rajgor and Co; 83 bales raw cotton Gill and Co; 50 bales raw wool C Lister and Co; 300 bales raw cotton S R Tulshan and Co Ltd; 100 bales raw cotton Konishi and Co (India) Ltd; 731 bales raw cotton Viram Ladha and Co; 159 bales raw wool D Abraham and Sons; 38 bales raw cotton The Podar Trading Co Ltd; 592 bags linseed Vaid Bros Ltd; 100 bales raw cotton Nissho Co Ltd; 6 bales raw wool Fakirmahomed Janmahomed; 6 bales raw wool M R Shaft and Co; 5 bales raw wool Abdul Jani Abdul Gafoor and Co; 320 bales cotton twist waste Barot Bros and Co; 132 drums magnesium chloride The Pioneer Magnesia Works Ltd; 2000 tons manganese ore James Finlay and Co Ltd; 47 bales cotton tea towel The Bombay Dyeing and Mfg Co Ltd; 27 bales cotton pcegoods Fleming Shaw and Co Ltd; 17 bales cotton pcegoods The Morarjee Goculdas Spg and Wg Co Ltd; 14 bags gum Manekji and Co; 254 bales cotton pcegoods E D Sassoon and Co Ltd; 141 bales cotton pcegoods Manekji and Co; 1335 bales cotton pcegoods The Bombay Dyeing and Mfg Co Ltd; 950 bales cotton waste L O Vora; 300 bales cotton waste M Chandulal and Co; 100 bales raw cotton Kotak and Co; 6814 bags linseeds The Oilseeds Trading Co Ltd; 26 bales raw wool Haji E Dossa; 1400 bags castorseed Louis Dreyfus and Co; 3954 bags groundnuts Louis Dreyfus and Co; 41 bales raw wool Cox and Kings (Agents) Ltd; 25 bales raw wool H A Mahomed and Son; 4741 bags linseed The East Asiatic Co (India); 20 bales raw wool H A Panju; 429 bales raw cotton Ramnarain Sons Ltd; 80 bags coriander seed Manekji and Co; 62 bags linseed Manekji and Co; 10 bales cotton pcegoods Damodar Khetsey.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay: May 16.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8/0. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02½ to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 1/4 at New York.

London spot quotation was reduced 1/16d at 23 7/16d and forward was unchanged at 23 1/2d. Production sources satisfied trifle trade demand and the session was featureless. New York spot Silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 1/8. London Bombay spot Silver parity was Rs. 62/8 and forward parity was Rs. 62/10/3. The local market was quietly steady with small business in silver but there was no trading in Gold and quotations were nominal as under:—

	GOLD	SILVER
Ready	Rs. 42 2 6	62 8 0
Jeth	Rs. 42 3 0	62 10 0

Sovereigns: Rs. 28/8.

LONDON SILVER

London: May 15.

Spot	23 7/16
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD

London: May 15.

Gold bars fine per Oz. £8/8/0

MONEY MARKET

Bombay: May 16.

LONDON—
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 7/32 two months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 1/4 three months.
Banks buying 90 days/St. 1/6 9/32 four months.

B. C. RATES—
T T 1/5 29/32; D D 1/5 29/32
Banks selling T T 1/5 15/16; D D 1/5 15/16
Banks buying T T 1/6d; D D 1/6 3/32

NEW YORK—
Ex-rates Dol 4.02 1/2 3 1/2
Banks selling T T Rs. 333 1/4; D D Rs. 333 1/4
Banks buying T T Rs. 330; D D Rs. 328 1/2

MONTREAL—
Ex-rates Dol 4,43/47
Banks selling T T Rs. 303; D D Rs. 304
Banks buying T T Rs. 297 3/4; D D Rs. 296 1/4

JAVA—
Ex-rates Gld 7.58/62
Banks selling T T Gld 55 3/4; D D Gld 56
Banks buying T T Gld 57 1/2; D D Gld 57 1/2

JAPAN—
Ex-rates Sh 1/2 1/2
Banks selling T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs. 81½
Banks buying T T Rs. 77 1/4

BERNE—
Ex-rates Fcs 17.30/40
Banks selling T T Fcs 126 3/4
Banks buying T T Fcs 131 1/2

STOCKHOLM—
Ex-rates K 16.85/95
Banks selling T T K 123; D D K 123
Banks buying T T K 128; D D K 128

SINGAPORE—
Ex-rates Sh 2/4 5/32 7/32
Banks selling T T Rs. 158; D D Rs. 158
Banks buying T T Rs. 155; D D Rs. 155

HONGKONG—
Ex-rates Sh 1/3 1/32
Banks selling T T Rs. 85 1/4; D D 84 1/2
Banks buying T T Rs. 81 1/2; D D Rs. 81½

SHANGHAI—
Ex-rates Sh 0/3 15/32
Banks selling T T Rs. 20; D D Rs. 19
Banks buying T T Rs. 17; D D Rs. 17

MEXICO—
Ex-rates Pes 19.5 21.5
Banks selling T T Rs. 67.27; D D Rs. 66.27
Banks buying T T Rs. 65.04; D D Rs. 62.04

LISBON—
Ex-rates Esc 99.80 100.20
Banks selling T T Esc 7.35; D D Esc 7.35
Banks buying T T Esc 7.55; D D Esc 7.55

NEW YORK—
Ex-rates Dol 4.03 1/4

JAPAN—
Banks buying 60 days 76 1/2
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Steady.
Gold £8/8/0 Ready
New York Silver 34 3/4
London Silver 23 7/16 Ready; 23 1/2 forward
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.
1 to 3 months 1/2 per cent.
6 months 3/4 per cent.
Tone of Money Market:—Easy.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay: May 16.

The situation in the local market calls for caution. The Bulls scored an easy victory in raising prices of old Broach A/M contract, but large amount of cotton tendered will have to await disposal. As the time passes, this cotton will be valued in line with J/A delivery and eventually there will be usual discounts of old crop cotton. All these factors need careful study and in some quarters there exists a propaganda to corner Broach J/A as very little cotton will be available for tenders, but we feel that cotton prices have rapidly advanced under manipulation and the technical position is not sound. The Bears must take a lesson and if they refuse to go short, the plans of Bulls will meet with a failure. Thus it will be advisable to have no interest in Broach J/A delivery. The position of Broach J/A is full of possibilities and unless mills find sufficient demand for high priced cloth, we fear, the demand for staple will fall off considerably. Moreover judging the number of tenders against Broach A/M there is no shortage of staple cotton. New Sindh American will be available in November, which can be had at considerably lower prices. We fear the market position may become risky.

Following a decline of 9 pts in New York cotton futures, the local market opened at Rs. 244 for Broach J/A delivery against expected opening at Rs. 241. There was moderate selling and prices declined to Rs. 241/8 but Khelawallahs bought and prices improved to Rs. 244/8 Old Broach A/M opened at Rs. 315 and declined to Rs. 3.5. New Broach A/M opened at Rs. 222 and after declining to Rs. 219/8 improved to Rs. 220/8. The market was quiet but buying by Khelawallahs in Broach J/A helped steadiness.

Thereafter there was further buying and Broach J/A advanced to Rs. 247/8. Moderate realising appeared which checked improvement and price reacted to Rs. 246/8. There was renewed buying and Broach J/A improved to Rs. 248/8. There was buying by Mahajan operators and prices further improved to Rs. 254. Bulls are now manipulating Broach J/A position. There was scattered realising and Broach J/A was quoted at Rs. 253. The market closed at 3 p.m. as under:—

	Rs. as. ps.
F G M G Broach—	
April/May 1941	304 8 0
July/August	252 0 0
April/May 1942	226 8 0
Fine M G Oomra—	
May	170 8 0
July	172 0 0
December/January	176 8 0
F G M G Bengal—	
May	132 8 0
July	136 0 0
December/January	141 0 0

3 per cent Defence Bonds (Previous Issues) ..... Rs. 44,85,72,200
3 per cent Second Defence Loan 1949-52 From 1st February to 10th May ..... Rs. 5,57,32,800

INTEREST FREE DEFENCE BONDS.
Subscriptions to May 10.

All-India ..... Rs. 2,36,98,000
Bombay City ..... Rs. 63,59,400

POST OFFICE TEN-YEAR DEFENCE SAVINGS CERTIFICATES.
Subscriptions to May 10.

All-India ..... Rs. 2,68,10,000
Bombay City ..... Rs. 32,16,350

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F. P. Bales	1940/41	1939/40
Receipts to date 15-5-41	3624000	7337000
Receipts yesterday 15-5-41	8000	3000
Export to date 15-5-41	919000	5004000
Stock at Ports 9-5-41	3345000	2631000
Stock at interior towns do.	2748000	2356000
Stock at Liverpool 9-5-41	.....	.....
Visible Supply 9-5-41	.....	.....
Quantity in sight 9-5-41	10668000	12883000
Quantity out of sight 9 5 41		8838000

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay: May 16.

Bengal Fine	141/34
Berar	165/68
C. P. 1	197/99
C. P. 2	172/75
Khandesh	137/49
Muglai	152/56
Broach	233/43
Punjab S G 289F	373/83
Punjab R G 289F	348/53
Punjab R G 4F	288/95

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay: May 16.

	Extra Spr-fine.	Sup. Fine.	F.G. Good
M G Bengal U P	136	134	132 130
M G Punjab	136	134	132 130
M G Rajputana	143	141	139 137
M G Oomra No. 3	173	170	167 164

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Thrills, drama & excitement at 300 miles an hour
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OF THE AIR
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ON ITS CAREER
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PRABHAT'S
"Shantaram"
Classic
SHEJARI
(Marathi)—PADOSI (Hindi)
IN ITS 17 WEEK AT
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Marathi: Daily 4, 7. Sat. Sun. 4, 9-45.
Hindi: Daily 9-45 Sat., Sun. 1-30 & 7 p.m.

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Their New Comedy is the Looniest, Tuniest, Girl-and-Gag Show They've Ever Made!
THE MARX BROS.
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ALSO SHOWING WAR NEWS
SUN. MORN. AT 10-30 A.M.
GRETA GARBO
IN HER FIRST COMEDY HIT
NINOTCHKA

NEW YORK COTTON SEVEN POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES
JULY 1941
New York, May 16

Previous closing	12.81
To-day's opening	12.93
Difference	+.12
To-day's closing	12.88
Difference	+.07

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May	Rs. 333/8
Broach July/August	Rs. 251/0
Broach April/May	Rs. 225/8

NEW YORK COTTON
New York, May 16

The New York cotton exhibited brighter feeling with higher Bombay imparting a stimulus, but at higher levels prices reacted on increased offerings.

Trading in July began at 12.93 i.e. twelve points higher. Prices advanced on trade and local support which easily took up scattered hedging and spot house selling but thereafter demand slowed down with operators becoming hesitant.

The following are to-day's opening ranges in New York cotton :—
July (12.98/95) 12.93/92
October (13.06/06) 13.10/10

LONDON COMMODITIES
London, May 16

Castorseeds unquoted
Linseed Bombay Calcutta May June (£18 9/16 quoted) £18 9/16
Linseed La Plata June (£11 3/4) £11 3/4
Groundnut Coromandal May June (£17 1/4) quoted) £17 1/4

JUTES
Dundee May (£47) £47
Lightning May (£43) £43

RUBBER
Spot (14 3/8d) 14 5/16 paid
Forward July September (14 1/4d paid) 14 1/16 paid and buyers

LONDON METALS
Tin (£269 3/4 buyers; £270 sellers) £268 1/2 buyers; £268 3/4 sellers
Electrolytic Copper (£52) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Irone No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

Daily Weather Report

POONA, May 16

Thundershowers have been fairly widespread in Assam and have occurred locally in Bengal, Orissa, Bihar, the United Provinces and east Rajputana, while a few thundershowers have also been reported from the Punjab Hills, east Central Provinces, Mysore and Malabar.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Naya Dumka two inches; Patna one and a half; Gauhati, Dhubri, Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri and Mysore one each; Narayanganj and Balasore three-quarters each; Barisal, Cherrapunji, Darjeeling, Allahabad and Simla half each; Jhansi, Raipur and Udaipur a quarter each.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
New York, May 16

Previous closing	4.03 1/4
To-day's opening	4.03 1/4
T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK	
London, May 16	
Previous closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing	4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, May 16

London Exchange opened with the sterling/dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50, which is officially fixed rate.

LONDON BULLION
LONDON GOLD
London, May 16

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8 8-0

LONDON SILVER
London, May 16

Spot (23 7/16d) 23 1/2d
Forward (23 1/2d) 23 7/16d

CROSS RATES
London on Bombay (1-5 31/32) 1-5 31/32
Paris on Bombay not quoted
New York on Milan not quoted
New York on Bombay (30.33) 30.33
London on Shanghai (0-3 5/32 to 0-3 15/32) 0-3 5/32 to 0-3 15/32
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1-2 1/2) 1-2 to 1-2 1/2

DISCOUNTS
3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS
Bombay, May 16

There was no trading during the night session.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

CALCUTTA, May 16

General tendency of market was again easy to-day. Jutes, Coals and Government securities were inclined to be lower. Cottons were in good demand. Teas kept more or less unchanged. Miscellaneous industrials and speculative engineering issues were also shade quieter.

Following are the closing quotations:

Government securities: 3 per cent Defence Bonds 1946 102 2 small odd lot; 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper 95/4; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 110/10 small lot.

Banks: Reserve Bank 102/8.

Cottons: Benares Cotton and Silk 2/14; Bowrean B Pref 68; Elgin Mills ord 30/8; Kesoram 6/3; New Victoria ord 2/3.

Coals: Amalgamated 24/12; Burrakur prof 148 ct; Churulia 1/7 ex div; Equitable 34; Pench Valley 32/6.

Jutes: Angio-India 312/8; Albion 191; Bally 211; Belvedere 367 small lot; Clive 22/6; Craig Pref 48/8; Empire 23/14 small lot; Hastings Pref 137/8; Howrah 50/12; Hukumchand pref 121/8; Kamarhatty 466; Kankinarrah 365 small lot; National 21/8; Nuddea 55/8; Soorah Pref 118; Waverley 2/5;

Minings: Burma Corpn 4/7; Consolidated Tin 2/6; Indian Copper 2; Rhodesia Copper as. 13.

Eng. Companies: Hukumchand Steel Defd 2/5; Ordy 10/13; Indian Iron and Steel 28/9; Indian Steel and Wire Products ord 54 small odd lot; Steel Corpn ord 17/10; pref 120.

Miscellaneous: Darjeeling Himalayan Railway pref 103; Howrah Amta Railway 89; Mymensingh Bharrah Bazar Railway (Guaranteed) 105/8 small lots; Aikali and Chemical pref 119; ordy 15/12; Bengal Aerating Gas 52 small lot; Agra Elec 131; B I Corpn ord 4/4; Calcutta Safe Deposit 5/8 small odd lot; Dunlop Rubber ord 40; Indian Cables 19/10; Indian National Airways defd 1/8; Macfarlane and Co ord 5; ex div; British Burma Petroleum 3/7/; Titaghur Paper ord QU; Assam Saws 3/6.

Sugar shares: Carew and Co pref 119.

Tea shares: Barduar Tea and Timber 4/2; Banarhat 393; Belgachi 15/4; Gungaram 376; Killcott 49/8 c div; Loobah 4/4; Manabarrie 201 c div; New Dooars ord 1000 small odd lot; Rutema 8; Sungma 7/4 c div.—A.P.

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AT LAMINGTON
Bookings:—
LIM BILLIMORIA
C/o Select Serial Supply
(Bombay 4)

DHIRUBHAI AT WARDHA

WARDHA, May 16.

Mr. Dhirubhai Desai, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, after acquainting Mahatma Gandhi with details of the recent communal riots in Bombay and Ahmedabad discussed, it is learnt, with the Mahatma ways and means for preventing the outbreak of such riots and establishing better relations between the Hindus and the Muslims.—A. P.

One year's time to improve its administration has been given by His Excellency the Governor of U. P. to the Bulandshahr District Board.

3 1/2 P.C. STERLING LOAN
London, May 16

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99 1/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, May 16

London Stock Exchange maintained a firm tone.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS
London, May 16

5 per cent 1958/68 (£106) £105

BRITISH FUNDS
2 1/2 per cent Consols (£78 1/2) £78 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£104 1/8) £104
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99 1/8) £99 1/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£112 7/8) £112 7/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£103 1/2) £103 1/2
New War Loan (£100 3/8) £100 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£111 5/8) £111 5/8

INDUSTRIALS
Standard Motors (11-1 1/2) 11-1 1/2
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (30-9) 30-7 1/2
Hydro Electric No dealings
Electric Music Industry (7-6) 7-10 1/2
Princhin Johnson (17-6) 18-1 1/2
Imperial Chemicals (30-10 1/2) 30-9
Woolsworth New Ordinary (47-9) 47-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates (£49 1/2) £49 1/2
Dundee Rubber (34-4 1/2) 34-3
Unilever Ordinary (21-0) 21-4 1/2
Ford Motors (17-9) 17-10 1/2
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£62 1/2) £63 1/2
British American Tobacco Ordinary (88-9) 88-9
Carreas 'A' (£3 3/4) £3 7/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (93-9) 93-9
P and O Def (23-7 1/2) 23 10 1/2
Distillers (64-6) 64-6
Bredfords Dye (3-9) 3-9
British Celanese (3-6) 3-6
J and P Coates (30-6) 31-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (31-9) 31-6
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-6) 2-6
Vickers Limited Ordinary (15-0) 15-0
Inter Nickel (dol 39 3/4) dol 39 3/4
Indian Iron (41-10 1/2) 41-10 1/2

TEA SHARES
Assam Company (17-6) 18-0
Donaro Tea (28-9) 29-0
Empire of India (20-0) 20-0

JUTE
Barnagore (£6 1/2) £6 1/2

RUBBER SHARES
Anglo Dutch Rubber (13-9) 13-9
Guia Kelampong (15-0) 15-0
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (24-9) 24-9

MINING SHARES
Nandydrug (17-6) 17-6
Burma Corporation (6-4 1/2) 6-4 1/2
Rio Tintos (£7) £7
East Rand Properties (40-0) 40-0
Rand Mines (£7) £7

MINE SHARES
Crown (£11 3/4) £11 5/8
Associated Portland Cement (50-0) 50-0
Trinidad Leaschold (66 3) 66-3
Sub Nigel (£7 1/4) £7 1/4
Spring Mines Split Shares (21-10 1/2) 21 10 1/2
Union Corporation (£6 3/4) £6 3/4

OIL SHARES
Venezuela Persian (27-6) 27-6
Anglo India (27-6) 26-10 1/2
Burma Oil (48-9) 48-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (6-9) 6-9
Shell Transport (41-3) 40-0
Royal Dutch (£16) £16

RAILWAY SHARES
Great Western Ordinary (£33 3/4) £33 3/4
London Midland Ordinary (£12 5/8) £12 3/8
London North Eastern Def (£1 5/8) £1 5/8
London Southern Def (£9 7/8) £9 7/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£126 1/2) £126 1/2
London Transport (£29 3/4) £30

India To Send Cricket Team To Ceylon Next Year

Amar Singh's Death Blow To Our Cricket, Says Ranga Rao

COLOMBO, May 16.

"India is keenly looking forward to sending out a team to Ceylon early next year" stated Mr. K. S. Ranga Rao, the Honorary Secretary of the Indian Cricket Control Board, speaking at a garden party given in his honour last evening by Mr. S. P. Foenander, a well-known figure in local sports circle.

Mr. Ranga Rao said Mr. Cooray, the Secretary of the Ceylon Cricket Association was drawing up a rough itinerary of the Indian team's visit to Ceylon and he would place it before his Board when it meets in Bombay in July.

Referring to Indian cricket Mr. Ranga Rao said that they had two setbacks in recent years. The first was the cancellation of the much-looked forward to M. C. C. tour of India owing to hostilities and secondly, the death of Amar Singh.

"It will be a long time", said the speaker "before we can find a bowler of his type." But Indian cricket was definitely on the upgrade with a large number of young and promising players —A. P.

GAMA FOR HYDERABAD

SECUNDERABAD, May 15.

"The standard of wrestling in Hyderabad is poor and until and unless the State Government take keen interest like the Maharaja of Patiala, to improve the standard of wrestling in Hyderabad, it is impossible to produce world champions", said Gama, the world-famous wrestler, in a Press interview prior to his departure from Hyderabad.

Gama had been invited to umpire the wrestling bouts in a caravan organised in Hyderabad in aid of the War Fund.—United Press.

CITY SPORTS CLUB WITHDRAWS

Obaidullah Khan Gold Cup Hockey

BHOPAL, May 16

Due, it is reported, to certain differences of opinion with the Tournament Committee, the City Sports Club, Jubbulpore suddenly withdrew from the Obaidullah Khan Gold Cup Hockey Tournament and the Pioneers Club, Lyallpur who were scheduled to play them this evening in the second round received a walk over.

The other match of the evening between Muslim Gymkhana, Nagpur and New Sports, Patiala in the second round ended in a victory for Nagpur by the only goal of the match scored by their centre forward a few seconds before the interval.—A.P.

Reports About Deoli Camp Conditions

India Govt. Says "Allowance Is More Than Adequate"

SIMLA, May 16.

Allegations have recently appeared in the Press says a Press Note regarding conditions in the Deoli Detention Camp, where a number of Security Prisoners are detained under the Defence of India Act

It has been alleged that the Security Prisoners are treated like C class convicted prisoners, that they are inadequately fed and that their health is not properly looked after. The impression thus created is so completely contrary to the facts that it has been considered desirable to issue an authoritative account of the conditions under which the Security Prisoners are detained.

ALLOWANCE AND MENU ALLOWED.

Security Prisoners are divided into two classes according to their education and their status and mode of living before arrest. There are at present 100 in Class I and 93 in Class II. Those in Class I have a diet allowance of 12 annas a day, which compares favourably with the as 8/6 which is the cost of the rations supplied to A class convicted prisoners in Ajmer. Out of the allowance they get morning and afternoon tea and toast plus two principal meals and milk at night. That the allowance is more than adequate is suggested by the fact that they are able to purchase expensive articles, such as Organge Pekoe tea at Rs. 1-1b per pound. The diet allowance of Class II Security Prisoners is annas 6, which is double the cost of the rations supplied to C class convicted prisoners. A Security Prisoner in each camp is elected as kitchen manager and is allowed to requisition foodstuffs up to the amount permitted. Prices are strictly controlled by the Superintendent of the camp, and the daily menus are varied according to the taste of the Security Prisoners themselves. Security Prisoners are also allowed to supplement their diet at their own cost and to buy toilet articles, cigarettes, etc., from the allowances which they are permitted to receive from friends and relatives.

In considering the matter of diet it is of interest to note that most of the Security Prisoners prefer not to work although suitable and remunerative forms of occupation are provided for those who wish to do so.

MALARIA SUFFERERS.

It has been alleged that Deoli is an unhealthy place and that almost all the Security Prisoners suffer from malaria. The truth is that the maximum number of malaria cases in any one month has been 20 out of 166 and the percentage of cases in a month has been as low as three per cent. The prisoners are weighed regularly and the medical reports show that the great majority of them have gained in weight. All Security Prisoners are provided with mosquito nets, and Punkahs are being provided. There is a camp hospital, which is fly-proof and equipped with electric fans. This hospital is in charge of a qualified medical officer assisted by an adequate staff. Arrangements have been made for special treatment to be given in the Victoria Hospital, Ajmer, and dental treatment and spectacles are provided at Government cost whenever necessary.

Security Prisoners of both classes are allowed the privilege of wearing their own clothing For those who have not sufficient of their own clothing on an adequate scale is provided at Government expense. This at present includes 4 shirts and 4 pyjamas or "dhoties" per man in addition to minor articles of clothing and shoes. Soap, neemsticks and other necessaries are also provided.

GAMES AND BOOKS.

The Security Prisoners are allowed to play such games as football and volley ball on the playing field for an hour and a half every day. It is true that Class II Security Prisoners are not provided with tables and chairs in their quarters, but inside each camp a common room is provided with tables and chairs where the prisoners may write their letters and read books and newspapers. Stamps and writing paper, envelopes, pens and ink and indoor games (chess, draughts, carrom and cards) are all provided free. In addition to books, which the prisoners are allowed to receive from friends and relatives, 100 library books are in circulation in the camp. A number of newspapers and periodicals both in English and in Indian languages are provided at Government expense and a further list has been approved of those which prisoners may receive from relatives and friends. They are not allowed to read revolutionary literature but to suggest that they are denied any kind of intellectual occupation is certainly untrue.

MAIL AND CENSORSHIP.

Some delays and difficulties have occurred in passing letters to and from the Security Prisoners and in arranging interviews with them, owing to the fact that the camp staff at one time did not include persons acquainted with some of the languages employed. This defect has now been remedied. But that supervision and censorship are necessary is proved by the very fact that so many attempts have been made to spread deliberately false accounts of conditions in the camp.—A. P.

TENNIS STARS' APOLOGY SEQUEL

CALCUTTA, May 16

The Sub-Committee appointed by the President of the All-India Lawn Tennis Association, to deal with the withdrawal of certain players from the Bihar Championships, has recommended that "as Messrs. Iftikhar Ahmed, Ghaus Mohammed and Anwar Husain have apologised to the Bihar Lawn Tennis Association and to Mr. P. R. Das, their entries be accepted as from to-day in all tournaments affiliated to the All-India Lawn Tennis Association."

The Sub-Committee consisted of Kunwar Jasbir Singh, Pundit Amarnath Jha and Mr. L. Brooke Edwards.—A.P.

BAL KALELKAR WINS FELLOWSHIP

Mr. Bal D. Kalelkar B.E. (Mech.), the younger son of Acharya Kaka Kalelkar, who after a brilliant first-class academic career in the Bombay University, proceeded to America to prosecute higher studies in engineering at the Massachusettes Institute of Technology at Cambridge (Boston), has just finished his work for his M.Sc., having topped the list of successful candidates.

On taking his degree of M.Sc. (Engineering) in coming August, young Kalelkar is joining the Cornell University as a University Fellow that University having awarded Mr. Kalelkar the "Edgar Meyer Fellowship" of Rs. 2,000 per annum. A glance at the list of ex-fellows suggests that this Fellowship has so far been a preserve of first-class graduates from Oxford, London and Berlin. Mr. Bal Kalelkar is the first Indian to win this distinction at Cornell, and he will now be doing research work and proceed to the degree of Doctor of Science.

Madras Hockey

MADRAS, May 15

The Anglo-Indian Sports Club qualified for the final of the Madras United Club Gold Cup Hockey Tournament this evening, when they beat the All Blues from Bangalore by the only goal scored during the match. The winners will meet the M and S. M. Railway "A" in final.

An exhibition hockey match, in aid of the Governor's War Fund, has been arranged and will be played on Sunday between the Madras Anglo-Indians and Madras Indians.—A. P.

Walkover For Khalsa College:

BHOPAL, May 15

After having held the Khalsa College, Amritsar (Holders) on two drawn matches in the second round Lucknow Rovers had to suddenly withdraw from the Obaidullah Khan Gold Cup Hockey Tournament owing to the death in Lucknow of their Secretary, Mr. Ikram. Khalsa College thus received a walkover into the third round. Later in the evening, Sikandra T. C. Bhopal composed mostly of local veterans, held the Tigers Club, Rampur in a draw each scoring once. —A.P.

NAZIMUDDIN SEES GOVERNOR

DARJEELING, May 16.

The Hon. Sir Nazimuddin, Home Minister, arrived here this morning from Calcutta, and after an interview with His Excellency the Governor, left for Dacca in the afternoon.

While in Dacca, Sir Nazimuddin will study the situation arising out of the communal riots and supervise the relief works organised by the Government.

From Dacca he will proceed to Shillong to attend the Jute Conference, to be held there on May 20 and 21 between representatives of the Governments of Bengal and Assam.—A. P.

Dr. Mookherjee On Dacca Situation

MADRAS, May 16.

Writing to Dr. P. Varadarajulu Naidu, General Secretary of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, on the Dacca situation, Dr. Shyamprasad Mookherjee, Working President of the Sabha, says that the Hindus there have organised themselves very efficiently now to meet any recrudescence of the trouble.

Dr. Mookherjee adds: "But the problem can never be solved unless we can rouse Hindu consciousness throughout the country and Madras can play a great part in moulding the true opinion of Hindusthan".—United Press.

H. P. MODY INTERVIEWS VICEROY

SIMLA, May 16.

Sir H. P. Mody had an interview with the Viceroy to-day.

Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan left for Calcutta to-day on a short visit.—A. P.

It is understood that the Supply Department is about to place a large order for dried fruit with the Frontier Government.

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BOMBAY JAPAN VIA PORTS

Steamers	Arrive Bombay	Leave Homeward
TOYOOKA MARU	24 Apr.	16 May
*HAKONE MARU†	1 May	17 May
GENOA MARU	21 May	6 June
OKITU MARU	28 May	10 June
*HUSIMI MARU†	13 June	27 June
*ANYO MARU	28 June	14 July
TOKIWA MARU	15 July	31 July

*Passenger steamer
†Also calling at Manila
Other Passenger Services are :—
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Japan-Seattle via Vancouver, Japan-Australia. Japan-South America (west coast).
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Dialogues & Songs: S. A. SHUKLA Music: SADASHIV NEVREKAR

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Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Vaishakh Vad 7, 1997
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akhar 19, 1360
Parsi: Adar 15, 1310
Hightide: 4-24, 17-16
Lowtide: 10-8, 23-56
Sunrise: 6h. 5m.
Sunset: 7h. 6m.

GREECE ENEMY TERRITORY—The Central Government has notified the main land of Greece to be enemy territory.

BOMBAY NATIONAL GUARDS—The Managing Committee of the Bombay National Guards will meet to-morrow (Sunday) at 8 a.m. (after Parade) at Ground floor, Indira Bhuvan, near Opera House. All the members of the Bombay National Guards, are required to be present in Mufti at the Congress House, at 7 a.m. (S.T.) to-morrow (Sunday).

LECTURE ON KATHA UPANISHAD—Swami Sambuddhananda of Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, Dadar, will give a public lecture to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. in Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, 64, Portuguese Church Street, Merzellow Building, Dadar, (B. B. and C. I. Railway).

LECTURE ON BHAGWAT GEETA—Mr. M. R. Gopalcharya, M.A., founder of the Vani Vihar Vidyalaya, will give a public lecture to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. in Sri Ramakrishna Ashram, 64, Portuguese Church Street, Merzellow Building, Dadar, (B. B. and C. I. Railway).

LECTURE ON VEDANTA PHILOSOPHY—Swami Sambuddhananda of the Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will deliver a public lecture on 'Vedanta Philosophy' (Brahma Sutras) at Batliboi's Accountancy Institute, Prescott Road, Fort, to-day Saturday at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.).

POSTAL NOTICE—Superscribed registered and unregistered correspondence for United States of America, Canada, Trinidad and British Guiana per s.s. 'Pres. Tyler' will be accepted at the General Post Office upto 8-30 and 9 a.m. respectively on Wednesday, the 28th instant.

SHREE JAIN VIDYARTHI SANGH—Sardar Prithvisingh will speak on "The Spirit of the Youth in India" to-day (Saturday) at 6-30 p.m. at the Blavatsky Lodge Hall situated at French Bridge, Chowpatty. Mr. Motichand G. Kapadia will preside.

BOMBAY TEXTILE CLERKS' UNION—The annual general meeting of the above-named Union was held on Sunday at the Union's registered office at Parel, Mr. S. B. Mahadeshwar, the Vice-President, was in the chair. After reading by the General Secretary of the annual general report of the activities and development of the Union, election of the office-bearers of the Union for the ensuing year were held. The Secretary in his report took a resume of the different activities of it during the past year and appealed the members to enrol members in large numbers to make it representative. The statement of accounts was also passed and accepted. The following are the new office-bearers:—

President: Mr. Nandulal M. Mehta, the manager of the Murarji Gokuldas Mills Ltd; Vice-President: Mr. S. B. Mahadeshwar; Hon. Secretaries: Mr. S. G. Athavale and Mr. S. V. Ghate; Treasurer: Mr. K. K. Khadilkar.

BARODA WAR ACTIVITIES

In response to the appeal of Her Excellency the Marchioness of Linlithgow for the Silver Trinket Fund started by Her Excellency the President of the Ladies' Central Committee, Baroda, (Lady R. Krishnamachari) has remitted on behalf of the Committee Rs. 500 for the fund.

The members of the congregation of the Rosary Church Baroda also raised from among themselves a sum of Rs. 300 which has also been remitted to the Secretary to H. E. the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund to be paid into the Silver Trinket Fund.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—"Bad Man of Wyoming". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"40,000 Horsemen". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Andy Hardy's Private Secretary" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Spies of the Air". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Cheers for Miss Bishop". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Narad-Naradi". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Naya Sansar". Daily at 3-30, 6-45 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 12-30 noon.
MINERVA—"Lagan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Khazanchi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Shejari". Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-30 p.m.
PALACE—"Go West." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HIND-MATA—"Mala". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 2 p.m.
CHITRA—"Prabhat". Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m. Matinee to-day and to-morrow at 1-15 p.m.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 57,06,291-4-1.

For the R.A.F.: Rs. 615-14 "A.R." (monthly); Rs. 200-1 Roxy Talkies, Bombay, being the proceeds of a show in aid of the Fund; Rs. 104-10 the Bombay Gas Co Sports Club (monthly); Rs. 84-1 the staff of Messrs. Duncan Stratton and Co., Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 81-3-3 the Indian Staff of Messrs. Forbes Forbes Campbell and Co. Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 68-1-6 Pathe Cinema, Bombay, being the proceeds of a show given in aid of the Fund; Rs. 40 "B. F. B."; Rs. 34-9 the staff of the Hattersley-Hindustan Eng. Co. Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 29 "Mahjong" (further donation); Rs. 25-8 Novelty Cinema, Bombay, being the proceeds of a show in aid of the Fund; Rs. 16 Mr. R. Kaiser (16th instalment); Rs. 0-10-9 Donations below Rs. 5.

For Armoured Carriers for the Indian Army: Rs. 200-1 Roxy Talkies, Bombay, being the proceeds of a show in aid of the Fund; Rs. 84-1 the staff of Messrs. Duncan Stratton and Co., Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 81-3-2 the Indian Staff of Messrs. Forbes Forbes Campbell and Co., Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 68-1-6 Pathe Cinema, Bombay, being the proceeds of a show given in aid of the Fund; Rs. 40 "B.F.B."; Rs. 34-9 the staff of the Hattersley-Hindustan Eng. Co. Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 25-8 Novelty Cinema, Bombay, being the proceeds of a show in aid of the Fund; Rs. 0-10-9 Donations below Rs. 5.

Grand total on Friday Rs. 57,08,125-1-0.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN)

The typhoid epidemic at Vile Parle which is causing a lot of anxiety amongst the residents has, it is understood, over 100 victims already.

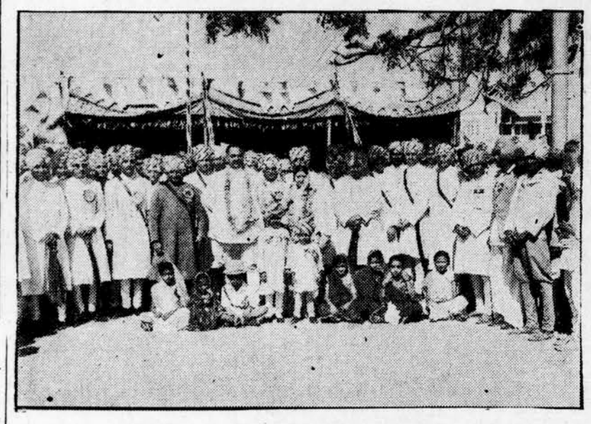
This epidemic it may be noticed annually breaks out in some part of the Suburbs.

From a local medical man, I learn that the main cause for this outbreak is want of good drainage scheme. At the moment, the ordinary system of cleaning the cess-pool tanks is adopted.

He complains that the ordinary way of cleaning the cess-pool tanks etc. will be very effective and will be as good as a drainage plant, if strict supervision was observed. He states that those who have been entrusted with the cleaning of the cess-pool tanks, do not carry out a thorough cleaning, but just remove a few buckets of water which the filth of slush below is left to rot for months, with the result that the cess-pool tanks become ideal place for the breeding of mosquitoes.

EAST INDIAN WEDDING

The Church of St. John the Evangelist, Morol, Andheri was the scene of a pretty Bombay East Indian wedding, on Sunday last, when Mr. Edward M. D'Silva, of Ford Motor Company, son of the late Mr. D. D'Silva and Mrs. Annie D'Silva, of Dadar was married to Miss Eva (Ivy) Rose Mary Misquitta daughter of the late Mr. Thomas Misquitta and Mrs. V. Misquitta of Morol.



Opening day of three-day session of Rajput Seva Samaj of Kathiawad, when the H. H. Jamsaheb of Nawanagar (centre garlanded) attended.

Three Months For Assault On Woman

Mohomed Jakaria Abdul Wahab was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment by Mr. K. J. Khambata, Presidency Magistrate, Girgaum Court, to-day for trespass and assault on a young Parsi woman.

The accused, according to the prosecution story, was serving as a domestic servant and was dismissed. The complainant was standing on the verandah of her house on April 14 when the accused trespassed and assaulted her. He was immediately handed over to the police.

The accused, it was alleged, had addressed several "love" letters in English to the complainant. Investigations showed that the accused requisitioned the services of Bhaskar Shivaram and Purushottam Narayan, two licensed petition writers at the post offices at Dadar and Grant Road, for writing these letters.

Referring to the conduct of the petition writers, the Magistrate observed: "It is perfectly scandalous that they should have made use of their offices to write such letters. It was improper on their part to lend their assistance in execution of such a nefarious object."

Have You Practical A. R. P. Knowledge?

The Government of Bombay has under consideration the compilation of a register of names of persons having practical knowledge of Air Raid Precautions and would be grateful if those who have such experience and would be willing to offer their services either to this Government or to the Government of India would communicate with the Joint Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Home Department.

BOMBAY GOVERNOR AT KOLHAPUR

KOLHAPUR, May 16.

H. E. Sir Roger Lumley, the Governor of Bombay, and party arrived here by train at 8-7 this morning. Rao Bahadur Surve, Prime Minister of Kolhapur, and Major Bazalgate welcomed His Excellency, who left by car after an hour for Ratnagiri.—A. P.

Dr. Maneklal Maganlal Shah

Mr. M. M. Shah has a distinguished University career. He passed M.A. with History and Economics, standing first among the successful candidates in his subjects and was awarded Sir William Wedderburn Scholarship. Subsequently he secured the University Research Studentship for two years, during which period h

DR. M. M. SHAH.

wrote a thesis on "Labour Recruitment and Turnover in the Textile Industry of the Bombay Province," for Ph.D. degree.

The University of Bombay has accepted his thesis for Ph.D. degree. This is the first thesis on this subject.

Why This Discrimination?

National Service Labour Tribunal Incident

When reporters of nationalist papers in the city called at the National Service Labour Tribunal for information regarding the proceedings of the industrial dispute in the Ford Motor Company, both in the morning and in the afternoon on Friday, they were refused an interview by the presiding officer Mr. D. S. Bakhle, though only a few minutes earlier a representative of the "Times of India" was not only received but given an interview of not less than half an hour's duration.

This invidious discrimination between a reporter of the "Times of India" and the representatives of the "Bombay Chronicle", the "Bombay Sentinel" and the "Free Press Journal" by a public official is not playing the game to the Journalists and the public to which they cater. After all the reporters were there in their professional capacity, under order from their editors. Now it is time that the Director of Information stepped in as the liaison officer between the press and the Government and threw some light on the incident.

COMPANY SELF-EXPOSED

The General Secretary of the Ford Motor Workers' Union writes:—

On Monday, the 5th instant 147 workers of Ford Motors (India) Ltd., were summarily dismissed for alleged act of disobedience by reason of absence from work on Saturday afternoon. Whenever overtime work was to be taken the workers were so informed through the heads of their respective department, on the previous working-day. No such intimation was given to the workers on Friday. Only on Monday, when they turned up for work, were they told by the management that 147 of them were dismissed as they did not attend overtime work on Saturday in spite of the notice being put up 5 minutes before 1 p.m. the usual closing on Saturday.

The Union made all possible efforts to get the question settled amicably by approaching the management to understand their point of view to which no reply was given. The management has made repeated attempts in the past to smash the Union, ever since its very formation. These dismissals of 147 trained workers without even a fortnight's notice can be construed in no other way but another attempt on their part to break up the Union under an absolutely wrong charge. The very refusal of the management to refer the matter to any impartial tribunal or even the Labour Commissioner is sufficient to show the untenability of their position.

APPEAL FOR FUNDS

The workers are on strike from the 13th instant to vindicate their most elementary right to form a Union. The strike has continued for days. The workers are showing a marvellous solidarity. They appeal to the public to support them in their worthy cause. A Ford Workers' Relief Fund has been started. The workers trust that the public of Bombay will generously contribute. All contributions should be sent to Saad Ali, General Secretary, Ford Motor Workers' Union, Mantri House, French Bridge, Bombay.

VILLAGE PANCHAYATS FORGE AHEAD

LAHORE, May 16.

The view that the Punjab villagers have now definitely begun to consider Panchayats very useful institutions at least in respect of saving them from the expenses of litigation in civil courts, is expressed in the Government review on the report of the working of the Panchayats in the Punjab for the year 1938-39.

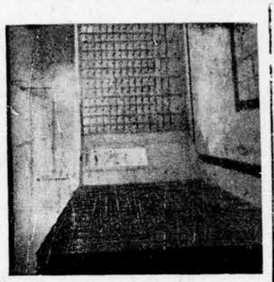
The total number of Panchayats during the year under review was 1,489. The number of seats which had to be filled by election was 1,389 but only 135 were contested.

The total number of criminal cases tried by Panchayats which are generally trivial in character decreased from 5,395 to 4,669 during the year. The number of civil suits tried by Panchayats was 13,417 which is almost equal to that of the previous year.—A. P.

SIR MIRZA MEETS MADRAS GOVERNOR

OOTACAMUND, May 16.

Sir Mirza Ismail had an interview with H. E. the Governor today.—A. P.



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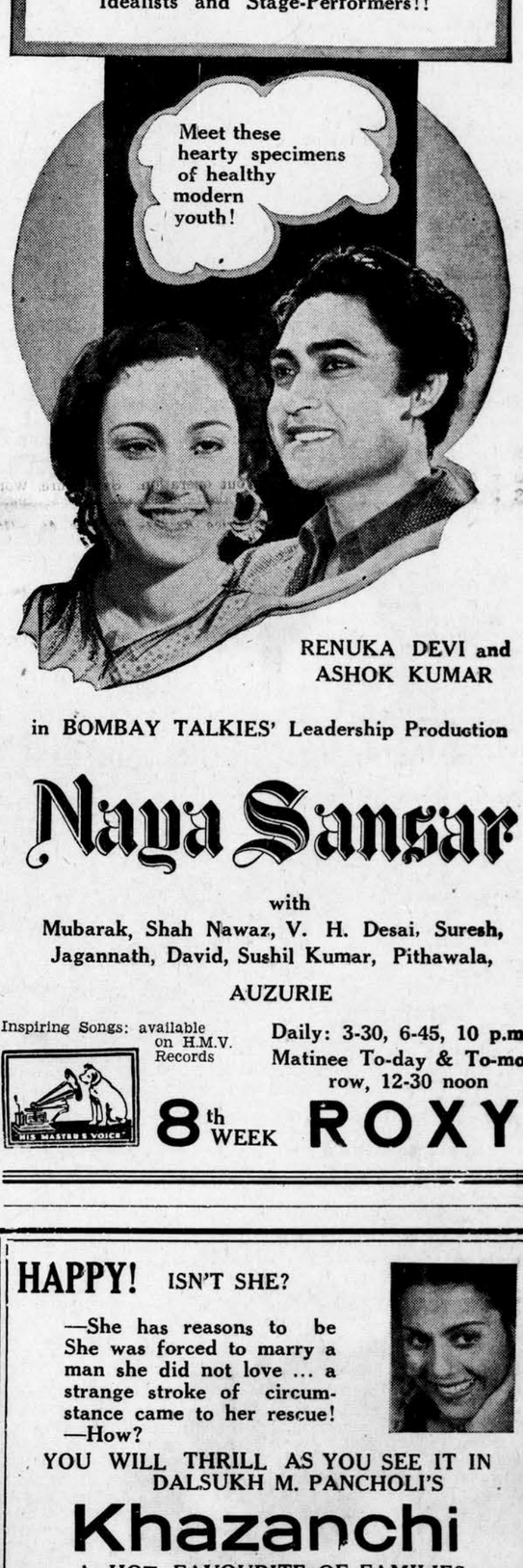

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, M AY 17, 1941

EASTERN GROUP COUNCIL

Ever since the Eastern Group Conference was held at Delhi in October, 1940, Indian businessmen and the public in general have entertained various doubts and misgivings about the precise scope of the Conference and its utility to India from the point of view of developing Indian industries. Mr. S. A. Hydari, Indian Member of the Supply Council of the Conference, has attempted, in a broadcast talk from Simla, to dispel these doubts and misgivings and explain the exact activities of the Council. But his explanation is not particularly reassuring about India getting her due share in the war supplies and about developing Indian industries to cope with the war demand. He does not give any details about the articles and quantities demanded and those that are being supplied by India. He fears that such details will be "a welcome piece of information to the enemy." However, let us hope that India's part in the supplies is not such as would be welcomed by the enemy but would rather have a sobering effect on him..

India Lags Behind

It is quite superfluously remarked by Mr. Hydari that the quota of any country in the Eastern Group to the supplies is determined mainly by the price it quotes and the time within which the supplies can be delivered where they are wanted. And elaborating the latter point, Mr. Hydari says: "While some of the countries of the Eastern Group have the advantage of an earlier industrial start in certain directions and a more plentiful supply of highly skilled labour than we have India has over them all this great geographical advantage of a central position." This remark is probably intended to suggest that some other countries can, in view of their earlier industrial start in certain directions and a more plentiful supply of highly skilled labour, quote lower prices and give better quality of goods and that India comes in when the Council cannot do without her help, derived from her geographical advantage which no Council can ignore or reduce and from her enjoying a virtual monopoly of certain commodities. But it is safest not to mention these commodities as that will be a welcome piece of information to such of the enemy as are ignorant of geography.

Root Of The Evil

As regards the question of the Supply Council's work developing Indian industries, Mr. Hydari tells us point blank that "it is not for the Council to busy itself with economic planning," though "as a result of the demands for supplies which the Council will put on the different countries of the Eastern Group, economic planning will follow." Repeatedly, though quite superfluously, he reminds us that the Council cannot "order" any country to undertake new production. A schoolboy knows that the Council cannot "order" any country to produce more. But a schoolboy also knows that bodies like the Council, which are acting together in this matter can do much to stimulate production if they know their business and if their members realise their responsibility to their respective countries. Mr. Hydari himself admits that "there is being carried on a continuous search for new capacity" for production and "the need is well understood of the closest contact between the Indian representative on the Council and the Indian Supply Department and Indian Industry." If only the search and the much talked of co-ordination are earnest enough in India, it should go far to develop Indian industries. We are sure the free Dominions represented on the Council are doing all this for themselves. If the "Indian representative" cannot do half as much the fault is not his but lies in the simple fact that the Government he represents is not free and responsible to the people. India is only a dependency and is doubtless being treated as such. And so long as this state of things continues the people will continue to be suspicious of the precise work done by the Supply Council, dominated, as it necessarily is, by the representatives of free Governments.

"Most Cruel & Callous Murder"

Here is a story of the India in which we live that should make the reader hang down his head with shame. We are ourselves ashamed to have to notice it editorially but feel that in the interest of social justice and humanity it must be done. The Sessions Court at Lucknow has passed a death sentence on a 50 year old woman, the perpetrator of "the most cruel and callous murder" of her sixteen year old daughter-in-law whom she had branded, tortured and strangled for the only crime of having come without a sufficient dowry. The husband, who was a party to the murder was also awarded a capital sentence and the father-in-law was acquitted, being given the benefit of the doubt. It appears that because of the girl's one fault —that of having failed to bring a sufficient dowry, this young girl suffered the most inhuman tortures. The girl's cry "kill me but do not burn me" was heard by a witness, and her letters to her own father to take her away or else he would never see her alive made pathetic reading in court. Such are, in brief, the facts of this case and it seems hardly enough that the perpetrators of the murder should be sentenced to death. This dowerless daughter-in-law has been a victim of greedy inhuman parents-in-law too long in the history of this country. Legislation is being tried in some places to do what it can to alter the existing state of affairs, but legislation is hardly the complete cure when you have to penetrate the deep crust of tradition and to pierce the callous, stony hearts of those who can commit these atrocities. Something more is necessary. Education will no doubt help considerably, but more than that, efforts must be done to improve the economic condition of women, to help them to earn a living independently if necessary. It is because woman is economically so helpless in India that the evil of the dowry system has gone so far. Therefore, while stamping it out, we should try and do it in the only way in which it will be permanently abolished.

Indian Chamber's Warning

The Committee of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, has issued a press communique with regard to the recent statement of the President and members of the Bengal Chamber of Commerce on the representative quality of the "Statesman's" editorial policy. The Indian Chamber very rightly points out that the attitude of the Bengal Chamber is certainly not conducive to creating the necessary goodwill and spirit of co-operation and partnership between Britain and India by resolving the existing deadlock in their mutual interests and for achieving a common objective. The Indian Chamber characterises such an attitude as a positive disservice to the common cause. The representatives of British Commercial interests have time and again declared that they have nothing to do with politics and are only interested in their business. "But", says the Indian Chamber, "it is obvious that this abstinence from politics consists only in refusing support to the legitimate aspirations of their Indian fellow countrymen, but does not come in the way of their taking active steps for the perpetuation of their own privileges, and in supporting the policy of the British Government, however unsatisfactory and reactionary it might be." The Indian Chamber's warning should be headed by the British businessmen in India if they care for an early settlement between India and Britain.

Frankly Speaking

Papen's Assurances

"It is stated", says a Reuter message from Ankara, "that Herr von Papen placed no demands and asked for nothing of Turkey, but stressed the friendly relations between the two countries since the were Allies in the last war, and undoubtedly told the Turks that Germany was willing to trade on a large scale". It is quite possible that Herr Hitler, preparing for a drive against the British through Syria does not want to take on a tough opponent. His fight with the Turks may upset his whole programme and victory may cost him dear. It is, therefore, an adventure not without risks. But if the Turks are, as it is reported, not going to rely on assurances, they are wise. As to the extension of trade relations, they will, as we have already said, have to accept it because their present strategical position imposes this necessity upon them.

Rashid Ali's Duty

Marshal Petain and his colleagues are deliberately holding back the terms of Franco-German collaboration. This very fact gives point to the British allegations regarding the virtual French surrender of Syria to Germany in open breach of the Armistice Agreements and of the undertakings given by France. As a British paper suggests, relations between Vichy and London are now in a critical stage and may lead to anything. In the meantime Syria has become a danger spot. But the point is that the British are ready before the Germans are fully prepared. Here is something for Rashid Ali to ponder over. There is a British Army stationed in Palestine and Transjordan which threatens both Syria and Iraq. There is also the Basrah garrison which is being continuously reinforced. He cannot stand up to this two-fold threat; because even if it were possible substantial German assistance will take too long to arrive. We wish he would accept Turkish mediation and save Iraq from avoidable devastation.

Britain And Japan

Britain's record of dealings with Japan had for years been one of ignominy and cynicism. Only last year was it somewhat relieved by the reopening of the Burmah Road. That marked the beginning of a welcome change which was confirmed the other day by a refreshingly firm statement by Mr. Anthony Eden about Japan. And it has been followed within twenty-four hours by the announcement that further military, naval and air reinforcements have arrived in Malaya from Britain. This seems to be a clear warning to Japan that her aggression southwards would be resisted and that if she wants the re-establishment of economic relations she must change her policy.

Chiang-Kai-Shek's Offer

There is no reason to hope that Japan would change her present policy, but it is not impossible that British and American determination to resist may force her to revise her future plans as formulated by M. Matsuoka. But much will, in our opinion, depend upon developments in connection with the "China Incident". The Japanese seem to have realised that without first liquidating that "Incident" they can do nothing else safely. It cannot be liquidated peacefully for the simple reason that that would involve clearing out of China and, therefore, a staggering blow to Japan Hence the grand offensive with the help of troops released from Manchukuo by the Russo-Japanese Neutrally Pact. The Japanese have been making all sorts of claims about this offensive, but most of them have already be denied by the Chinese. Moreover, it has very frequently happened that loud promises of imminent Japanese victories have vanished into nothingness. And in any case this offensive cannot by any means settle the "Incident" decisively and Japan will have to continue the disastrous task of fighting an unconquerable opponent. There is no doubt that Marshal Chiang Kai-shek is quite right when he says that if friendly Powers go on assisting him with material and economic support they can safely leave Japan to China.

Soil Erosion In Western India

By R. G. ALLAN, (Commissioner of Agriculture, Baroda).

II

The problem of soil erosion, as it is to-day, cannot however be dealt with piecemeal. The danger can only be counteracted by the thoughtout application of several methods of defence, each applied so as to perform its functions in conjunction with others and made to apply over substantial areas of country and not merely to individual or isolated patches. It demands a well considered project after adequate survey of the soil and topographical conditions, in which in its proper place each method of defence is duly applied. It calls for the close co-operation of the several territorial units of jurisdiction embraced in the tract to which a project is to apply and it demands the co-operation of each farmer and landowner within the tract a co-operation which, if need be, must be enforced by the State or States controlling the area under reclamation.

★

Offensive measures to combat the evil can be classed as arboricultural, agricultural and mechanical methods, including in the second the development and control of grass lands within the project. The first named devotes itself to bush or tree planting, either on its own or in association with certain mechanical measures. It is essentially the principal method on the areas of steeper slope, the hill tops and in the gullies where earth has collected. Much of the major damage caused by rivers arises near their sources and it is here that afforestation is at its best. The second shows itself in such practices as cultivation and plantings parallel to the contour instead of down the slope and in strip cropping. In so far as grass is concerned it is in evidence in the grassing up of water channels, again often in conjunction with earlier mechanical steps, the putting under grass of worn out areas of poor cultivated land below the margin of cultivation, cross checks across the slope of the country and lastly and by no means the least a strict control of the grazing, even its closure, till a covering has been secured. The third may at times call for definite masonry construction usually it finds its expression in trenches excavated along the contours wherein earth will collect and on which grass can grow, terraces carefully aligned along the contours of cultivated lands, substantial earth bunds across the slope and the plugging of gullies with temporary obstructions, created from boulders, staked brushwood or sand bags, built primarily to allow of the collection of soil on which grass, shrubs, trees, vines, and other soil binders can be established.

★

To engage in afforestation of the headwaters of the Sabarmati as the only means of attack will not prevent the violent denudation in progress along the bank as caused by the hundreds of torrents which pour down into the valley of the river from the higher undulating country through which it flows, even though coordinated steps of this kind in the upper reaches of the Saraswati and Banas might largely reduce the vast sand deposits with which these valleys are being filled. To enter on an active campaign of plugging the kotars along the Sabarmati, Mahi and Nerbuda will do but little, unless contour bounding, cultivation and organised water control in the agricultural country behind the evident kotar tract controls the run off into the kotars or unless the worst of the undulating areas is taken out of cultivation and put to grass or trees. And in both the region of the headwaters and along the scarred banks of the rivers, grass and grazing control must form an integral part of any effective project.

★

The loss of the old cover of vegetation in the upper reaches of many of the rivers, which drain Northern Gujerat and the deforestation of Kathiawar have been undoubtedly instrumental in causing the declining rainfall and the advance of those desert conditions which in but a few years time will bring much of the tract below the level of effective cropping, while the same factor, coupled with uncontrolled grazing, ill-advised farming methods, and the putting of unsuitable areas under the plough but stimulates the general decline of its utility to man.

★

The position here and in many other parts of India is critical. Erosion, as is now in evidence, has resulted in the loss of land, which once was farmed and has lowered the general fertility of what is still farmed.. It may be possible as by exceptional price levels, to be able to continue farming such areas or it may be possible, as by heavy manuring and the use of fertilizers to ward off for a brief season the inevitable, but these can be but temporary in their effect and eventually the crop producing levels must fall resulting in the surrender of land, the emigration of the inhabitants and an upsetting of the whole basis of taxation. No one would claim that soil erosion is the one and only factor which may lead to the economic disruption of a

(Continued on Page 9.)

War Aims

(By J. B. KRIPALANI.)

II

Some people, specially in India, seem to think, and they are encouraged by the authorities, that the demand of British war and peace aims is peculiar to the Indian National Congress. This, however, is not the fact. Very little that agitates people in England, finds its way here in the Indian press, thanks to the censorship. But whatever little occasionally trickles through, indicates an almost universal desire among all classes of British people for an authoritative declaration of British war aims. The only section that does not bother about war aims, beyond the obvious one of winning it, is the narrow circle of the ruling classes. There is also nothing new in the demand. It is not peculiar to this war. In the last war the aims of the Allies were stated on many occasions by responsible statesmen. Ultimately they found expression in President Wilson's 14 points. These were generally accepted by the Allies. Whether in the last or the present conflagration England has been pre-eminently responsible for raising moral expectations. It fights only for the preservation of the liberty of small nations, for democracy, self-determination and such like things. It never fights for economic and imperial end! A demand, therefore, of clear statement of aims becomes natural, apart from any other considerations.

★

In the last war America insisted upon the formulation and acceptance of war aims because it had not yet developed the present fear complex; nor was it obsessed by the idea of its imperial influence in the Pacific being in danger. Japan in the last war was on the side of the Allies and there was no immediate danger from that quarter. It was only a remote contingency. The American entry in the last war was, therefore, more or less motivated by altruistic and international considerations. President Wilson himself was a man of high and ideal principles. What, however, happened to these war aims, after Germany was defeated, is too well known a story to need repetition here. President Wilson and America found themselves outwitted in the peace negotiations. England and France did what they thought best. They dictated to the vanquished terms so just and liberal that even after a great deal of modification carried out during the course of 20 years, they led the world to the present conflagration. That the allies could not have the Kaiser's head was no fault of theirs. What did America gain? It only got the reputation of being a new and raw country that did not understand the niceties and intricacies of civilised international diplomacy. The very debts advanced to the Allies were repudiated. The result was a policy of isolation. America refused to join the League of Nations and washed her hands clean of civilised European politics.

★

In the present war its policy has, therefore, been different. Like Russia it has been taking the greatest advantage of the war at the cheapest price. Cash and carry, but in your own bottoms, old, out of date war-ships exchanged for strategic positions in the two oceans, frighten the people into consenting to bear the burdens of the biggest and the best navy and an uptodate mechanised land army! But what

(Continued on Page 12.)

Marathi Journalists' Conference

(By T. V. PARVATE)

A conference of Marathi speaking journalists from all over Maharashtra is announced to be held at Poona on Sunday under the presidentship of Mr. N. R. Phatak, a senior member of the staff of 'Nawa Kal'. Mr. J. S. Karandikar, editor of the 'Kesari' is Chairman of the reception Committee

For the last few days this conference seems to have aroused unusual curiosity in the mind of t. Marathi speaking public. Beside journalists themselvse, people who can be called readers only have taken much interest in what this conference should do. Various suggestions have been made in newspapers and periodicals in this behalf. Most newspapers have naturally welcomed this move.

* * * *

There was a good deal of discussion on this and allied topics at Dr. Bhalerao's house last Sunday when the President-elect Mr. Phatak was entertained to dinner. From this discussion, it appears that quite a number of topics will come up for discussion at the Conference and it will not be easy to do justice to them all during the session of only a day.

* * * *

Relations between the Press and the Government in respect of publication of news and operation of the various laws of the land will naturally figure largely in the proceedings. The conditions of employment of Marathi journalists will be another important subject. Relations between the film companies and the All-India Radio as well as the Information Departments of Provincial India Governments will constitute the third important topic. These will cover a very wide field, indeed, but attempt must be made to get some time for discussion about the provision for minimum training and test for those who wish to take journalism as a full time profession.

* * * *

Both the Chairman and the President as well as the other veterans of Marathi journalism who are expected to be present can surely devise a programme of work for this organisation of the journalists and work for its fulfilment, if the conference shows seriousness in the matters and appoints an energetic executive for that purpose. If some work on these lines is decided upon, th Conference will have met to some purpose.

* * * *

There is talk in some quarters for the formation of a trade union of journalists. I am all for trade unionism in the case of industrial workers. Newspaper publishing is an industry but it has not yet reached such an organised stage as to require separate organisations of employers and employees. Indeed quite a number

(Continued on Page 8.)

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

SINGAPORE, May 15.

A large number of troops from Britain arrived here on Wednesday afternoon, consisting of British army, air force and naval reinforcements, it is officially announced. The army units, which form the bulk of the forces, include all arms of the Service—infantry, artillery and army service corps.

—Reuter.

* * * *

In an interview in Bangalore Mr. M. A. Jinnah paid a tribute to Sir Mirza Ismail's "ability tact, thoroughness and foresight". If only the Qaid-e-Azam—eh? Yes, you are right.

* * * *

The Working Committee of the Calcutta District Muslim League has viewed "with resentment and disapproval". Mr Fazlul Huq's reported statements at Meerut and Delhi.

It's, as we have always urged, quite all right. Mr. Huq will make a statement at Calcutta which will cure the Working Committee's troubles—and re-emphasise his own chronic one.

* * * *

From proceedings in the Commons:—

"Mr. Cocks (Labour): Is it not a fact that since the Vichy Government left the League of Nations the Mandate for Syria no longer exists.

Mr. Eden: I should like to have notice of that, but there is certainly force in Mr. Cock's suggestion".

Isn't there? But there was, of course, none when a similar situation arose regarding Japan and a League Mandate in the —er—nice old days.

* * * *

It is stated in Ankara that Herr von Papen placed no demands and asked for nothing of Turkey.

We have always acknowledged that the Nazis are capable of miraculous achievements.

But this one we simply refuse to credit them with.

* * * *

"The question for you, Frenchmen, now is to follow me without reservation along the path of honour and national interest".

—Marshal Petain.

Whatever else may or may not result from Franco-German collaboration the venerable gallant Marshal's right to utter the word "honour" remains intact.

* * * *

Among the advantages which, the Petain regime assures the French public, will acrue from France's surrender to Germany will be the release of a large number of the 2 million of French prisoners.

During the last war, French leaders, including the Marshal, actually—and brutally?—preferred to sacrifice the lives of over 2 million Frenchmen with the foolish object of not surrendering to Germany.

* * * *

According to Mr. Massaryk, the Free Czech Foreign Minister: "There are no good Nazis Hess is a first class swine with a capital"

In fact he is a leader of the S.S. Force.

* * * *

Reuter's Military Commentator —the Septuagenarian General Gough, we believe—gives revealing details of the Fuhrer's offensive plans and their directions.

We fully agree with the General—because he exhausts all the possibilities.

* * * *

A report via Ankara says that Herr Hitler is concentrating 15 divisions in the Danubian province of Rumania.

If wishes were horses they would be immediately galloped across the Russo-German frontier.

* * * *

A benevolent-looking white-haired old man entered a bus.

"George", said the conductor, going round at the first stop to speak to the driver. "I believe we've got the Archbishop of Canterbury on board".

"Ask him and make sure" said the driver.

Returning to his platform the conductor proceeded to do this and was received with a volley of abuse

"George", said the conductor, returning in a subdued manner, "so far as I've been able to gather it isn't the Archbishop".

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Many a woman who doesn't know her own mind gives her husband a piece of it.

* * *

Occasionally a woman spends a lot of time looking for a husband after she gets him.

* * * *

A man may be able to trade in reputation for money, but he can't trade back.

* * * *

A man has a heavy load to carry when his wife tries to share it by putting all his earnings on her back.

* * * *

A man is not always known by the company he associates with —as the company sometimes discovers to its cost.

* * * *

When a small boy refuses a second piece of pie it's a sign there is something wrong with him—or with the pie.

Prelude To Goering 'Coup d' Etat'?

Otto Strasser Tells Inside Story of Hess Flight

Hitler Gets Shock Of His Life: Big Purge In Progress In Germany

The "Daily Telegraph" Montreal correspondent cabled on May 13:—

Otto Strasser, leader of the Anti-Nazi "Black Front" and formerly a close associate of Nazi leaders, in an interview here to-day attributed Hess's flight to a long-standing schism between Goering and the army group on the one hand and Hitler, Hess, Goebbels and Himmler on the other.

GOERING 'COUP D' ETAT'

He said the escape seemed to indicate that the German army Chiefs and Goering were seeking to overthrow the Nazi Party. "Within an hour of the accession of Goering to power, Goebbels and Himmler would be shot dead. That is why Hess flew for his life. As leader of the Nazi Party his life would not have been worth a moment's purchase.

ALL IS NOT WELL

"All is not well in Germany as people would think. Within the country there is unrest and this sudden and spectacular escape is an indication of that unrest."

DAMAGING LOSS TO NAZI GERMANY

The "Daily Telegraph" reports:

Dr. Hermann Rauschning, formerly a close associate of Rudolf Hess and Nazi President of the Danzig Senate, who fled to this country to escape from Nazi terrorism in 1935, made the following statement yesterday:

"Hess's flight is more serious for Germany than the last battle would be.

"He was one of a great number of Germans who gave their allegiance to Nazism because they were persuaded that it would lead Germany to better times. Among them his flight must cause questioning.

"His influence in the Party's inner circle was important and his flight means that the Nazis have suffered a damaging loss.

"It is difficult to estimate the effect on the army. Certain officers looked to Hess as a man who represented their ideals, but there are plenty of others with wilder views just as there are moderates and extremists among the people at large."

BIG PURGE IN PROGRESS

The "Daily Telegraph" correspondent on the German Frontier cabled on May 14:

The extent to which the German people have been shaken by the news of Hess's flight to Britain is shown by the fact that even neutrals friendly to Germany report from Berlin that terrible perplexity and consternation now prevail.

Meanwhile there are many signs that Hitler has ordered a revision and overhaul of the Nazi Party. A purge on a large scale is believed to be in progress.

Nazi Chiefs are now trying to get out of the dilemma in which they have put themselves by statements made following Hess's flight to Britain. They are faced with the problem of either admitting that Hitler's Deputy, confidant and Party Chief has for many years been in a gradually increasing condition of lunacy or that the official 'communiques' to this effect have been false and issued merely to cover up the truth.

They are now stating that Hess bore only the courtesy title of Deputy Fuhrer and was a Minister of little importance, Goering being the real Deputy.

GERMANY DEPRESSED

The "Daily Telegraph" special correspondent on the German Frontier cabled on May 13:—

Cables from Germany indicate that all Germany was depressed to-day over the news that Hess had flown to Britain.

The assertion officially made by the Nazis that Hitler's Deputy, Adviser and confidant had been known in party circles for some time to have been "consulting hypnotists and astrologers" has created great depression.

It is widely commented that the first German official "communique" seems to have been issued hastily in a moment of great excitement, thus rendering the compilation of subsequent "communiques" more difficult.

From this it is argued that it is strange that "communiques" about astrologers should continue to be issued.

Further the official German explanation that Hess was enticed into a trap by the British has aroused as much mingled perplexity and amusement as the original sensational story of his flight to Scotland.

The German press this morning continue to print only last night's original official "communique" but in the release now of the full story the Nazi leaders seem to be busy trying to explain this away.

The announcement of Hess's flight was made in the Swiss press with banner headlines. The majority of the people were hardly able to grasp or believe it even when it appeared in cold print and from the most authentic sources possible.

The news spread like wildfire. Later last night and early this morning telephones all over Europe were overburdened with calls from people communicating the news to friends.

The speculation everywhere is that Hess is mad, though many do not believe that this is so. Both believers and unbelievers, however, point to the official German explanation that Hess has been suffering for many years from illness and has steadily worsened and remark that if this version is accurate the Nazis admit that Hitler's right hand man has long been mentally deficient.

Comment is general on the seriousness of a situation which made necessary the issue of such a statement.

BIGGEST SHOCK TO HITLER

The "Daily Telegraph" Madrid correspondent cabled on May 14:—

Hess has undoubtedly given Adolf Hitler the biggest and most painful shock of his life, declares the Berlin correspondent of the official Spanish News Agency. He points out that Hess was a "model of disciplined man whose faith in his Fuhrer was unlimited and who regarded Hitler as a God, as was transparent in his speeches".

The correspondent adds that the flight was such a tremendous happening that for the first time since the war started the German people lost their calm, spending the day commenting on the news.

He says he heard versions from the so-called man in the street which would enable him "quickly to write a really thrilling book", but he was compelled to confine himself to the official news. A week ago in the eyes of everybody Hess continued to be the man who enjoyed the maximum of Hitler's confidence.

The only newspaper comment so far is that of "A B C" whose heading to-day ran "Hess's strange adventure has no influence on course of war".

DEALING HITLER MORTAL BLOW

Duff Cooper On 'Coiling Up Of Power'

LONDON, May 16.

Mr. Duff Cooper Broadcasting early Friday morning to Latin America, said Britain would continue on her determined way until she has massed within her island fortress enough material to deal Hitler a mortal blow and win the war. "This coiling up of the springs of power," he said, "is being achieved by Britain's sea and air might".—Reuter.

FAZLUL HUQ ACCEPTS LEAGUE CHALLENGE

Says He Will Pursue His Efforts To End Deadlock To The End: Appeal To Cease Strife And Build United India Founded On Love

CALCUTTA, May 16.

Determination to pursue the move suggested by him to bring about a solution of the present political deadlock in the country to the very end, is reiterated by the Bengal Premier, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, in a statement issued to the press to-night.

REPLY TO LEAGUE

Beginning with a reference to the criticism of his action, by the Calcutta District Muslim League, Mr. Huq says:—

"I feel that I should express my strongest condemnation of the attitude taken up by the Calcutta District Muslim League towards my efforts to bring about a peaceful solution of the present political tangle in India. I only suggested one obvious method of solution, namely, by calling a Round Table Conference of all the leaders representing various communities and interests where all possible schemes for the Future Constitution of India could be dispassionately discussed and considered on their merits. In such a conference no scheme, however apparently fantastical, would be ruled out. Every one would have a fair hearing and the utmost possible opportunity of placing his view point.

CHALLENGE ACCEPTED

In these circumstances it is difficult to understand why the Calcutta District Muslim League should view with resentment and disapproval the course I have taken. There was no question of going over the head or the tail of the League or of challenging the authority of any leader, Muslim or non-Muslim. There was no justification for the Working Committee to characterise my action as individualistic and purely personal.

The members of the League ought to remember that I am not merely the oldest member of the League in India at the present moment, but that I have done more for the League than the biggest personalities who seem to dominate the fortunes of this body. If the District Muslim League or the Bengal Provincial Muslim League wish to challenge my leadership of Muslim opinion in Bengal or outside I shall be always ready to accept this challenge, but I do not approve of the manner in which my motives are being misconstrued and misrepresented; and it is time that I sounded a note of warning to those busy bodies who think that they have got a monopoly of patriotism or of affection for the Muslim community. If they want to fight me on any political issue I will not be the man to run away from such a fight.

WILL PURSUE MOVE

As for the present peace move which I have suggested, I wish to make it absolutely clear that I am determined to pursue it to the very end. In my opinion a Future Constitution of India must be built not on strife, but on love, and it is in this view that I shall make an appeal to all the warring communities to cease their strife and sit together to evolve a solution of the present difficulties and work out a scheme which will be worthy of India and its peoples.

My sole object in initiating this peace move has been to take all possible steps to end the present deadlock so that a United India may put forth the utmost possible efforts in defence of the country. This object ought to appeal to any patriotic Indian and it does not obviously militate against the principles of any political organisation in India".—A P.

ANTI-SEPARATION CONFERENCE

KUMBAKONAM, May 15.

Elaborate arrangements are in progress in connection with the Anti-Separation Conference which will take place here on June 1.

About two thousand delegates, and a number of prominent leaders from various parts of India are expected to attend the Conference.

Mr. M. Y. Sheriff, a former Congress Minister in the C. P., has accepted the invitation of the Reception Committee to preside over the Conference. Mr. S. A. Brelvi, Editor, "The Bombay Chronicle," Bombay, will open the Conference.—A. P.

LORD LIVERPOOL DEAD

LONDON, May 16.

The death has occurred of Lord Liverpool, former Governor-General of New Zealand.—Reuter.

GERMAN SHIP AT RECIFE

RECIFE (Pernambuco), May 16.

The German cargo steamer "Lech" has arrived here.—Reuter

AMERICA'S MOST POWERFUL WARSHIP

"Washington" Commissioned Six Months Ahead Of Schedule

WASHINGTON, May 15.

The most powerful battleship of the United States, the 'Washington' (35,000 tons) has been commissioned six months ahead of schedule. Its main armament consists of nine sixteen-inch guns and it has a speed of 30 knots. Its cruising range is 5,000 miles. The 'Washington' cost 16 million pounds.

The United States Maritime Commission announced that the construction of the first 200 merchantships under the shipbuilding programme had begun two weeks ahead of schedule.—Reuter.

GENERAL MOTORS STRIKE AVERTED

Management Concedes Labour Demand

WASHINGTON May 16.

The strike which is threatened at General Motors Factory for to-night has been averted, the management having accepted the recommendation of the Mediation Board.

The new agreement grants the demands of the Unions for an increase in wages of ten cents an hour.

The total number of workers affected is 250,000 spread over 89 factories.—Reuter.

CAPT. ROOSEVELT SEES KING FAROUK

LONDON, May 16.

Captain James Roosevelt—the United States President's eldest son—was received by King Farouk of Egypt on his return from Crete.

Captain Roosevelt handed the King a signed letter from the President, says a Cairo dispatch to the Independent French News Agency.

Captain Roosevelt has now taken up his duties as United States air observer with the R.A.F. in the Middle East.—Reuter.

BERLIN RADIO ON HESS EPISODE

"A Personal Tragedy": Did Not Act From Dishonourable Motives"

LONDON, May 16.

The Berlin radio last night with an air of finality announced that the Hess episode was a "personal tragedy". Hess, it added, did not act from dishonourable motives. Meanwhile the German people are thinking of nothing else but the flight of Hess.

According to a Spanish correspondent the German Government is severely applying the laws prohibiting the listening to foreign broadcasts.

It is disclosed in London that the Duke of Hamilton had a second talk with Hess last night.

KIRK-PATRICK STILL WITH HESS

Mr. Ivone Kirkpatrick, the Foreign Office Official, who was sent to Scotland to verify the identity of Hess is still with him. It is stated in authoritative circles to-day. Mr. Kirk-Patrick did not accompany the Duke of Hamilton to London last night.—Reuter.

"NEITHER SPY NOR TRAITOR"

LONDON, May 16.

Herr Hess was described as an "absolutely fanatical supporter of the Nazi system, who was honest and sincere", by Sir Neville Henderson, the former British Ambassador in Berlin, making his first pronouncement at Stamford, Lincolnshire to-day on the escape of Hess.

Sir Neville Henderson who knew Herr Hess very well while in Germany said: "I regard Herr Hess as an adopted son of Hitler; a man to whom Hitler was devoted and who was devoted to Hitler.

I do not know much more than you do about his flight, but I do know Hess". He did not think that Hess had come to Britain to give away German secrets nor had he come as a spy.. The momentous step which he had taken and which he knew would cause fury and resentment on the part of his Leader showed how deep the feeling must be in Germany to-day.

CALCUTTA EDITOR PLEADS NOT GUILTY

CALCUTTA, May 15.

A charge under the Defence of India Rules was framed to-day by the Additional District Magistrate at Alipore against Mr. Niranjan Sing Taleb, editor of "Deshdarpan", a Gurmukhi Daily. Mr. Taleb is being prosecuted in connection with an article published in his paper on April 30

The accused pleaded "not guilty" to the charge and the hearing was adjourned to May 26.—A. P.

RUBBER STRIKE IN MALAYA

Production In Selangor States Being Brought To A Standstill

KUALA LUMPUR, May 16.

Rubber production in Selangor State has been brought for the time being largely to a standstill as a result of labour unrest which is believed to be due to the work of political agitators. Volunteer forces have been called out to control the situation.

The unrest is ascribed to agitators because the labourers are believed to have no grievances since wages in Malaya are the highest in the history of the rubber industry and conditions generally are very satisfactory.

The workers on strike have presented no demands to the employers, but have ceased work owing to threats of violence from the agitators if they continued working.

Owing to the importance of rubber to the Imperial war effort the Government has declared its determination to take all steps to restore order and has instituted military measures and police patrols.

The agitators are picketing some estates in small gangs armed with sticks and other improvised weapons. The Government is closely watching the situation and it is hoped that early restoration to order is possible.—Reuter.

NEED FOR GANDHI—JINNAH MEETING

HYDERABAD (Dn.), May 16.

"I am sure that a Gandhi-Jinnah pact would be more memorable and historic than the Gandhi-Irwin Pact", says Mr. Akbar Ali, Leader of the Nationalist Muslims of Hyderabad, in a press statement requesting Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru to make yet another effort to bring Mahatma Gandhi and Mr. M. A. Jinnah together.

With regard to Gandhiji's insistence not to meet Mr. Jinnah as the representative of Hindus, Mr. Akbar Ali observes: "I can understand Gandhiji's feelings that this would amount to letting down the Congress Nationalist Muslims, but has not Mr. Asaf Ali declared on behalf of the Nationalist Muslims that they would not stand in the way of a settlement between Gandhiji and Mr. Jinnah?"

Concluding Mr. Akbar Ali says: "If for some reason this is not possible, I would draw Sir Tej Bahadur's attention to a scheme of communal settlement sponsored by Mr. S. Srinivasa Iyengar, ex-President of the Congress, which Gandhiji promised to consider, when I personally took the scheme to him."—United Press.

Hess's Flight Was Carefully Planned

May Day Speech Recalled To Support Theory

LONDON, May 15.

The following cable has been received from London:

Light on the Hess affair which suggests that his action, far from being an impulsive act of "madness," was carefully calculated in advance is contained in the speech which Hess made at the May Day meeting of the Reich Labour Chamber in the Augsberg Messerschmitt Werks—the works from which he obtained the Messerschmitt for his flight. On this occasion he said:—

"Because of my personal memories, the celebration here to-day in this large Messerschmitt works at Augsburg is for me particularly agreeable, for I knew these works at a time when the whole concern was composed of a couple of buildings which to-day one must look for among these gigantic sheds with a magnifying glass, so to speak.

I like to remember the times when I often landed here with my Messerschmitt sports plane. At that time I knew almost every worker here by sight, and certainly every worker who had anything to do with my sports plane knew me to-day, these few workers have become thousands and thousands."

Germans Listen To Broadcast

The B. B. C. Foreign News Service are convinced that the flight of Hess to Scotland is the most important story they have had to handle since the war began and are sparing no effort to give it the maximum world publicity.

They are confident that whatever attempts to explain the escape are made by Goebbels's organisation, the truth is already widely known in Europe.

After the British official announcement had been broadcast in English it was transmitted in Czech, Spanish, Norwegian and French before 2 a.m. German who listen in to British broadcasts heard the fullest possible account at their usual listening times.

All yesterday bulletins constantly under revision as fresh facts were established were being broadcast in a huge variety of languages.

Comment and speculation were however, restricted largely to the dissection and rebuttal of frantic efforts made by German radio commentators to minimise the importance of the news.

Hamilton Not Pro-German

In the course of his broadcast talk on the B.B.C. Major Alan Murray made the following comments on the dramatic flight of Hess:

The news about Hess has not taken us very much further. Conjecture is right, as it naturally would be after such a sensational event. Only when the Prime Minister makes his statement shall we get the hard facts.

There are one or two things we have found out, however, we know that Hess told the Scottish ploughman that he had enough of the war and that great distress had resulted in Germany from our air raids.

But passing from, shall I say, the sublime to the ridiculous, we hear from Germany that astrologers, soothsayers, and the palmists are taboo on the German stage to-day.

Any suggestion that the reason Hess tried to get in touch with the Duke of Hamilton was because the latter had leanings towards Germany is ridiculous.

I know the Duke personally. He is an Air Commodore in the Royal Air Force, and incidentally, the youngest of his rank. He was famous in 1933 as the pilot who flew over the top of Mount Everest, now, like every other member of the R.A.F. he is engaged in fighting the Germans.

It is rather rough luck on him that Hess's landing in the Park of Dungavel should apparently have been the cause of such talk. Hess, having met the Duke at the Olympic Games in Berlin in 1936, would naturally try to make contact with some one who could identify him.

WHEN IS GOERING GOING TO LAND IN SCOTLAND?

The following cable has been received from London:

The "New York Sun" of May 13 wrote: "When a man escapes from a madhouse it is a fair presumption that he is mad, but there is also a possibility that he is not so mad as some of the inmates."

The "New York Sun" columnist Boome writes: "I'll bet that thousands of Scotsmen are out on the moors looking for a parachute with Goering dangling from it."—Reuter.

DUFF COOPER SEES PREMIER

LONDON, May 16.

It is learned in London that the Duke of Hamilton and Mr. Ivone Kirkpatrick of the Foreign Office after seeing Hess to-day flew to London. On their arrival they proceeded immediately to see Mr. Duff Cooper, Minister of Information.

Few hours after Hess's "arrival" he had seen the Duke of Hamilton who was granted special leave from the R A. F. to visit him.

DUFF COOPER SEES CHURCHILL

It is believed that after his interview with the Duke of Hamilton and Mr. Kirkpatrick, Mr. Duff Cooper saw the Prime Minister with the object of giving him a report of the conversation with the Duke. It is thought possible that Mr. Churchill might find himself able to give further information to the House of Commons based on this report.—Reuter.

DOCKS IN CALAIS AND BOULOGNE ALSO ATTACKED: RAIDS ON MALTA AND CYPRUS

(Continued from Page 1.)

that the attack was delivered from such a low level that one British bomber swept away the radio aerial of one ship. The bomber released its bombs into the vessel which was subsequently seen to be well alight. The squadron leader who had selected the largest vessel for himself explained ruefully that just when he was about to release his bombs "two other planes beat me to it."—Reuter.

HANOVER. MAIN OBJECTIVE.

Hanover was the main objective of a strong force of British bombers which raided Germany on Thursday night, it is learned. Many fires were started in the industrial quarters of the town. some of Britain's largest bombers attacked Berlin. Small attacks were also made on objectives in Hamburg and Cuxhaven.

AIR ACTIVITY OVER CRETE.

There has been considerable air activity over Crete, it is authoritatively learned in London. Malema and Heraklion have been bombed by the enemy but the attacks did not cause either damage or casualties. Five raiders were brought down.—Reuter.

BOMBS DROPPED OVER MALTA.

MALTA:—There was considerable damage to civilian property and some people were killed on Wednesday night's raid which was carried out by a smaller formation of enemy planes than usual. Bombs were dropped but there were no naval or R.A.F. property damaged and no service casualties, states an official "communique."—Reuter.

CYPRUS BOMBED.

NICOSIA:—It is officially announced that a small force of enemy bombers visited Cyprus on Thursday morning dropping bombs at various places. Casualties hitherto reported are three persons wounded. Damage is believed to be very slight.

HEAVY DAMAGE TO WESMINSTER ABBEY

LONDON, May 16.

At least £135,000 worth of damage has been done at Westminster Abbey, as the result of the raids since last September. The damage during last Saturday night's raid on London accounts for £100,000 of this figure.—Reuter.

BENGAL LABOUR ASSOCIATION OFFICE SEARCHED

CALCUTTA, May 16.

The special branch of the Calcutta Police searched this evening the office of the Bengal Labour Association and seized from there about 800 handbills alleged to have been issued by the Secretary of the E. B. Railwaymen's Union, and two books on Marxism written by Lenin and Klara Zetkin. No arrests were, however made.—A. P.

The first batch of Italian war prisoners—numbering ninety-one—moved to the Boosa internment camp, recently completed on the site of the Boosa race course.

"The inauguration ceremony of the building of "Harijan Chatra Kutir, Pusad" was presided over by Mr. M. S. Aney, M.L.A. (Central) on May 5.

Munshi Interviews Pandit Pant In Jail

Satyagraha Offices & Houses Of Congressmen Searched In Cawnpore

MASS CONVICTIONS FOR MAY DAY SATYAGRAHA

ALMORA, May 16.

MR. K. M. MUNSHI, FORMER MINISTER, BOMBAY GOVERNMENT, AND MRS. MUNSHI, WHO ARRIVED HERE YESTERDAY EVENING FROM NAINI TAL, INTERVIEWED PANDIT G. V. PANT, FORMER PREMIER, U. P., IN THE DISTRICT JAIL TO-DAY. THE INTERVIEW LASTED TWO HOURS.

MR. MUNSHI TOLD THE ASSOCIATED PRESS THAT PANDIT PANT WAS IN EXCELLENT HEALTH AND WAS VERY CHEERFUL.

MR. MUNSHI INTENDS TO STAY HERE FOR FOUR DAYS.—A. P.

SEARCHES IN CAWNPORE

CAWNPORE, May 16.

The offices of the city and District Satyagraha Committee were searched to-day by the Police who are reported to have seized some papers.

Some Printing Presses in the city as well as the residence of two Congressmen were also searched by the Police.—A. P.

PURNIMA BANERJI ARRESTED

ALLAHABAD, May 16.

Mrs. Purnima Banerji, in charge of the Satyagraha campaign in Allahabad has been taken into Police custody under Sec. 129 of the Defence of India Rules this morning following a search of her house. She was removed to Naini Central Prison.—United Press.

SEARCHES AND ARRESTS IN LUCKNOW

LUCKNOW, May 16.

Following a three-hour-search into the offices of the U. P. Congress Socialist Party, the U. P. Kisan Sangh and the "Sangharsa", a Congress Socialist weekly, the local Police took away a large number of pamphlets issued by the Socialist Party, including two books on Socialism and Socialist Unity by Mr. Jaiprakash Narain.

Mr. Shanticharan Pidwara, Joint Secretary of the U. P. Socialist Party, and Mr. Ramendranath Verma, Joint Secretary of the U. P. Kisan Sangh, were arrested under Section 129 of the Defence of India Rules.

Mr. Chandrauday Dixit, President of the Lucknow Press Workers' Union, was arrested last night under the Defence of India Rules.—United Press.

SOCIALIST & KISAN OFFICES RAIDED

Two Officials Arrested

LUCKNOW, May 16.

The local Police carried out searches in the offices of the U. P. Provincial Congress Socialist Party and the U. P. Kisan Sangh this morning and are reported to have taken away some papers and books.

Mr. Shanti Charan Pindara and Mr. Ramendra Nath Verma, Joint Secretaries of the U. P. Kisan Sangh, were arrested under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

SATYAGRAHA IN KARNATAK

DHARWAR, May 15.

From Karnatak Provincial Congress Committees:—

DHARWAR DISTRICT:—Shris Basavaraddi Kiresur, Tippanna Kuratti, Ningappa Mathapati were sentenced to 3 months' S. I. and Shri Gadigeppa Samsi was sentenced to 4 months' S. I. for offering Satyagraha.

Shris Mahadevappa Sullad, Gurupadappa Wali, Devaraddi Tirlapur were all arrested for shouting anti-war slogans.

Shrimati Basanima Kusgur was released from Hindalgi Jail on the 11th after the completion of the term of her imprisonment.

BELGAUM DISTRICT:—Two women, Bhagirathibai Pattar and Phakiravva Ehichunnavar, offered Satyagraha and were sentenced to one day and Rs. 50 fine in default 2 months' S. I.

Out of the 81 Satyagrahis arrested on the 5th, 39 Satyagrahis were tried and were sentenced to 4 months' R. I. and Rs. 50 fine in default 2 months' R. I.; and 14 Satyagrahis were sentenced to 4 months' R. I.

Shri Veerayya Pujari was sentenced to 4 months' S. I. and Shris Hanamappa Balsanakoppa, Hanamappa Dasaraddi, Totappa Narayanpur, Hari Mane, Veerappa Chelavadi, Basavanneyya Kambimath, and Parappa Choudar were all sentenced to 4 months' R. I. and Rs. 50 fine, in default 2 months' R. I. for offering Satyagraha.

Shri Venkappa Koppad was sentenced to 4 months' R. I. and Rs. 200 fine, in default further imprisonment of 3 months' R. I.

Shris Adiveppa Mangalagatti and Phakirappa Melavanki were arrested on the 7th for shouting anti-war slogans.

BELLARY DISTRICT:—Shris T. B. Keshavarao, ex-Secretary Harijan Sevak Sangh, and M. Narayanrao though they offered Satyagraha by shouting anti-war slogans were not arrested. Shri Keshavarao is now touring in Adavani and Kosagi on propaganda.

BIJAPUR DISTRICT:—Shris Siddayya Hamjesa, Mallappa Madabal, Gurupadayya Mariguddi, Madivalappa Madivalar, Sangappa Hungund, offered Satyagraha and were sentenced to 4 months' S. I.

Shris Gurappa Ainapur, Shivappa Kalyani, Shankrappa Kavisnetti were all arrested for offering Satyagraha.

MANGALORE DISTRICT:—Shris Narasingarao Ankolakar, K. Sitaram Naik, B. Govinda Shetti, Venugopal Naik, K. Chikkayya were all arrested on their way to Delhi in Ankola, Karwar District and Shri Narasingarao Ankolekar was sentenced to 4 months' S. I. and the other four were sentenced to 3 months' S. I. each.

Shri Ulial Tukran was not arrested, though he offered Satyagraha, on the 10th.

CONVICTIONS IN C. P.

CHHINDWARA (C.P.), May 15

Messrs. Nilkantha Rao Jhalke has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of Rs. 300 for offering Satyagraha.

Messrs. Sohanlal Mishra and S. L. Soni, Satyagrahis, were sentenced to nine months' and one year's imprisonment respectively.

Messrs. Raghunath Chowhan, Sunderlan Tewari, Bhagwati Prasad Shrivastava and Chokhelal Nema, other Satyagrahis, were sentenced to four months' rigorous imprisonment each.

Mr. Moongaram Visharad, who offered Satyagraha at Tripuri, was arrested and sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

Seth Gopilal offered Satyagraha at Jubbulpore but was not arrested.

SEONI (C. P.):—Mr. Chandan Prasad Pande of Gondia, a Satyagrahi, has been sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment.

Messrs. Kishanlal Dube and Dharamchand Solanki of Balaghat have been sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment each for offering Satyagraha.

Mr. Kanhaiyalal Tewari was sentenced to imprisonment till the rising of the Court and to pay a fine of Rs. 200.

NARSINGHPUR:—Messrs. Kashiram Chaorasiya, Chowdhri Harishankar, Babulal, Govind Prasad, Badri Prasad and Ramkaran Singh have been arrested for offering Satyagraha and detained.

The total number of Satyagrahis who have offered Satyagraha in the Narsinghpur District is 61. Of these 37 have already been arrested.

BILASPUR (C. P.):—Messrs. Vishwanath Prasad and Narayan Swami Naidu have been arrested for offering Satyagraha and detained at Drug.—United Press.

CONVICTIONS AT SAUGOR

SAUGOR (C.P.), May 15.

Mr. Rambharos Pathak has been sentenced to four months' imprisonment for offering Satyagraha.

Messrs. Brindaban Tewari, Jawanlal Narwariya, Gopal Krishna Azad, Sunderlal Jain, Ganeshlal Jain, Parmanand Swarnakar and Nand Kishore, all Satyagrahis, have been sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment each.—United Press.

MASS CONVICTIONS OF MAY DAY SATYAGRAHIS

(From Our Correspondent)

RAIPUR, (By Mail).

The sad chapter of the arrests and convictions of the 73 May Day Satyagrahis, which was opened on the 1st of May by mass arrests followed by the commencement of trials from the 2nd inst. before Mr. Bhargav and Mr. Pendharkar, Magistrates 1st Class was closed on Saturday last, i.e. on the 10th inst.

The total number of Satyagrahis, who were convicted for a day's imprisonment is 40. The number of Satyagrahis fined is 9 and those who were sentenced to various terms of imprisonment varying from one month to one year is 25. The following is the full list of Satyagrahis with the sentences passed on them written against their names:—

Messrs. Ramcharanji Pathak, Chandulalji Sharma, Ramcharanji Thetwar, Madanji Thetwar, Gangadharji Sharma, Narayanji, Gandsinghji Coal, Perdeshiji, Ramadhinji Mistri, Kanyalalji Bazari, Kasiramji Sharma, Bishauramji, Khumansingh, Toksinghji, Kejooramji Varma, Chotelalji, Adawtgirji, Bhagatji, Lalji Kurmi, Mangluramji, Narayanraoji Ambidker, R. N. Dube, Lalluramji, Jagtramji, Ramcharanji, Moulana Abdul Rouf, Nagardasji, Chabiramji Anandraoji, Kejooramji Pathari, Bhundulalji, Sonilalji Kesherwani, Ladhaji Khatri, Durgaprasadji Sirmor, Girjashankerji Mishra, Ramlalji (A), Ramlalji (B), Anandasji, Ramanathji Puranik, Chhabiramji (messenger), were sentenced to imprisonment till the rising of the Court.

The following were fined:—

Messrs. Amerdasji Rs. 25, Sarwesher Prasadji Rs. 50 Bhagwandharji Diwan Rs. 50, Rambhroselalji Soni Rs. 50, Nathuji Bhai Rs. 100, Sozhagmal Lunia Rs. 300 Balbhadraprasadji Shukla Rs. 400 Jaskaranji Daga Rs. 500 second time, Mahant Vasnawdasji Rs. 500 third time respectively; Sukhramji and Judawandasji 1 month's R. I.; Audhayaprasad Sharma, Ramlalji Agarwal, Hirji Hansrajshah, Dhansinghji Gaur, Ramgopalji Bharti, Mangulalji Rathor, Dwarkadasji Pungaliya, Baboo Harisinghji, Budhanshahji, Laxmilalji Jain, Domarsinghji, Budharamji Teli, Girwarlalji, Bhujbalsinghji, and Kashiramji Kurmi sentenced to 2 months' R. I.; Nirbhayramji Bharti 4 months R. I.; Jaideoji Satpathi, Chandrapalji, Nandkumarji Dani all 6 months' R. I.

OLD MAN JAILED

Thanoomandalji aged nearly 70 sentenced to 6 months' R. I. and 2 months' R. I. on two different counts. The sentences to run concurrently; Manoharlalji Shrivastava of Raipur, sentenced to 6 months' R. I. and 6 months' R. I. on two different counts. The sentences to run consecutively; Jagannathsinghji Baghel sentenced to 4 months' R. I. and 2 months R. I. on two different counts. The sentences are to run consecutively Vijayashankerji Dixit sentenced to 1 year's R. I. and 1 year's R. I. on two different counts. The sentences are to run concurrently.

EX-PRESIDENT OF POONA MUNICIPALITY RELEASED

POONA, May 16.

Mr. Popatlal Shah, ex-President of the Poona City Municipality was released from the Yeravda Jail to-day before the expiry of his sentence on account of the serious illness of his father.

Mr. Popatlal Shah, who was sentenced to one year's simple imprisonment for offering Satyagraha, had just served half the term in jail.—A. P.

Biyani's Health In Jail

(From Our Correspondent.)

NAGPUR, (By Mail.)

Hon. Mr. Brijlal Biyani, who is also undergoing imprisonment in the Nagpur Central Jail, is also reported to have lost about 8 lbs. in weight. He has been on fruit and milk diet for long.

It is said that the intense heat of Nagpur is telling on the health of the political prisoners, who are detained in low-roof-barracks, without any protection from the burning rays of the sun, which penetrate directly into the cells.

ANOTHER "AMICUS CURIAE" CASE

LAHORE, May 16.

Another "Amicus Curiae" application filed on behalf of the High Court Bar Association against the sentence of two years and nine months' imprisonment passed on Mr. Dev Raj Seth, M.L.A., on a charge of delivering two objectionable speeches, was heard to-day by Mr. Justice Skemp at the Lahore High Court.

Replying to a number of questions asked by His Lordship, Mr. Sethi said that his speeches had been wrongly reported by the Police reporter. He said that in his speeches he did not pray for a long war, nor did he praise the bravery of the Germans, who bombed Buckingham Palace.

In the course of a written statement filed by him, Mr. Sethi expressed his opposition to Fascism, Nazism and all the barbarism that it stands for. "I am no less an opponent of imperialism he added. "Under the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi, I am struggling for the establishment of a world order based on non-violence and truth."

His Lordship enquired if Mr. Sethi was prepared to give an undertaking that he would not again defy the Defence of India Rules, Mr. Sethi replied that he was entirely in the hands of Mahatma Gandhi.

His Lordship reserved judgment.

SEVEN CONGRESSMEN CONVICTED

MADRAS, May 16.

Seven Congressmen were convicted to-day by the third Persidency Magistrate under the Defence of India Rules on a charge of shouting anti-war slogans in different parts of the city.

Mr. K. Krishnamurthi, who offered Satyagraha for a second time to-day was sentenced to six months' R. I.

Mr. M. Govindaswami was sentenced to one month's R. I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 25, in default further one month's R. I.

The remaining five Satyagrahis were each sentenced to six weeks' R. I.—A. P.

B. P. C. C. CHIEF'S TALKS WITH MAHATMA

Suspension Of City Satyagraha To Continue

WARDHAGANJ, May 16.

Mr. Dhirubhai Desai, President of the Bombay P.C.C. after three days' stay in Sewagram left for Bombay this evening. It is understood that in his talks with Mahatma Gandhi he discussed the general situation and Bombay riots and the proposal to form a peace brigade.

It is further learnt that the suspension of Satyagraha in Bombay will continue for some time more, until Mahamta Gandhi directs resumption.—A. P.

MARATHI JOURNALISTS' CONFERENCE

(Continued from Page 6.)

of employers are themselves working journalists and as far as I can see no useful purpose will be served by having a trade union of employees at least in the immediate future.

* * * *

A much better plan, on the other hand, will be for newspaper proprietors and people who actually run the newspapers to come together, examine carefully the economic condition of the industry, fix minimum salaries in a spirit of mutual understanding and set up an organisation to ensure efficiency of journalists by specialised courses of study in certain subjects, practical experience in printing and machine rooms, exchange of some staff members for small periods and institution of an examination for all who want to join this profession.

* * * *

A stage has now come in the growth of Marathi journalism when such an effort should be made. In a city like Poona, there are no less than half a dozen dailies. Every District from Nagpur to Belgaum can boast of two or three District newspapers. Several Marathi weekly journals have become quite notorious for their adolescent excesses, overdone playfulness and a lot of other inexcusable mischief. The dailies in Bombay, by reason of the admirable standard of news presentation and comment they have maintained, have created great hopes about further progress. There is talk of a Maharashtra News Agency. If only the dailies in the cities of Poona and Bombay make a judicious use of all the District newspapers they will have their own special news every day, such as the A. P. or U. P. are thoroughly incapable of giving. Even papers like the 'Kesari' and 'Maharashtra' can usefully do this.

* * * *

It is not possible to discuss everything that affects the journalists at the Conference. But the main benefit that every one interested will derive from the Conference is the contacts that will be established between people from far and near. With the help of a really working executive, much useful work in the interests of all can be put through. But the desire for it must be general. The spirit of co-operation must be there and political and other rivalries must not be allowed to warp the essential professional unity of all. Is it a very tall order?

DEADLOCK TO CONTINUE

Punjab Marketing Protest Committee's Decision

LAHORE, May 16.

The Standing Committee of the Marketing Protest Committee after four hours deliberations decided to continue the commercial deadlock in the markets all over the Province, unless and until their demands as contained in Sardar Santokh Singh's statement were conceded.

The Committee adopted a resolution expressing full confidence in Sardar Santokh Singh's leadership.—A. P.

TAMIL NAD'S QUOTA OF SATYAGRAHA

MADRAS, May 16.

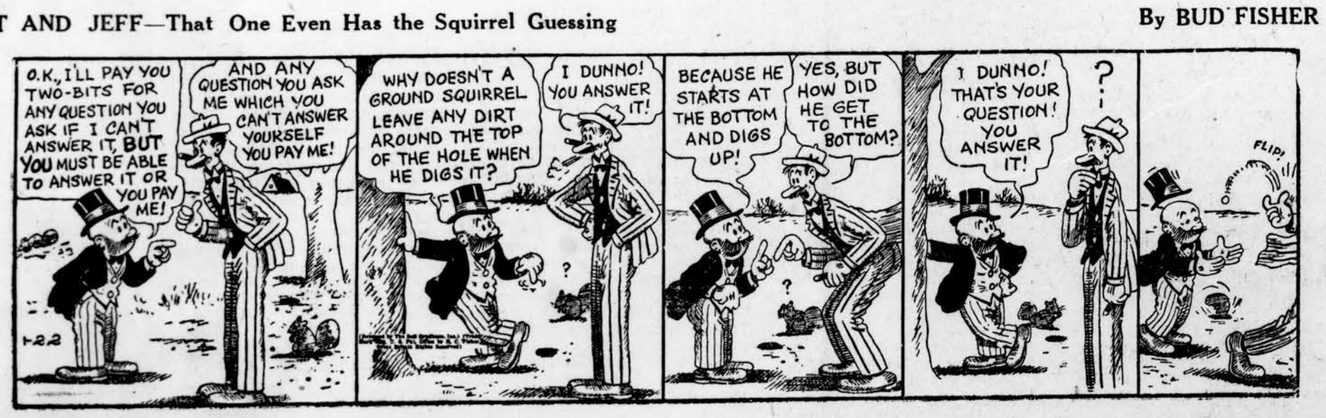
Out of 1,766 persons who offered Satyagraha in Tamil Nad till yesterday, 814 have been arrested, according to a statement issued by the Tamil Nad Provincial Congress Committee. The fines imposed on the Satyagrahis amounted to Rs. 60,270. In Madras city there were in all 125 Satyagraha convictions till yesterday.—A. P.

PT. DIXIT ARRESTED

LUCKNOW, May 15.

Pandit Chandrodai Dixit, Secretary, Municipal Workers' Union, was arrested this evening, under rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules. Mr. Dixit is the President of the Press Workers' Union and is incharge of the Labour Department of the Congress Socialist Party.—A. P.

MUTT AND JEFF—That One Even Has the Squirrel Guessing — By BUD FISHER


O.K., I'LL PAY YOU TWO-BITS FOR ANY QUESTION YOU ASK IF I CAN'T ANSWER IT, BUT YOU MUST BE ABLE TO ANSWER IT OR YOU PAY ME!
AND ANY QUESTION YOU ASK ME WHICH YOU CAN'T ANSWER YOURSELF YOU PAY ME!
WHY DOESN'T A GROUND SQUIRREL LEAVE ANY DIRT AROUND THE TOP OF THE HOLE WHEN HE DIGS IT?
I DUNNO! YOU ANSWER IT!
BECAUSE HE STARTS AT THE BOTTOM AND DIGS UP!
YES, BUT HOW DID HE GET TO THE BOTTOM?
I DUNNO! THAT'S YOUR QUESTION! YOU ANSWER IT!
?
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VACCO-PASTEURISED
PACKET
BUTTER

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INSIST ON POLSON'S
and refuse substitutes

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VIROL
CONSTITUTION

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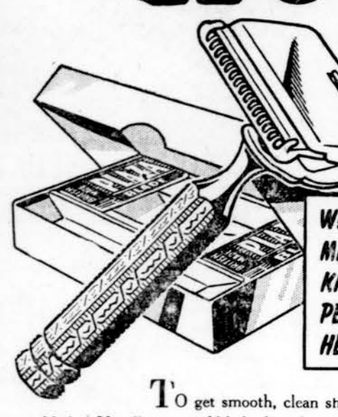
free!



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Inter-Science Exam. Results

The following are the results of the Intermediate Science Examination, held in March 1941:—

FIRST CLASS: Nos. 5 67 73 86 105 120 136 199 210 237 247 274 279 291 293 296 299 306 312 314 327 328 343 353 362 376 383 399 400 401 405 407 410 442 479 543 849 865 912 993 1001 1129 1137 1174 1192 1206 1219 1253 1261 1266 1277 1289 1290 1383 1485 1680 1702 1760 1934 1976 2358 2672 2085 2244 2272 2295 2358 2382 2384 2558 2612 2618 2652 2656 2673 2701

SECOND CLASS: Nos 4 9 12 24 30 35 41 45 54 56 60 68 71 74 82 83 89 92 97 98 102 104 122 126 127 128 131 145 155 164 171 174 177 179 183 184 186 187 188 189 190 203 204 216 218 219 220 224 226 231 235 240 242 252 261 263 264 276 277 282 289 297 302 303 304 306 308 309 310 311 315 316 317 320 322 324 326 332 336 337 344 347 348 354 356 358 360 363 364 366 367 368 370 372 378 381 382 384 387 392 393 395 396 397 398 402 403 404 408 411 414 417 420 421 422 424 429 432 436 438 440 441 447 448 451 452 454 476 480 487 491 503 513 514 518 521 524 525 528 535 554 564 579 583 584 587 588 589 590 593 599 604 606 626 641 647 649 655 656 659 670 672 673 680 682 690 698 700 704 707 710 712 715 719 723 726 729 732 736 737 747 751 754 757 758 761 763 769 770 773 775 776 777 781 786 792 800 806 808 811 812 815 817 820 821 822 823 824 828 831 835 836 839 840 841 842 846 851 852 854 858 859 863 869 871 874 875 876 877 881 883 884 888 890 893 896 897 899 903 905 911 915 916 917 918 921 922 927 930 931 935 936 938 956 961 963 967 969 975 977 981 988 1000 1017 1037 1038 1050 1054 1055 1056 1059 1062 1071 1073 1081 1082 1090 1098 1101 1122 1123 1126 1135 1141 1145 1147 1149 1161 1167 1172 1175 1176 1184 1185 1186 1187 1189 1194 1196 1197 1199 1200 1203 1208 1211 1213 1214 1215 1218 1224 1225 1228 1230 1240 1245 1246 1247 1250 1251 1252 1254 1256 1260 1267 1268 1269 1271 1272 1274 1278 1284 1285 1286 1287 1288 1293 1294 1296 1297 1300 1305 1308 1310 1311 1312 1314 1315 1323 1325 1327 1336 1339 1342 1343 1358 1361 1365 1367 1376 1379 1380 1395 1411 1413 1420 1430 1431 1433 1442 1443 1451 1460 1468 1469 1470 1471 1473 1477 1480 1481 1482 1483 1487 1489 1490 1491 1492 1493 1496 1500 1502 1503 1509 1511 1515 1518 1521 1522 1526 1527 1531 1548 1549 1554 1558 1608 1609 1612 1615 1618 1622 1623 1625 1638 1639 1640 1646 1647 1650 1651 1657 1683 1694 1720 1724 1727 1729 1731 1740 1747 1748 1752 1759 1768 1769 1773 1777 1778 1781 1784 1789 1798 1829 1831 1833 1842 1845 1850 1852 1854 1857 1860 1861 1871 1877 1888 1892 1893 1894 1896 1912 1913 1916 1919 1921 1923 1924 1927 1929 1931 1936 1937 1938 1939 1942 1943 1945 1947 1948 1949 1950 1952 1955 1958 1959 1965 1966 1968 1975 1978 1981 1982 1986 1990 1994 1996 2000 2004 2006 2008 2011 2015 2016 2022 2025 2028 2034 2035 2036 2047 2048 2050 2057 2062 2065 2066 2069 2073 2082 2088 2090 2103 2109 2110 2120 2125 2137 2138 2144 2145 2146 2148 2151 2158 2159 2167 2168 2176 2179 2183 2191 2196 2198 2211 2212 2213 2217 2224 2227 2228 2231 2242 2243 2246 2247 2248 2250 2254 2260 2263 2265 2268 2270 2284 2290 2292 2298 2306 2309 2313 2319 2322 2323 2334 2346 2353 2371 2373 2378 2379 2380 2381 2386 2387 2396 2398 2400 2405 2411 2415 2431 2433 2438 2447 2448 2449 2461 2464 2469 2479 2487 2489 2499 2502 2506 2513 2520 2525 2536 2540 2541 2546 2552 2555 2561 2563 2564 2573 2576 2585 2585 2587 2592 2593 2609 2610 2613 2616 2622 2624 2639 2645 2650 2654 2655 2666 2672 2680 2683 2687 2693 2699 2705 2707 2727 2729 2732 2735 2743 2751 2753 2766 2770 2778 2779 2783 2785 2798 2800 2802 2804 2806 2808 2813 2814 2816 2819 2823 2824 2834 2837 2845 2846 2847 2849 2850 2855 2856 2865 2873 2874 2877 2888 2891 2892 2896 2908 2910 2922 2928 2935 2936 2940.

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The results of candidates Nos 156 157 349 350 829 844 and 1732 have been reserved.'

SCHOLARSHIPS AND PRIZES

The Gibbs Prize to No 2382 (Mr. B. H Karakaradi of Belgaum).

The Bai Shirinbai Ratansha Parakh Scholarship to No. 1471 (Miss M N. Bandarawala of Poona).

The Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit (First Baronet) Science Scholarship to No. 296 (Mr V N. Amble of Elphinstone College)

The Sir Dinshaw Manekji Petit Medical Scholarship to No. 849 (Miss C. P. Kapadia of Elphinstone College).

The Pestonji Hormasji Cama Scholarship to No 747 (Miss T B. Irani of St. Xavier's College).

The Byramjee Nusserwanjee Koyajee Scholarship and Silver Medal to No. 747 (Miss T. B. Irani of St. Xavier's College)

The Dr. Ismail Jan Mahomed Scholarship to No. 1469 (Mr. I. A. M. Qureshi of Poona)

The awards of the (i) Mrs. Satyavati Lalubhai Samaldas Scholarship and (ii) the Noormahomed Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy Scholarship will be announced later

A supplementary list of successful candidates will be issued at about 3 p.m. to-day.

'VARSITY EXAM. RESULTS

The following are the results of the M.D., M.S., D.O., B.Hy., D.P.H. Examinations, held in April, 1941.

M.D. Examination

Pass:—Nos. 14, 15, 20, 21, 22.

M.S. Examination

Pass:—Nos. 2, 7, 9.

D.O. Examination

Pass:—Nos. 1, 3.

B.Hy. Examination

Passed the whole examination:—Nos. 3, 4, 5.

D.P.H. Examination

Passed the whole examination:—Nos. 2, 3.

Passed Part I only:—No. 1.

The following are the results of the M.Sc. Examination in French and German Translation Test, held in April, 1941.

Pass:—Nos. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 23 24 25 26 27 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 40 41 42 43 45 46 48 49 50 52 53 55 56.

BR. GOVERNMENT'S TRIBUTE TO BELGIUM

Monsieur Marcel Goosse, Consul-General for Belgium, Bombay, has received by cable from the Belgian Government in London, the full message sent by Mr. Winston Churchill on behalf of His Britannic Majesty's Government to Monsieur Pierlot, the Belgian Prime Minister, and which reads as follows:

"On the anniversary of the day when in violation of the most solemn undertakings the German Government without cause or provocation launched their armed forces against the territory of Belgium, I wish to acknowledge in the name of His Majesty's Government the effective help which the Belgian Government, the Belgian Empire and the Belgian armed forces and merchant marine have given to the allied cause throughout the past year.

"We remember also your soldiers who resisted the invader in the battle of Belgium and who now in their home, oppose the will of the invader

"The sympathy and admiration of His Majesty's Government and of the British people go out in special measure to the Belgian people now under the hateful Nazi tyranny who by their courage and endurance daily contribute to the defence of freedom."

Monsieur Pierlot answered:

"I thank you most sincerely for the kind thought which prompted your message to me to-day.

"On this sad anniversary, I wish to reaffirm the unshakable resolution of the Belgian people to contribute their utmost to the victory of our common cause.

"In union with the Belgians who in the occupied territory are resisting German oppression, the Belgians in all free countries will continue to devote all their strength to the splendid war effort of Great Britain and the Empire.

"My countrymen are firmly convinced that under your energetic and brilliant leadership the world will witness the triumph of the forces of freedom."

Darbhanga Visits Khadi Bhandar

PATNA, May 15.

The Maharajadhiraj of Darbhanga will pay a visit to the Khadi Bhandar at Madhubani on the afternoon of May 18, when Babu Rajendra Prasad will take him round and explain the remarkable improvements in Khadi industry.—United Press.

NAINITAL.—A special sports meet will be organised in Nainital on May 31 in aid of the various war funds. Well-known athletes from the Punjab, Patiala State and the North Western Railway, have been invited to participate in the meet.

Governor At Ratnagiri

Visit To Thebaw's Palace

RATNAGIRI, May 16.

His Excellency Sir Roger Lumley, Governor of Bombay, was received by the Collector of Ratnagiri at Sakharpa, a village in the Ratnagiri district on his arrival there from Kolhapur. The Collector conducted His Excellency to a mandap specially decorated for the occasion, where he introduced to His Excellency the Chairman of the Village Reception Committee and members of the Taluka War Efforts Committee. The Governor afterwards reviewed a rally. A review of the work done by the Sakharpa Gramoddhar Sahayak Mandal and the Sakharpa group co-operative credit society was read out to His Excellency.

His Excellency and party left Sakharpa and arrived at Dabhola at 10-35 a.m. where the Collector introduced to His Excellency the Sarpanch of Dabhola Village Panchayat and the Chairman of the Village Reception Committee, and His Excellency was garlanded on behalf of the above institutions.

From Dabhola, the Governor proceeded to Hatkhamba where he arrived at 11-20 a.m. The Collector of Ratnagiri introduced to him the Chairman and Members of the War Efforts Committee. Here again, His Excellency witnessed a rally of Indian army exservicemen. Short accounts were read to His Excellency of the work done by the Village War Efforts and Rural Development Committee, and he was garlanded on behalf of these local bodies. He then inspected a poultry show arranged by the Taluka Development Association.

His Excellency arrived at Thebaws palace at Ratnagiri at 12-45 p.m. He was garlanded on behalf of the Bhandari Vidya Vriddhi Samaj.

He inspected a guard of honour furnished by the police and civic guards, after which the Collector introduced a number of District Officers to His Excellency.—A. P.

SOIL EROSION IN WESTERN INDIA

(Continued from Page 6)

tract of country, but it is certainly a very potent factor.

The danger of soil erosion is very definite. It is an evil which must be dealt with fearlessly and ruthlessly, if man is to hold his own on anything but the flat plains.

Any schemes to be of any use must be on a large scale. It must be faced that in the fight to recover the lost position casualties must occur; losses of the meagre yields of certain areas will be sustained; areas which bring in some crop to-day may have to be sacrificed to grass or jungle so as to secure the future.

★

Opposition to any project may be expected of those whose sole stake is what they can scratch from the land to-day. The short time tenant and the speculator in land, depending on what can be got from his rents to-day, have no real interests in the future, and, as this is the case, they will resist any movement which checks or reduces what they now derive. The farmer of to-day has as his right however but the temporary use of the land which he farms. He has no justified claim to any right to depreciate land values so that the future users will suffer. The State's fundamental duty to the future is to see that one generation either from greed or lack of knowledge does not pass on a depleted heritage to the next. If the fulfilment of a co-ordinated project of recovery causes undue temporary loss to the individual, compensation for that loss should within reason be met by the State. The necessity for action by all under definite and continued guidance should be impressed by propaganda and later enforced by law in so far as the non-co-operation is concerned.

(Concluded.)

Burma Governor Appoints Committee For Local Bodies

RANGOON, May 15.

The Governor has appointed a Committee to enquire into bribery and corruption prevailing among members and officers and servants of local bodies, constituted under the Municipal Act and the Rural Self-Government Act.

The Committee which will be presided over by Mr. B. W. Swithinbank, will find out ways and means to suppress and eradicate bribery and corruption.

Other members of the committee are U Tin Win, (Vice-Chairman) Senator M. M. Rafi, U Tun U Ba, and U Sein Hman.—A. P.

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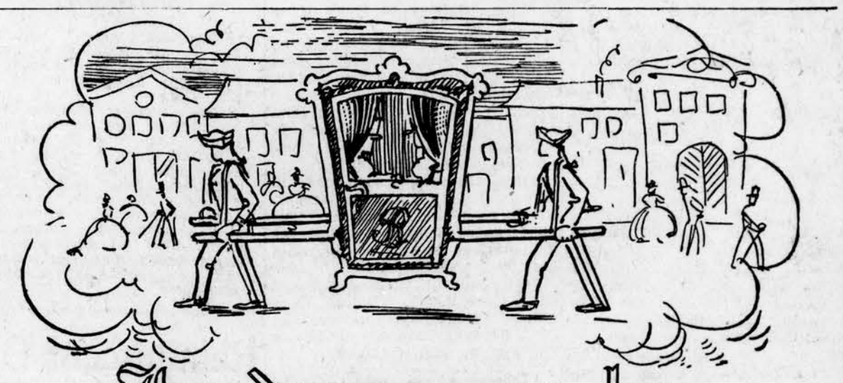

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I.T.2

First New Film After Riots In City

Kusum Deshpande and Dinkar Kamanna in "Narad-Naradi" at Majestic.

NARAD-NARADI COMES TO-DAY

Mahabharat Comedy For Moderns At Majestic

Famous Pictures Ltd., will release the Saraswati comedy "Narad-Naradi" at the Majestic Cinema to-day. It makes one feel assured that the city has resumed its normal life.

This will be the first premiere of an Indian film in Bombay after an inordinate lapse of several weeks. That fact, and the public expectations of the picture itself, should secure a large attendance at the Majestic Cinema, this afternoon.

There is reason to expect that the picture will be found worthy of the size of the crowds. The story of Narad's experiment in married life is one of those rare subjects that mythology yields for adaptation into a drama in modern style. And this is a comic episode at that.

"Narad-Naradi" is a story that could be picturised as a satire on middle class marriages and domestic life as they obtain in India even to this day. It may confidently be expected that the possibility has not escaped the eye of producer Torney. Mr. S. A. Shukla, who has written the dialogues and songs of "Narad-Naradi" is one of the successful Marathi play-wrights, known for his style.

With the public, the casting of Dinker Kamanna in the role of Narad weighs greatly. On the stage and on the screen, Dinker has been a great favourite of audience. His comic quips are after the people's heart. Both as a comedian and as a character artiste, his ability has met with public appreciation.

With Dinker in "Narad-Naradi" is Kusum Deshpande, a versatile young artiste who has a promising future before her. There is also Kamala Barodekar, one of the three famous singer-sisters; and two experienced character actors Danve and Vedapathak.

The comedy element of the story with its potentialities for satire, the assurance of brilliance of the dialogues and songs, the popularity of the cast and popularity of Narad himself, should make "Narad-Naradi" a popular production.

Azuri and Ashok Kumar in 'Naya Sansar' at Roxy.

Sporting Star Of "Khazanchi"

Popular Film At Krishna

The champion cyclist Janki Dass gives a thrilling exhibition of his expert control over the bicycle in a dramatic moment in "Khazanchi", the Pancholi art production now running to excellent houses at the Krishna Cinema. It is a comparatively small role he plays, but a useful one because it is the bank clerk (that is Janki Dass's role) who ultimately leads to the clearing of the Cashier's character by exposing the real offenders.

Janki Dass, however, is not the only sports adept in the "Khazanchi" cast, though he happens to be a champion. There is another, an all-rounder, and it may come as a surprise to many that it is Manorama, who plays the Khazanchi's daughter.

Manorama has a presentable—indeed, an impressive—personality. But does she not, in all conscience, appear a little too mild-mannered to be a versatile sportswoman? That mildness, we must presume, is just an example of Manorama's ability to act her part.

Actually, she is a sportswoman of some repute, and has won quite a string of medals and cups. She is good at outdoor games, is a good cyclist, can ride well and swim too.

'ASRA' COMING NEXT FRIDAY

National Studios' first comedy, 'Asra' has been booked for release at the Pathe on Friday next.

Sardar Akhtar stars in a very interesting role in this picture, opposite to her being Amar, a new aspirant for screen honours. The brunt of the comedy is borne by Husn Bano, E. Wasker and Bhudo Advani. Kanhailal and other old favourites are also there as well as a group of bright youngsters like K. B. Lall, Ansari, Sawant and Abdul Gani, who, between them add to the enjoyable qualities of one of the best comedies that the Indian Screen has seen.

Direction is by Lalitchandra Mehta and Chimankant Gandhi, under the expert supervision of Mehboob.

Chitra Productions 'Kanchan' is now ready for release and will come on the screen very shortly.

Kananbala in 'Lagan' at Minerva.

LITERARY BEAUTY IN 'NAYA SANSAR'

Epigrams That Will Endure

By T. V. P.

Now that the Curfew restrictions are no more, there must be at least a few readers of this page who are contemplating their second or third visit to Roxy to see 'Naya Sansar'.

Those who are going for the second time have not the story interest in view. They will now better appreciate the acting of the various actors and actresses, the dialogue, the songs and the scenes.

Surely, the dialogue of 'Naya Sansar' is something worth study for its literary value. I can recall some of the epigrams off hand 'A printing machine that does not print the truth is only so much scrap iron.' This pithy sentence occurs three times in the dialogue and is tremendously effective.

Another fine illustration which is appreciated by everyone in the printing and newspaper line: "You may give credit to a highway thief but not to a newspaperman." What a cruel commentary on the utterly destitute condition of a majority of the pressmen.

While affecting to teach typewriting to Asha, Puran types 'Cigarette is the only campanion of a lonely man." Promptly does Asha retort 'The man who smokes cigarettes will always remain lonely.' The situation and the dialogue at this moment are so appropriate that the whole theatre is sent a-laughing!

There are several such spots of literary beauty and this prompts me to make the suggestion that the Bombay Talkies do print the full dialogue as they do the songs in the pamphlets they sell to their patrons. The cost would not be prohibitive. Indeed, there will be enough buyers to cover the cost. Navayug have already shown the way to mutual benefit.

THESE MEN MAKE MIRACLES

Sappers And Miners To Take The Screen

"The Handyman" is the rather prosaic title given to the film Advisory Board's instructive topical film on the life and work of the Sappers and Miners in the Indian Army. The film is now ready, and is expected to be shortly released.

But if the title is commonplace, the picture itself is intensely interesting. It demonstrates that the Sappers and Miners are more than handy men. They are, indeed handy; and there is apparently little they cannot do. They are the spearhead of efficiency in army manoeuvres.

It is a forest to be crossed? The Sappers and Miners will fell the trees and blast the rocks and make a rough but ready road for the heavy tanks and armoured cars to pass. But then, at the other end of the forest, is a river. Well, by the time the main army has crossed the forest, the sappers and miners have forded the river, put out rafts and have had everything ready for the army division to get across.

'Shadi' For Opera House

Ranjit's entertaining photoplay "Shadi" is scheduled for release at Opera House. It has a rich variety of characters and an equally rich variety of stars like Madhuri, Motilal, Khurshid and Ishwarlal.

Director Jayant Desai's direction promises a store of good entertainment. His handling of situation and psychological touches give a nice colour to this beautiful picture.

'AMRIT' COMING NEXT SATURDAY

Navayug's 'Amrit' written by V. S. Khandekar and directed by Winayak is booked for release at West End next Saturday.

Seven popular artistes are giving their best in this picture. They are Meenakshi, Winayak, Baburao Pendharkar, Lalita Pawar, Damuanna Malvankar, Salvi and Vithal.

Besides these there is Baby Devi, sister of Baby Vimal of 'Lagna Pahaven Karoon' fame. This Winayak-Khandekar production has raised high expectations among film-goers.

Reminiscent Of 'Shakuntala'

Wadia's Film 'Manthan' Coming To Imperial

By 'CHRONICLE' FILM CRITIC

Classical Sanskrit literature is full of romance. Its study not only supplies ready-made plots for adaptation as filmic productions, but also suggests similar plots.

When Wadias produced their 'Rajnartaki' it was clearly noticeable that its inspiration was romantic Sanskrit literature. It was unfortunate that its appeal from that point of view was not satisfactorily brought out in the publicity campaign. Wadias will be well advised in taking this into consideration while doing its publicity abroad. For that picture will be interpreted as representative of ancient, glamorous, glorious Ind in Europe and America.

Wadias are now releasing 'Manthan' which is a picture of the same kind as far at least as its story and atmosphere are concerned. The plot easily reminds you of the story of Shakuntala. The same oblivious King who forgets his fiancee and brave son born of their union who teaches the father a lesson are to be found in 'Manthan' as in "Shakuntala."

Other of its admirable features will be better appreciated when the film is released.

MUSICAL APPEAL OF 'LAGAN'

Fine Picturisation Of Romantic Story

By T. V. P.

After the Curfew was withdrawn and the city returned to normal. I went to see 'Lagan' once again to the Minerva where it is now in its sixth week.

As I was enjoying the picture chiefly for the songs of Kanan and Saigal, I was wondering why the New Theatres should have decided, as I hear, to confine themselves to Bengali pictures only. I could not help feeling that if pictures like 'Lagan' were to be denied to Bombay audiences, it was very unfortunate indeed!

'Lagan' with the music of Kanan and Saigal, no less with Nawab and these two for their fine portrayals of the characters assigned to them has charmed Bombay to an unusual extent. Of all the recent films of the New Theatres this was indeed extraordinary in the judgment of many. The team-work of 'Lagan' easily appeals to all, because without Jagdeesh, Nemo and Kapoor it would hardly have been the success that it, doubtless, is.

The story of 'Lagan' tends to be more romantic than realistic, but on that account its picturisation is not less enjoyable. There are enough people who do not want the photographic reproduction of life in films and literature. They want something that will make them sit up and daze at. 'Lagan' surely will satisfy this craze in the case of those who have it. For others the music and direction and photography of Nitin Bose are enough invitation to see the film more than once.

Popularity Of 'Premnagar' At Novelty

With the city returning to the normal the attendance at cinema houses has also increased considerably and once more we behold the common spectacle of thousands of picturegoers flocking daily at various theatres in the city. But among the most favourite rendezvous of picture goers to-day is Novelty where Bhavnani Productions' enchanting rural picture 'Premnagar' is attracting larger crowds for every show in the 4th week—than in the (past) first three weeks' run. Thus after temporary fall in attendance due to riots 'Premnagar' has regained the popularity it so highly deserves.

BRILLIANT PICTURES' WORK PROCEEDS

Sometime ago news had appeared in the press that Brilliant Pictures' Ltd, have succeeded in acquiring Saraswati Studio for production of their films. Now, it transpires that sudden last minute developments have necessitated a change in this arrangement, and instead of producing their pictures in Saraswati Studio, Brilliant Pictures Ltd., will produce them in Famous Arun Studio at Poona.

Undeterred by this unforeseen difficulty, Brilliant Pictures Ltd., have started the production of 'Municipality' in the recently constructed Famous Arun Studio The cast of 'Municipality' it is authoritatively announced includes Vasant Thengdi Usha Mantri, Vimal Sardesai, Saroj Borkar and Bapurao Apte, who will be in charge of direction also The music direction is entrusted to Dhavjekar, the Music Director of Marathi section of His Master's Voice Gramophone Co., Ltd Mr. Gondhalekar, is art director. Mr. K. Narayan Kale may be relied upon to do the rest as producer.

'Padosi' In Delhi & Lahore

Interesting Comparisons

Lahore appears to have gone completely Padosi-minded. That is what one gathers from the newspapers and periodicals arriving from that city. Delhi, where the Prabhat classic was released earlier, also maintains its interest in the picture unabated. In Bombay, the enforced fall in attendance during the three weeks of Curfew, "Padosi" has revived its lively crowds.

Lahore would appear to be an intensely film-conscious city, probably more so than Bombay. This remark is occasioned by two circumstances. Considering the respective sizes of the population of the two cities, the box-office takings of a good picture in Lahore comes surprisingly near the yield of the same picture in Bombay. That is what has happened in the case of "Padosi".

Secondly the number of journals devoted exclusively or mainly to films (and printed in English) is by far greater (again considering the population) in Lahore than in Bombay. Apparently the film journals have a considerable vogue in Lahore, and they are all of one voice in paying tribute to "Padosi" and to its creater Mr. Shantaram.

'Ummeed' At Opera House

There is a good store of entertainment in Ranjit's humorous production "Ummeed" now running in 7th week at Royal Opera House. Based on a simple yet gripping story full of sharp wit and natural humour this photoplay is a phantom of delight. It is directed by Manibhai Vyas.

A special show for ladies of "Ummeed" is arranged on Monday 19th May at 1 p.m. at Opera House.

'Pardesi' At Lamington

Ranjit's entertaining picture "Pardesi" enters into thirteenth week from to-day at Lamington Talkies. Audiences relish its melodious music so much that it promises to be there for quite a long while yet. It is directed by Chaturbhuj Doshi, and starred by Motilal, Khurshid, Snehprabha. Its thirty catchy tunes are its chief attraction

Radha Rani in 'Manthan' coming to Imperial.

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Alarming Decline In Number Of Gir Breed Of Live-Stock

Porbundar Ruler Suggests Ways To Agricultural Prosperity

(From Our Correspondent.)

PORBANDAR, (By Mail.)

The Maharaja of Porbandar State presided over a crowded meeting of the farmers, herders and other owners of cattle at Porbandar on May 12 at the conclusion of the first annual cattle show. The Ruling Chiefs of Muli, Sayla and Virpur States were prominent among the distinguished mofussil visitors.

Khan Bahadur F. S. Master, Chairman of the Porbandar Cattle Show Committee, deplored the disquieting fact that whereas the latest census returns showed that the population of Porbandar City has quadrupled and the population of Porbandar State had doubled itself during the last decade, there was a progressive decline in the number of genuine Gir breed of dairy cows and plough-bullocks in Porbandar State.

The decline was due partly to the heavy incidence of mortality among pedigree Gir cattle during the great famine of 1899-1900 and partly to the regrettable admixture of different breeds as a result of the dire necessity forced on the cultivators by the decimation of pure Gir breeds of cows and bullocks of importing the distinctly inferior Kankrej breeds of milch and agricultural cattle.

In conclusion Khan Bahadur F. S. Master expressed the confident hope that the Porbandar Maharaja's welcome decision to start a model "Gosala" at Porbandar and to organise cattle shows annually in Porbandar State would go a great way in stopping the rot among the Gir animals, accelarated as it had becn for the last forty years by the unchecked promiscuous mating in the village-herds.

MAHARAJA'S ADDRESS

The Maharaja shared Khan Bahadur F. S. Master's apprehensions regarding the future of farm-stock in Kathiawar. He drew the attention of Kisans to three ways to agricultural prosperity, namely, attainment of self-sufficiency respecting clothing by reserving a portion of the cotton-crop for cloth-making at home in spare time, re-afforestation as a means of stabilising rainfall so as to be fairly free from the existing dread of drought, and conservation of farm-stock by a determination to maintain at least one dairy-cow per family.

BARODA'S CONTRIBUTIONS TO SILVER TRINKET FUND

In response to the appeal of the Marchioness of Linlithgow for the Silver Trinket Fund, the President of the Ladies' Central Committee, Baroda, (Lady R. Krishnamachari) has remitted on behalf of the Committee Rs. 500 for the fund.

The members of the congregation of the Rosary Church, Baroda, also raised from among themselves a sum of Rs. 300 which has also been remitted to the Secretary to H. E. the Viceroy's War Purposes Fund to be paid into the Silver Trinket Fund

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Birds Take No Notice Of Aircraft

Amusing Stories Of Pilots' Experiences

Only a few years ago people were saying that birds would be scared out of the air by aircraft and that half the migrants which come to us from abroad would probably change their habits. But, according to Wentworth Day, the plain fact is that the average bird nowadays takes less than no notice of an aircraft.

A few months ago I was on one of the busiest aerodromes in the south of England. Bombers, fighters and reconnaissance planes were coming and going every minute. It is a highly secret sort of Piccadilly Circus of the air.

Yet as we taxied across the grass in a wacking great Anson—one of the Coastal Command machines—its engines roaring like thunder, the seagulls barely bothered to get out of the way. They fluttered up from under the wheels so close that I thought they were going to be caught in the airscrews. Phesants were walking about on the edges of the airfield and last September partridges actually nested on it. In fact, just before the war started a pair of robins nested in Percy Horden's plane at Denham. The nest and eggs went off to Brighton most days, and the mother waited at the aerodrome until the machine came back.

Our pilots who are now flying in the Middle East will find, however, that the local eagles and kites in Greece, Egypt and Abyssinia are just as likely to attack a machine as they are to fly away from it. In fact the Air Ministry issued a notice in 1934 which warned all aviators to fly above kites and eagles as they invariably dive when either angry or scared. They have a nasty habit of going to sleep swinging on an air current with their wings outstretched. You don't see them until you're right on them and then it may be too late. Lord Sempill was very nearly crashed twice on his great flight to Australia by kites which were having a quiet doze on the wing about 6,000 feet up over Egypt.

I remember when Prince George Bibesco bought his great tri-motor all steel Ford 12-seater aeroplane ten years ago, that I went for a fly in it with Sir Alan Cobham. It was then about the biggest passenger aeroplane in the world. I said to Cobham, 'Nothing short of a shell would fetch this thing out of the sky'. Three weeks later it crashed near Allahabad in India, brought down by a couple of eagles. The first bird flew head on into the middle engine and the second one dived from about 10,000 feet and struck the wing like a stone, tearing a great hole right through it.

The Greek mountains are full of eagles which take a very poor view of aircraft. Colonel Minch, an Imperial Airways pilot, reported in 1926 that when he was flying a Bristol Bloomhound from London to Cairo, an enormous eagle came out from the Greek coast, flew close alongside the machine for a few moments and eyed him so grimly that Mr. Mayer of the Bristol Aircraft Company picked up a Verey-light signal pistol to defend himself. An Italain pilot in Abyssinia came off much worse. An eagle diced straight at his plane near Adais Ababa and, although he fired a machine gun at it, the bird came straight into the cockpit, smashed the windscreen and cut the pilot badly on the head.

But I think the best story of all is of the macaw—a sort of gaudy parrot with even worse manners than the ordinary parrot—who attacked a glider over Whipnade and chased the pilot out of the sky. He was about 100 yards up when the macaw went for him with claws and beak. Captain Blake, the Superintendent of Whipsnade, saw this little scrap and welcomed the macaw when it came back to the Zoo.'—"Home Service."

Kanara Catholics And Archbishop

The Gen. Secretary, K. C. A. writes:—

At a meeting of the Council of the Kanara Catholic Association held on the 9th instant the following resolutions were adopted unanimously relating to the correspondence in some of the local papers in connection with the speech of His Grace, the Archbishop of Bombay at the last annual meeting of the Bombay Vigilance Association.

"This Council most emphatically dissociates itself from the press campaign and agitation against His Grace, the Archbishop of Bombay regarding the remarks alleged to have been made by His Grace in his speech at the last Vigilance Association meeting.

"This Council reaffirms its loyalty and offers its support in all measures that His Grace is taking for the benefit of the Catholic community in general and the Kanara Catholic community in particular."

FRONTIER TROUBLES CONTINUE

SIMLA: May 15.

Reports indicate that hostile gangs have been active in North Waziristan during the last few days.

On the night of May 3 the Dattakhel Sarai was attacked and on the following day a large Muhammad Khel gang, led by Sher Jan, held up and burnt a mail lorry and in the same evening burnt a Khassadar picket.

On May 6 near Tikra Sarai in South Waziristan a Scout Party was heavily engaged by a party of Shai Khel and Shaman Khel hostiles numbering 200. The Scouts suffered some casualties and one hostile was killed and three wounded.

One Hindu girl of 15 years and two Hindu boys were kidnapped from Tajori in Bannu District on the night of May 2.—United Press.

B. S. P. LOCAL BOARD ELECTIONS

From A Correspondent.

A lecture was delivered by Mr. Paul Pereira yesterday evening to the Catholics and others interested in Village Uplift movement from Malad and surrounding villages on the coming B. S. D. Local Board Election to be held on the 23rd May and supporting Mr. Andrew M. D'Mello of Gorai, well known in the East Indian community as a protagonist of the poor East Indians of Dharavi Island, standing for the triennial election from the Versova constituency.

Mr. Pereira appealed to those present to support Mr. D'Mello, who could be trusted to conduct well their village affairs. They should be choosing such men; and these in turn would know whom to choose to conduct the larger affairs of the district, province the nation

Sikhs For Emergency Commissions

LAHORE: May 15.

A decision to lead a deputation to the Governor of the Punjab to urge upon His Excellency to increase the share of Sikhs in emergency commissions was taken at a meeting of the Working Committee of the Khalsa Defence of India League, held at Amritsar.

A call to the Sikhs of the Jullunder Doaba to join the Indian army freely in order to maintain their status in the social and political life of the Province was made by the Hon. Sardar Dasaundha Singh, Minister for Development, Punjab, in the course of a message to the Sikhs of the Jullundur Doaba.—A. P.

THANA DEADLOCK MAY END

BOMBAY, Friday.

The adviser to the Governor in charge of Local Self-Government Mr. J. A. Madon this morning received a deputation from Thana Municipality and the situation resulting from the deadlock was discussed.

The meeting was inconclusive but the prospects of a satisfactory settlement are considered fair.

The Government is now awaiting the detail proposals of the representative of the Municipality

Kashi Vidyapith Student Arrested

BENARES, May 15.

Mr. Ganga Prasad Singh, a student of the Kashi Vidyapith is reported to have been arrested under the Defence of India Rules at Bijnor.—A. P.

City's Health Returns

The health returns of Bombay during the 19th week of 1941, i.e the week ended 10th May 1941, were as under: The total mortality 569 was 19 less than that of the last week and the death rate registered was 19.8 on the Census population of 1941, as against 546 and the death rate 24.4 for the 19th week of 1940. The average mortality for the corresponding weeks during the preceding quinquennium was 587 and the death rate 26.3.

Out of the total deaths, 150 were among infants under one year of age. During the week, smallpox caused 56 attacks (including 3 imported) and 34 deaths. Plague and Cholera were absent. There were 14 deaths from Typhoid and one from Cerebro-spinal fever. The number of live-births registered during the week was 628 as against 718 for the 19th week of 1940 and 645 the quinquennial average for the corresponding weeks in the five years (1936-40).

BASIC HAS NO POLITICS IN IT

ALLAHABAD, May 15.

"The Basic system of education had no political tinge about it" stated Dr. Ibadur Rehman Khan, Principal of the Basic Training College, Allahabad, at the annual function of a Municipal Basic school.

Dr. Khan stated that the system was educationally sound and discredited the false fear that under this system teaching of the languages would suffer and claimed that the scheme had already proved a success.—A. P.

Police Arrest Alleged 'Dada' Of Mazagaon

BOMBAY, Friday.

Gulam Hussein Gulam Hyder is alleged to have stabbed with a Jack knife a couple of his neighbours, when they refused to pay him money.

The accused, the police stated at the Mazagaon Court, belonged to the brotherhood of Mavalis known as "Dadas."

The police stated that the accused asked the complainant for some money, which was refused.

Last night when complainant was standing near his house, the accused came with a large jack knife and alleged to have a few slashes on his back. Yusur Dawood, a witness of the alleged incident, went to the help of the complainant. He was also stabbed.

The accused then ran away.

Mr. V. K. Muranjan ordered the accused to be released on bail till the 30th.

Elephants Work Havoc In Ceylon

Trumpeting Heard For Miles Around

COLOMBO, May 12.

According to a report from Kurunegala, which is about 60 miles from Colombo, heards of wild elephants have been causing great havoc to crops and paddy ricks stored by the villagers in Nikaweratiya and Unale.

A watchman narrowly escaped death, when his watchhut was razed to the ground, as he lay buried under the beams, and extricated himself after the elephant had left. The trumpeting of the elephants could be heard for miles round in the countryside.

It is stated that there has been an increase in the elephant population of the hills in this area as there have been no operations for capturing these animals recently in these parts.—A. P.

Who's Who Among Maharashtrians

A publication which will contain biographical sketches of prominent Maharashtrians living in India and abroad is under preparation by Messrs. G. K. and Co., 157-59 Girgaon Road, Bombay, and is expected to be ready by the middle of 1942. It is estimated that there are over two crores of Maharashtrians spread all over the world and those interested in the compilation are requested to communicate with the publishers.

HIS HIGHNESS MAHARAJA, MUKHTAR-UL-MULK, AZIM-UL-IQTIDAR, RAFI-USH-SHAN, WALA SHIKOH, MOHTASHAM-I-DAURAN, UMDAT-UL-UMRAH, MAHARAJADHIRAJA, HISAM-US-SALTANAT,

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TOMORROW MORNING!
AT 10 A. M.
LUISE RAINER
FERNAND GRAVET
MILIZA KORJUS
IN
"THE GREAT WALTZ"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Picture

WAR AIMS

(Continued from Page 6.)

about the Lend and Lease Act? It only means that America is to lend goods and materials and England is to lease out strategic territory, along with the people. The latter are also a kind of imperial property inspite of the abolition of the slave trade.

Under these circumstances the most powerful urge, the pressure of America and its vast resources, in favour of the clarification of war and peace aims is lacking. The task of demanding clarification has, therefore, fallen on the colonial peoples and uninfluential political and intellectual groups.

★

H. G. Wells' efforts towards the defining of war aims are well-known. From the little information that is available to us from overseas it appears that other individuals and groups too are demanding the same thing. This is apparent from the rebuke administered in his recent broadcast, by Commander Smithby, to writers and intellectuals, for distracting public attention from the urgent task of beating Hitler, to the demand that war and peace ends be defined. Inspite of the rebuke the demand persists. Even the fighting lines are not immune from it. A soldier contributor under the caption 'Cadet', writing in the March issue of the "World Review" discusses this question. He believes that by April 1941 the British and the Nazis will equally have first class military equipment. "But" he says "We could possess one priceless asset that the Nazis can never possess. We could have a British army which had figured out for itself what it was fighting about, precisely what sort of people it was against and roughly what it meant to do with victory when victory had been won." Evidently this soldier contributor does not agree with the ruling politicians and does not think that the aim of war is mere victory.

★

The soldier continues: "At present time the British Army is not particularly clear about any of these three points. The prevailing official attitude could be expressed as follows: "Well boys there is a war on and naturally we have got to win it . . . This attitude is not good enough . . because this war isn't just any old war, it is a very particular kind of war our opponents aren't any old opponents. They are a particular kind of opponent. And finally our victory, this time, cannot be used in any old way. Yet the confusion in the army about how victory is to be used is paralysing." Then follow some very significant examples of this confusion. They are worth quoting in extenso in the words of the 'Cadet'.

"An officer is lecturing a class of recruits on martial law. We shall see martial law in its most crushing and effective when we go in and occupy Germany at the end of this war. That is the only kind of thing that the Nazis understood.... From the back of the room a recruit makes a diffident query. 'But, Sir, by the time that we go in and occupy Germany at the end of this war, an anti-Nazi Government will have replaced the Nazis? Do we have to exercise crushing and effective martial law against them?' Says the officer, 'Possibly. But that seems rather besides the point.'

"Another example . . . The Scene is South East coast. The time is the second week of September 1940. . . . . A private and a sergeant are sitting . . . . The invasion may come any time, says the private . . . . 'All the same it is really—silly, when you think of it. There isn't more than one in a hundred, over in Germany, as wants to fight, any more than there isn't over here.' Says the sergeant 'Don't you—well kid yourself. These Jerries are all alike. They are none of them happy if they are not scrapping. And the only good Jerry is a dead Jerry'. The private shrugs his shoulders 'I dunno' he says. 'All I do know is that I pity any poor who ties to land on this bit of the coast' . . . ."

The writer continues: "In such trivial ways does the prevailing confusion express itself in the Army. Are all Germans evil? Or is it only the Nazis? Are we fighting to hold Germany in perpetuity? Or are we fighting so as to be able to make friends with her? Nobody in the army seems to know. And the Government does not feel that the time has yet come when it can enlighten us.

"Yet it seems alarmingly clear that there are only two main ways of creating an effective army. One way is to build up a perfectly regimented and seasoned military automata, the other way is to build up a force of men who are profoundly and widely conscious of what they are fighting for, against and about . . . .

"If only because they are so late in starting, the ex-civilians who mainly comprise the present British army cannot hope to surpass the mature automatism and the military technique of the Nazis—at least for years to come. It is all the more important therefore that as an army they should have a deep and vivid understanding of what is involved."

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I make no apology for giving this long quotation. The position taken up here is the same taken up by the Indian National Congress. If a common British soldier, whose duty as defined in the military and honour codes is, not to question why but to do and die, feels at this time of world history, the need for a statement of war and peace aims beyond mere victory, how much more so must a nation feel that is forcibly involved in a quarrel that is neither of its instigation or its seeking? It is all-right to say that India's war-borders are in the Atlantic; (They have been as progressively increasing as the crores of Muslim population in India; the latest figure stands at ten) but the fact remains that if India were free, it may not have joined the war just as many less favourably situated countries have felt no need to join it. If a British soldier thinks that only well defined moral aims can generate sufficient enthusiasm to compensate for the advantages of 'a perfectly regimented and seasoned military automata', much more must the Indian soldier feel likewise. The British soldier is better educated, generally and politically; he sees before his eyes all the preparations going on for the invasion of his island home, he witnesses every day the havoc that is wrought by enemy sea and air action and yet even he needs something more than mere victory, something psychical and moral, to further steel his heart and put iron in his soul against the aggressors. In India not only the soldier but the general public have to be enthused. However beneficent British rule may have been—to-day this is an antiquated mid-victorian superstition—the fact that this rule is a foreign domination and that India is a helpless dependency is too obvious to be ignored. It acts as a great damper to the enthusiasm of the people Add to this the policy that has been followed after the war, when normally speaking it was to England's obvious best interest to conciliate Indian public opinion. Even the most moderate politician is constrained to admit that there is no desire to part with power If the Britisher in India were not living in his Himalayan isolation, he would know what is passing in the minds of Indians He would know that his reluctance to part with power at this juncture surprises and disheartens even those who wish him well. The reasons given for the denial of responsibility to Indians, the want of settlement between the Congress and the League, deceive nobody. Rather people have begun to be progressively convinced that British statesmen have come to an open or tacit understanding with reactionary Muslim League forcibly to keep India down. They ask in wonder why is this done in the hour of England's greatest peril? The only answer that occurs to millions of them is that Indian resources will be needed by England for its economic recovery after the war. India must be kept in subjection to cut down England's losses.

★

It is to allay such apprehension in the minds of people, to put moral enthusiasm in them and to make Indians feel identity of interest with England, that the Indian National Congress has insisted upon a declaration of Indian independence and an enunciation of war and peace ends. It is not a question of bargaining. It is a condition precedent for enthusiastic and single minded war effort. Mere hatred of and opposition to the Nazi and Fascist creeds, would be only a negative force. Something more positive, purposeful, and dynamic is necessary to rouse the moral and spiritual fervour of the general public and the soldier. This alone can set off the advantages of physical and technical efficiency derived by the enemy armies through years of training, under expert guidance. The history of revolutions, national and political, bear witness to the fact that enthusiasm generated by the consciousness of a just and moral cause has more than compensated mere military and strategic advantages. When Gandhiji talks of moral support he is thinking of this consciousness of a moral purpose and a just cause and the holy zeal that accompany these. England can get enough of men and materials from India, through official effort, but if the consciousness of right and justice and the consequent enthusiasm and fervour are also necessary conditions of success against an enemy superior in physical might and technical skill and instruments, then these, in India, can only be supplied by Gandhiji and the Congress. However, since the British Government does not feel called upon to buttress the physical strength of its home troops with psychological and moral weapons, there is little hope of their doing so for the benefit of India. The present war must therefore be fought on the basis of old ideas and ideologies. To what end? Moral and spiritual frustration.

FOR GROUNDNUTS AND LINSEED

Central Fund To Be Created

SIMLA, May 16.

The United Press learns that a central fund will be created with the funds made available by the British Government in respect of their purchases of groundnuts and linseed.

These will be distributed among the provinces and States producing these commodities for being utilised in the interests of growers and producers of groundnuts and linseed.—United Press.

A. R. P. IN RAMESWARAM AND OTHER PORTS

MADURA, May 15.

The sea-port towns of Danushkody, Rameswaram, Mandapam and the surrounding areas have been brought under the A. R. P. scheme and lighting restrictions have been imposed as a measure of precaution According to the Ramnad D. M.'s order no light should be visible from three to five miles out at sea.—A. P.

THE LIFE AND LOVES OF AN UNUSUAL WOMAN

. . a woman as vivid and vital as the heroines you met in "Stella Dallas" and "The Old Maid." You'll never forget her!

RICHARD A. ROWLAND presents
CHEERS FOR MISS BISHOP
with
MARTHA SCOTT · WILLIAM GARGAN
Featuring Edmund Gwenn · Sidney Blackmer · Dorothy Peterson
Sterling Holloway · Donald Douglas · Marsha Hunt · Lois Ranson
And Introducing MARY ANDERSON · Directed by Tay Garnett
From the novel "Miss Bishop" by Bess Streeter Aldrich
Screen Adaptation by Stephen Vincent Benet
Screenplay by Adelaide Heilbron and Sheridan Gibney
Released thru United Artists

NEW EMPIRE 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

Cool REGAL
Daily at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
To-day ... every minute brings news of remarkable exploits of the Australian soldiers in Africa !
News Universal
brings back the glorious stand of the Australians in the last World War.
40,000 Horsemen
See the historic charge of the Australian Light Horse and Deliverance of the Holy Land from hated German domination!
Also exclusive pictures of the FALL OF MASSAWA, King Haakon Inspecting Allied Naval Units etc. and a F. A. B. SHORT "LOFOTEN ISLAND"
TO-MORROW MORNING AT 10-30 A. M.
HAROLD LLOYD in PROFESSOR BEWARE

WORSHIPPER OF MAMMON
- - He treads on the path strewn with flowers of poverty and innocence, crushing them under his feet—
NAVYUG
Present the story of conflict between rich & poor & their ultimate concord.

AMRIT
(HINDI AND MARATHI)
Story: V. S. KHANDEKAR
Direction: WINAYAK
Photography: PANDURANG NAIK
Starring: MEENAXEE LALITA PAWAR, BABY DEVI, BABURAO PENDHARKAR, SALV DAMUANNA MALWANKAR MASTER VITHAL WINAYAK
Showing this week Navyug's comedy-hit 'LAGNA PAHAWE KAROON'
A 'Peerless Pictures' Release!
NEXT SATURDAY AT NEW WEST END

BOMBAY'S OWN PICTURE
National Studios'
LAUGH-LINED COMEDY
ASRA

The Story of two Broken Hearts that heal in the Sunshine of City Life
Directed by LALITCHANDRA MEHTA AND CHIMANKANT GANDHI
Supervision: MEHBOOB.
Starring
SARDAR AKHTAR
WITH
Amar, Husn Banu, Wasker, Kanaiyalal, Bhudo Advani, Veena, K. B. Lall, Ansari & others
FROM FRIDAY NEXT
PATHE

SHE ROBBED the MAN WHO ROBBED the KING!
and is now out to win YOUR HEARTS
SEE her in WADIAS'
commendable picturization of India's most absorbing folklore—The story of VIKRAM—King of Ujjain

The Sweet Damsel who dances and sings Radha Rani

MANTHAN
(JUSTICE OF VIKRAM)
Starring:
Radharani, Rajkumari, Sardar Mansur and others
Director: RAMJI ARYA
NEXT SAT. AT
IMPERIAL

This easy way: When your family gets tired of the same old routine-meal—it's time you go and buy a pound or two of Desiccated Coconut. It will put new zest and aroma into your favourite dishes. No cooking ingredient can compare with Desiccated Coconut in flavour, handiness and price.

DESICCATED COCONUT IS GOOD FOR ALL

BETTER FLAVOUR

Unlike most nuts, the nut used for Desiccated Coconut is allowed to ripen on the palm. It matures on the ground for thirty days. During that time the kernel absorbs all extra sap, i.e., the most important vitamins in a coconut.

READY FOR USE

It is then grated and packed straightaway. It comes to you ready for use. You don't have to drudge over it, slave and sweat until your back hurts.

COSTS NO MORE

Every pound of Desiccated Coconut contains 3-4 full-grown and ripe nuts and you can't waste it. That means you actually save money while using it. Think what that amounts to over a period of one year!

DESICCATED COCONUT

For addresses of wholesale dealers and stockists in Bombay and elsewhere in India or for full information and samples apply to

THE CEYLON TRADE COMMISSIONER FOR INDIA,

Ceylon House, Hornby Road, BOMBAY

BURNS AND CUTS HEAL *QUICKLY—SAFELY*

Your first thought when one of your family gets a burn or bruise is to guard against infection. How important it is then to have a jar of "Vaseline" Petroleum Jelly on hand for instant use. But be sure to look for the Trade Mark—Vaseline. Do not accept inferior imitations of questionable purity. "Vaseline" Jelly is excellent for skin ailments.

Buy a jar today with the trade mark—

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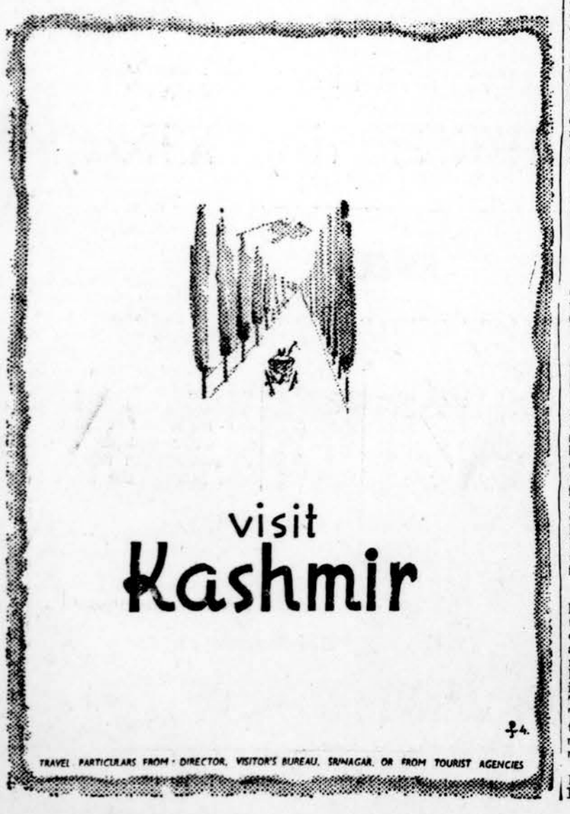

TRADE AND FINANCE

Substantial Increase In Active Note Circulation

Share Quotations React Sharply On War News

GOLD AND SILVER QUIET

Weekly Market Reviews

(From Our Special Correspondent.)
BOMBAY May 16.

MONEY

There were no fresh developments in the short-term money market which continued to exhibit an essentially easy tone. Call money was quoted at 1/4 per cent, 3 months' money at 3/4 per cent. and six months' around 1 per cent. The yield on three months' Government of India Treasury Bills further declined from Re. 0-13-0 to Re. 0-12-9 per cent. per annum. Taking advantage of the glut in the money market, Government of India have doubled the amount of tenders from Rs. 1 to Rs. 2 crores as from the coming week. During the past week, intermediates to the value of Rs. 1.53 crores were sold by the Government.

A substantial increase of Rs. 4.73 crores in the active note circulation is revealed by the weekly statement of the Reserve Bank of India, made upto 9th May 1941. The total note issue has expanded by Rs. 4.30 crores. On the Assets' side, Sterling Securities held by the Bank show a rise of Rs. 5 crores, while Rupee Coin has declined by Rs. 69.76 lacs. In the Banking Department, Government Deposits have come down by Rs. 183.22 lacs and Bankers' by Rs. 122.42 lacs, while the item of Other Deposits has gone up by Rs. 10.76 lacs. Balances held abroad have fallen by Rs. 4.29 crores and Loans and Advances to Governments register a rise of Rs. 1.73 crores

The statement of affairs of the Imperial Bank of India for the week ended 9th May 1941 records a fall of Rs. 37.49 lacs in all kinds of Deposits. Investments show an increase of Rs. 30.28 lacs, whereas Advances have declined by Rs. 116.07 lacs. The Bank's holding of Cash is up by Rs. 52.89 lacs.

GILT-EDGED.

Judged by prices, there was little or no change in the local gilt-edged market although the undertone, on the whole, remained fairly steady. Medium and long-dated loans were in demand, but short-dated ones were completely in the background. 2-3/4 per cent. 1948-52 loan was quoted at Rs. 97-8 and 3 per cent. 1951-54 loan at Rs. 99-10. 3-1/2 per cent. India Sterling Stock declined slightly from £99-7/8 to £99-1/2 at the finish, while 3-1/2 per cent Rupee Paper, in the local market, remained comparatively steady around Rs. 95-6. 3 per cent. 1941 bonds were neglected around Rs. 100-6 and 4 per cent. 1943 bonds at Rs 104-5. 3-1/2 per cent. 1947-50 loan was bid up from Rs. 102-6 to Rs. 102-9 and 5 per cent. 1945-55 (tax free) loan found buyers at Rs. 110-14. 3 per cent. 1963-65 loan improved from Rs. 94-3 to Rs. 94-8, 4 per cent. 1960-70 loan from Rs. 108-2 to Rs. 108-6 and 4-1/2 per cent. 1955-60 loan from Rs. 112-12 to Rs. 112-14. 3 per cent. 1946 bonds ruled a little quieter at Rs. 101-8.

EXCHANGE.

A steadier feeling was apparent in the rupee/sterling exchange market. Sellers of interback spot T. T. on London quoted 1s. 5-63/64d. at the close, while buyers were reluctant to take anything under 1s. 6d. Small business in connection with the export of gold was reported. Merchant rates as fixed by the Exchange Banks' Association were unchanged as under:—

Sellers—T. T. for spot delivery and upto six months 1s. 5-15/6.

Buyers—T. T. for spot delivery and upto six months 1s. 6d.

In the New York market, sterling was pegged at 403.25 cents throughout the week. The Shanghai dollar remained unchanged at 3-1/8d. and the yen was stationary at the familiar rate of 1s. 2 1/2d.

GOLD.

After months of unbroken steadiness the gold section of the local bullion market displayed a quieter tone during the week under review when prices approximated the export parity. From Rs. 42-9-3 at the opening, spot gold came down to Rs. 42-0-9 on Wednesday when small export business was reported to have been booked. This followed by some speculative buying pushed up the price to Rs. 42-4 the next day. After remaining 3 pies over ready delivery, May settlement gold came down to par at the close, while gold to be delivered in June settlement remained 9 pies over May. The price of sovereigns declined from Rs. 28-11 to Rs. 28-6-6 during the course of the week. Stocks of the metal are estimated at about 4,50,000 tolas; arrivals from up-country are said to have averaged about 8,000 tolas a day; while the average daily offtake is believed to be about 10,000 tolas including gold surrendered in exchange for coins. The highest and lowest rates touched during the week were; Rs. 42-9-3 and Rs. 42-0-9 for spot, Rs. 42-9-6 and Rs. 42-0-9 for May settlement and Rs. 42-10-6 and Rs. 42-1-6 for June settlement.

SILVER.

Parting company with cotton, the silver market, in line with gold, showed signs of a quieter tone during the week under review. Opening at Rs. 62-10-6 and remaining steady around that level till mid-week, spot silver slumped off to Rs. 62 on Wednesday. In sympathy with gold and on small bear covering the rate advanced to Rs. 62-8 on Thursday and closed at Rs. May settlement was quoted at level rates with spot, while silver to be delivered in the June settlement stood at a premium of one anna. In London, but for a decline of 1/16d. in the spot quotation on Tuesday, silver remained fixed at 23-1/2d. for both spot and forward throughout the week. Floating stocks of the metal in the market are estimated at about 12,000 bars. The highest and lowest rates touched were: Rs. 62-11-6 and Rs. 62 for spot and May settlement and Rs. 62-12-6 and Rs. 62-1 for June settlement.

SHARES.

The upward trend on the stock market, noticeable last week, continued throughout the period under report except towards the close when prices reacted sharply on war news. The volume of turnover was comparatively larger and speculative and investment inquiry was in evidence in all sections. The advance was relatively sharper in Tata Deferred on reports of a scheme to convert Tata Deferreds into Ordinaries in the proportion of 5-1/2 ordinary shares to each existing Deferred.

The quotation Tata Iron and Steel Deferreds advanced from Rs. 1775 to Rs. 1855 on Wednesday, whereas Ordinaries moved up from Rs. 263-8 to Rs 371. At the close, however the market broke sharply, Deferreds dropping to Rs. 1802-8 and Ordinaries to Rs. 360. In the cotton mill section, Bombay Dyeings gradually moved up from Rs. 1617-8 to Rs. 1041-4, Kohinoors from Rs. 393 to Rs. 403 and New Greats from Rs. 370 to Rs. 390, closing easier at Rs. 1012-8. Rs. 391 and Rs. 387 respectively. Centuries gained well over 15 points to Rs. 401 and Central Indias improved to Rs. 291, but closed lower at Rs. 385-8 and Rs. 280. Colaba Lands were in demand at Rs. 167 and Gokaks at Rs. 198 during the major part of the week, but at the close were inclined to be offered at Rs. 163 and Rs. 191 respectively. Hydro-electrics were fairly steady, Andhra Valleys improved from Rs. 1802-8 to Rs. 1815 and Tata Powers from Rs. 1555 to Rs. 1570, whilst Tata Hydros gained about 4 points to Rs. 179. Bombay Trams, on the other hand, remained, static around Rs. 132-8 all through the week. There was some investment demand in bank shares; Bank of Indias found buyers at Rs. 139-4 and Central Banks at Rs. 41-14. Imperial Bank Fully Paids moved up from Rs. 1532-8 to Rs. 1550 and Partly Paids from Rs. 372-8 to Rs. 379-6, whilst Reserve Banks were wanted at Rs. 102-8 In the miscellaneous bloc, Belapurs were rather neglected around Rs. 203 Associated Cements ruled strong at Rs. 138 and Bombay Burmas at Rs 460 during the week, but were quoted lower at Rs. 134-12 and Rs. 435 at the finish. Scindia Steams and New Indias were fairly steady at Rs 198 and Rs. 42-4 respectively.

CALCUTTA.

The jute section of the Calcutta market ruled steady with activity on a restricted scale. Small business was reported in some of the popular scrips at moderately higher rates.

ANGLO-EGYPTIAN COTTON DEAL

CAIRO, May 12

The British Government Cotton Buying Commission has so far bought over six and a half cantars as well as nearly three million ardebs of cottonseed for a total of £23,600,000 (Egyptian currency), according to a report in the Egyptian Press.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay: May 16.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
From Bond Rs. 10/4
Shipment March Rs. 9/4 F.B.H.
Shipment May/June Rs. 9/4 F.B.H.
Indian Sugars Ready—
Ready Ordinary Rs. 14/2 to 14/10
Ready large grain Rs. 14/12 to 16/4.
Tone:—Quiet.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay: May 15.

		Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach	A/M	324	310	311 1/2
Broach	J/A	249	241 1/2	243 1/4
Broach	A/M 1942	230	221	221
Oomra	May	174 1/2	167 3/4	167 3/4
Oomra	July	176 1/2	169 1/4	169 1/4
Oomra	D/J	181 1/2	174	174
Bengal	May	135	131	131
Bengal	July	137	132	132
Bengal	D/J	143	139	140

LONDON SEEDS

London: May 15.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe 20/7-1/2 May-June quoted

Wheat Barletta Russo 20/9 May/June quoted.

Wheat South Australian 27/6 May/June quoted.

LONDON EXCHANGES

T T London on New York 4.02 1/2-4.03 1/2; Madrid 40.50; Montreal 4.43/4.47; Berne 17.30/17.40; Stockholm 16.85/16.95.

LONDON RUBBER

London: May 15.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. 14 1/8 buyers.

SEEDS MARKET CLOSED

Bombay: May 16.

The local forward and ready Seeds Market remained closed to-day.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London: May 15.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£69 1/2
Indian Stocks—	
3 per cent 1948	£ 88
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£ 99 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£ 78 1/2
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£104 1/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	£103 1/2
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£112 7/8
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	£111 3/4
Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China	£ 8 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London register)	£ 72 1/2
National Bank of India	£ 31

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING

DATED 16/5/1941

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 86.6 deg F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.00 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.83 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observation during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 16th May 1941:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hrs —.062 inches.
Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.9 deg
Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.7 deg
Maximum temperature during 24 hrs. 91.6 deg. (0.4 above normal)
Minimum temperature during 24 hrs. 81.0 deg. (1.4 above normal).
Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 78 per cent.
Direction of wind at 8 a.m. E.
Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 3 miles per hr.
Total movement of wind in 24 hours 133 miles.
Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 15 miles per hour.
Extent of clour at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 7.

Nath dwara Dispute

Inventory Enquiry Committee's Questionnaire

At a recent meeting convened by the Vaishnavas of Bombay under the presidentship of His Holiness Shri Goswami Gokulnathji Maharaj, a resolution was passed appointing Shri Nathdwara Inventory Enquiry Committee. The enclosed questionnaire has been issued by the Committee to the Vaishnavas.

THE QUESTIONNAIRE.

1 What is the constitutional relationship between the Mewar State and the Nathdwara Temple, and between the Tilkayat Goswami at Nathdwara and the Mewar State? 2. Has the Mewar State or the Court of Wards there any right to interfere with the Seva Marzada of Shri Nathji. 3. Has the Mewar Government claimed at any time in the past the right to take an inventory of the property of the Temple as well as of the personal property of the Tilkayat Goswami? 4. Is it true that in the past the Mewar Government had claimed the right of taking an inventory and also attempted to take it, but gave up the attempt on account of certain opposition on the part of the Vahuji Maharaj and the Betiji Maharaj? 5. When was the Advisory Committee of the Nathdwara Temple appointed by whom and for what purpose And whether in your opinion it represents the Vaishnava public? 6. When did the Mewar Government communicate to the Minor Tilkayat and the Betiji Maharaj and members of the Advisory Committee their final decision to take the inventory in question? 7. Was any particular date for taking this inventory fixed by the Mewar Government and was this date communicated to the above mentioned persons and parties. 8. When did the Mewar Government come to know that the Betiji Maharaj had started the alleged agitation against Government's final orders in the present case? And are there any proofs of such agitation having been started? 9 Were the Betiji Maharaj and her brother heard before the inventory was taken? Is it true that the Baithak opened and an inventory taken, if the answer is in the affirmative, whether she gave her consent in writing or orally and of her own free will or under compulsion? 10. Whether the Military was called at Nathdwara and if so why? 11. Is it true that any persons connected with the Temple and the Temple worship or the Betiji Maharaj or the minor Tilkayat Shri were kept under restraint? And if so, how long and whether any of them are still under restraint? 12. Is it true that the date for taking the inventory was suddenly fixed and sufficient time was not given to members of the Advisory Committee to reach Nathdwara? And is it a fact that the taking of the inventory was commenced before their arrival? 13. How many members of the Advisory Committee were present at the commencement of the taking of the inventory or at any stage thereafter? 14. Were the Betiji Maharaj and the minor Tilkayat Shri or any Goswami Maharaj or any other person or persons on their behalf present at any stage of the taking of the inventory? 15. Is it true that any officer behaved in such a manner as to wound the feelings of the devout Vaishnavas?

(Continued from Col. 7.)

Government records and then apparently forgotten, he stated: "Celestite in fibrous plates from 1 to 3 inches' thickness occurs very profusely. There is certainly enough to be of commercial importance, provided this strontium sulphate could be utilized."

Strontium is a metal closely allied to calcium, which is an important constituent of ordinary limestone, and to barium whose sulphate, barytes, is extensively used in paints. Strontium is, however, rarer than its sister elements and occurs in commercially important deposits in the form of celestite (the sulphate) and strontiate (the carbonate).

NUMEROUS USES

Strontium compounds are used in cathode-ray tubes and other devices for the emission of electrons, in medicinal preparations, in refining beet-sugar, in pyrotechnics, flares (for railways especially in the United States) tracer bullets and signals for ships and aeroplanes in which the bright crimson imparted by the element to a flame is utilised. Strontium sulphate (powdered celestite) acts as a brightening agent in coloured paints and as a filler it finds use in sealing compounds for electric batteries, asphaltic compositions, rubber, sealing wax etc. The Imperial Institute, London, estimates that 2,000 to 4,000 tons of celestite are used annually as paints and fillers in Great Britain. Powdered celestite is said to be suitable for making water-paint distemper.

Strontium carbonate is used in Germany to produce special high-grade alloy steels, and is also used to a limited extent in the manufacture of glass, ceramic glazes and enamel. Strontium chloride powder is employed in refrigerators working on the solid absorption principle.

WORLD'S BIGGEST DEPOSITS

The world's biggest deposits of strontium occur in the West of England and these, together with German celestite, have furnished the world's requirements so far. The production from several deposits in the United States is comparatively small, since the domestic product finds it difficult to compete with the long-established British and German industries.

In the Trichinopoly District, celestite occurs as sparsely distributed veins in the gypsum-bearing clays of Cretaceous age over an area of about 10 square miles and the quantity available within a depth of 100 feet from the surface is estimated at 1,000,000 tons, says a bulletin issued by the Geological Survey of India. The deposits are easily accessible. Some applications for mining leases have recently been received by the Madras Government.

The mineral also occurs in Upper Sind and in the Kohat District of the North-West Frontier Province but (as in the cases of France and Italy) not in commercially important quantities.

Ban On Burmese Book

RANGOON May 15.

"War inevitable between England and Japan", a book in Burmese, has been proscribed under the Press Emergency Powers Act.—A. P

Bhavishya-Fal-Bhaskar

Pandit Jagdishprasad Mishra has published "Bhavishya Fal Bhaskar" showing trends of various commodities in Samvat Year 1998. This is a purely astrological book based on movements of planets. The author who has a good knowledge of Astrology has made an attempt to forecast prices on three different lines. The first one deals on aspects and mutual Yogas, the second one on monthly movements of planets, while the third one is based on Niryan. The price is Rs. 1/4 and can be had from Shree Jotish Karyalaya, Girgaon Back Road, Bombay No. 4.

1,000,000 TONS OF CELESTITE

Discovery In Madras Province

One million tons of celestite—a mineral of which India imports several tons per annum for military use and for pyrotechnics and medicinal preparations—have been found to occur in the Trichinopoly District, Madras Province by officers of the Geological Survey of India after investigations in the season 1939-40.

Actually, the discovery of celestite in this area was made early in 1893 by Dr. H. Warth, who was then Superintendent of the Government Museum at Madras In his report, which was printed in

(Continued in Col 5)

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Full particulars from the Information Bureau, Victoria Terminus, Bombay and all important stations.

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 17, 1941

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Simla Plans For A "Move-On"

Viceroy Not Consulted Before Amery's Speech?

(From Our Correspondent)
SIMLA, (By Mail).

Simla is buzzing with sensational rumours regarding the future. What is the Viceroy going to do? It is well-known that in the statement which he made to his Standing Committee, Sir T. B. Sapru gave an optimistic account of his interview with the Viceroy and told them that he expected a "move-on". In fact Sir T. B. Sapru revealed to the Committee that the Viceroy gave an assurance that he would be sympathetic in his despatch to the Secretary of State and further told him that he would send for him again for a further talk. In the meantime, came the Secretary of State's speech which has angered the whole of political India. There is reason to believe that the Viceroy was not consulted at all on the text of the Secretary of State's speech. At the moment, the Viceroy is engaged in consulting a number of leaders—Sir Maharaj Singh who was a prominent member of the Bombay conference, Mr. Fazlul Huq, Sir Sikandar Hayat Khan and others. Very soon others may be invited, but it is felt that the recent controversy which Mr. Jinnah has sprung on the country has while exposing the weakness of his own position and the objectionable character of his political methods, spoiled the atmosphere for those who have been anxious to promote a peace move. In Simla, it is widely reported that the Viceroy has again communicated with the Secretary of State and also conveyed to him the reactions in this country to his Commons speech. In this connection the most heartening bit of news that has come from England is that a Parliamentary mission may soon come over to this country.

FAVOURABLE FACTORS

It is well to remember certain favourable factors in the situation, despite the categoric nature of the Secretary of State's speech. The first is the outspoken comment of the London "Times" pointing out the danger involved in the present policy of inaction, and suggesting that an attempt should be made to find the common denominator from the August Offer, the Congress resolution and the Sapru Scheme. The second is the fairly strong evidence that is available of the dissatisfaction in England at the British Government's lack of effort to end the deadlock in India. The third is the growing realisation even among Provincial Governments that it is not wise to let the present feeling of discontent grow in the country, for it is reported that one or two of the major Provincial Governments are thinking of new ways to deal with the Satyagraha movement. In India, the main stumbling block is Mr. Jinnah's opposition, but his recent controversy with Sir T. B. Sapru has been an eye-opener to many who till recently used to make much of his opposition. It is hardly possible that even Mr. Amery when he next speaks on India will give the same importance to Mr. Jinnah, as he has been want to do. There are powerful influences even in the Muslim League which are at work for securing a revision of the League's policy. It has at the same time to be remembered that the outbreak of hostilities in Iraq has brought the theatre of war nearer to India's frontiers. The need for further quickening of the war effort is therefore being increasingly felt. From this point of view, the warning given by the leaders of the Bombay conference, who as they have openly declared are supporters of the war effort cannot go unheeded.

HUQ'S VISIT

The visit of the Bengal Premier, Mr. Fazlul Huq, though it was only for the brief period of a day has been eventful. It is believed that he urged the Viceroy to summon a Premiers' Conference. Though he has not identified himself with the Bombay Conference, it is clear from his published statement that he has not associated himself with Mr. Jinnah's negative attitude, but has pressed for measures to popularise both the Central and Provincial Governments. It is also the view of Sir Sikandar, the Punjab Premier, who hurried back to Simla yesterday with the object evidently of meeting Mr. Fazlul Huq. Friendly circles in England are reported to have pointed out that if the four Provincial Ministries now functioning join in pressing for radical reconstruction of the Centre, including the transfer of Defence and Finance to Indian members, it would greatly strengthen their hands in influencing the British Government's policy in India. It is well-known that Mr. Arthur Moore who is now in England has been busy in trying to get support for a more active policy in India. Unfortunately, neither in Whitehall nor in Simla does there seem to be any great earnestness in promoting a progressive policy in India or any desire to look into the future and understand the great harm which the present policy of inaction is likely to result in.

WEEK OF CONFERENCES

This has been verily a week of conferences in Simla. Industrialists, businessmen and economists have come from all parts of the country to attend the conferences convened by the Commerce Department. The first meeting of the Industrial Research Utilisation Committee concluded, after examining the proposals received from industrial houses on the basis of the researches of the scientific and Industrial Research Board. The latter is also to meet this week to review the work of the year and lay down further plans for the future. There is also the meeting of the Export Advisory Council which is now faced with more difficult problems owing to the extension of the war zone and the difficulties of shipping. My impression from talks here is that industrialists are far from pleased with the present position. Within the limited scope offered by these bodies, all that is possible within this short period has been done, but what they are looking for is a bold and big industrial policy which will initiate the starting of big heavy industries. For the starting of these key industries, there is at the moment little encouragement from the Government of India. More than one industrialist suggested that there should be a small Economic Board consisting of industrialists to plan out a big industrial programme and advise the Government on the best and speediest way to give effect to it. The progress of industrialisation depends really on the facilities available for importing machinery.

WALCHAND TO MEET HYDARI

Issue Of Producing In India Further War Supplies

(From Our Correspondent.)
SIMLA, May 16.

It is understood Mr. M. S. A. Hydari, Indian member of the Eastern Group Council, is proceeding next month on tour to industrial centres throughout the country in order to meet representatives of commercial bodies and industrialists. He will confer with them on needs of the Supply Council and the steps necessary for producing in India those war requirements which are still not available in this country.

It appears he recently met representatives of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry, and discussed with them the procedure for keeping himself in close contact with industrial and commercial interests.

Mr. Walchand Hirachand is expected in Simla to-day to meet Mr. Hydari and other officials.

TROOPS CLASH WITH TRIBAL GANGS

BANNU, May 15.

A mixed gang of Kabulkhels, Maddakhels and Gangikhels arrived in Tal Damdil area on the 13th under the leadership of Mianjikhel and placed heavy boulders across the road. The party was joined yesterday by Danur and Khaisora hostiles. Contact was established with them by the Government forces near Damdil and firing continued between them yesterday from one o'clock till seven in the evening. Government troops suffered no casualties. Enemy's losses are not yet ascertained.—A. P.

Tribesmen Clash With Villagers

PESHAWAR, May 16.

Wazir tribesmen got the worse in an encounter with villagers near Adambanda in the jurisdiction of Gurguri police station in Kohat District yesterday. They were not only forced to retreat at top speed to the tribal area, but one of their members was seriously injured.—A. P.

Need Of Research Into Educational Problems

RISHI VALLEY
(Mandanapalle) May 16.

The need for systematic investigation and research into educational problems was stressed by Prof. A. Rama Iyer, a well-known educationist of South India and Professor of the National College, Trichinopoly, presiding over the Madras Provincial Educational Conference held to-day at Rishi Valley, near Madanapalle.—A. P.

Dairy Research Director Dead

NEW DELHI, May 16.

The death occurred yesterday after a brief illness of Dr. W. L. Davies, Director of Dairy Research Institute, Government of India. The funeral took place to-day at the Nicholson Cemetery. Dr. Davies was formerly in the Dairy Research Institute, Reading, England.—A. P.

Calcutta Football

CALCUTTA, May 16.

In the only match played today in the first division of the Calcutta Football League East Bengal beat Bhowanipore by one goal to nil.—A. P.

These Qualities Make For Success

Jinnah On Tact, Thoroughness And Foresight Of Sir Mirza Ismail

BANGALORE, May 15.

Mr. M. A. Jinnah, President of the All-India Muslim League, in an interview referring to Sir Mirza Ismail's retirement from the Dewanship of Mysore said:

That a representative of a minority community of five lakhs of people should have so successfully conducted the administration of a big State like Mysore for a period of 15 years speaks of his ability, tact, thoroughness and foresight.

It should be an object lesson to every Mussalman in the State. These are some of the qualities that pave the way for the success of individuals and communities.—A.P.

CALL TO CHRISTIANS TO STAND UNITED

PESHAWAR May 16.

"There is a warning for Indian Christians in the constitutional advance of India that unless they stand together on one platform the time is coming, when they will be stamped out," declared Mrs. Singha, wife of Dewan Bahadur S P. Singha, addressing the Frontier Provincial Indian Christian Association. Dr. Nazirullah presided.

Mrs. Singha added that the Government of India was passing more and more into non-Christian hands. It was unfortunate that Indian Christians, who were more than double the number of Sikhs in the country, had no effective voice. She urged them to lose no time in organising themselves in a strong body and said that the Indian Christian Association was a movement of real national importance.—A. P.

WORK OF BOMBAY CONFERENCE

Standing Committee Members Busy: Next Session In July

SIMLA, May 16.

Mr. M. S. Aney, Kunwar Sir Maharaj Singh, Pandit Hirdayanath Kunzru and Mr. B. Shiva Rao, Members of Standing Committee of the Bombay Conference, met here last evening and discussed plans for intensive country-wide propaganda in favour of the Bombay resolution.

They also considered the question of arrangement regarding the next session of the Conference in July.—A. P.

AFGHAN DELEGATION TO TOKYO

PESHAWAR, May 16.

Information has been received in Kabul from Tokyo that the Afghan Trade Delegation is being taken round on a tour of the Japanese factories. The tour will be followed by trade negotiations between the two countries, says "Islah".

Mr. Zulfikhar Khan, Afghan Minister in Tokyo, gave a reception at the Afghan Legation to meet the Afghan Trade Delegation.

Members of the Cabinet and high State officials and non-officials responded to the invitation. —United Press.

Frontier Congress And Iraq Developments

PESHAWAR, May 16.

At an emergent meeting of the Working Committee of the Peshawar Congress Committee held last night, Hakim Abdul Jalil Nadvi presiding the following resolution was unanimously passed:—

"The Peshawar Congress Working Committee views with deep concern the situation in Iraq and requests the Frontier Provincial Congress Committee to take immediate practical steps in giving correct lead to the Frontier people in this matter".—A. P.

Huq And Shia-Sunni Tangle

LUCKNOW, May 16.

Mr. Fazlul Huq, the Bengal Premier, is expected in Lucknow during the week-end, in connection with the Shia-Sunni tangle, according to private advices received here.

Seventeen boys arrested in connection with "Madhe-Sahaba" were tried yesterday. Five of them were released while twelve others were fined Rs. 5 each.—A. P.

Indian States And Export Advisory Council

SIMLA, May 16.

Sir V. T. Krishnamachari and Mr. K. C. Neogy, representatives of Indian States on the Export Advisory Council, have submitted their report to the Chancellor of the Chamber of Princes regarding their work on the Council.

The United Press learns that the representatives of States on the Export Advisory Council will be represented by rotation, so that for every meeting two new representatives will be nominated. —United Press.

PESHAWAR: In order to examine the N. W. F. P. Government appropriation accounts, 1939-40, and audit report, 1941, the Governor has appointed an "ad hoc" committee comprising the Adviser (Chairman), the Chief Secretary and the Financial Secretary, states a press note.

Responsible Govt. Must Supersede Viceroy's Cabinet

Britain Should Not Expect Full War Effort Unless Indian Leaders Enter Govt., Warns Arthur Moore

LONDON, May 15.

"IF INDIA IS NOT PROVIDING AS MUCH WAR EQUIPMENT AS SHE MIGHT, IT IS BECAUSE OF BRITAIN'S OWN LACK OF PREPAREDNESS AND NOT THE FAULT OF THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT," DECLARED LORD HAILEY IN THE COURSE OF A DISCUSSION OPENED BY MR. ARTHUR MOORE AT THE EAST INDIA ASSOCIATION TO-DAY.

Giving one of a number of examples in support of his assertion that India's war effort has been cramped Mr. Moore quoted from his own speeches in the Legislative Assembly to show how the repeated demands for a larger Air Force for India had not been satisfied.

He repeated the suggestion that a Viceroy's "Win the War" Government should supersede Parliamentary Government which had failed.

This was criticised by both Lord Hailey and Sir George Schuster on the ground that it was impracticable and that it would satisfy nobody.

Sir George Schuster added that Parliament had never obstructed but encouraged the political progress of India. There was general support however for a more realistic attitude towards the war.

Sir George Schuster said that the fact that the Indian war time budget was limited to a 30 per cent excess, raised a grave doubt in his mind whether the war's implications were realised.

At the same time we should not expect a full war effort unless leading Indians entered the Government.

Sir Stanley Reed referring to the Nazi's use of Syrian aerodromes spoke of the implied threat to India and declared that no academic obstacles should prevent the harnessing of ALL WILLING HELPERS TO ASSIST IN BOTH THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA AND THE DRIVING OF ITS WAR MACHINE.—Reuter.

Troop-Carrier Planes To Help Of Evacuees

How Indian Families From Habbaniyah Were Rescued By R. A. F.

KARACHI, May 16.

A graphic description of the evacuation of Indian families from Habbaniyah where they spent seven days in trenches was given to the Associated Press by Indian evacuees numbering about 200, who have arrived here.

Paying a tribute to the British troops and the R.A.F. in effectively protecting the British and Indian civil population, they emphasised that not a single casualty had occurred among Indians till they left Iraq.

Habbaniyah, they said, dominated by hills occupied by Iraqi rebels, was subjected to ineffective shelling, which commenced on the morning of May 2, three days after the trouble started. Women and children were ordered to go into trenches, where they remained for seven days. Meantime the British warning of reprisals to Iraqi rebels against the shelling of British civilian camps had a salutary effect and the insurgents were more careful thereafter. After seven anxious nights, evacuation by plane started and was completed in two days. Over 450 people were evacuated by plane to Basrah In face of shelling and gunfire the R.A.F. carried out the evacuation gallantly and uninterruptedly in perfect order.

The evacuees on arrival at Basrah were housed in the British Consulate. In Baghdad all British residents were reported to have taken refuge in the British Embassy, which was well guarded. Most of the British residents, women and children, in Baghdad were also brought down to Basrah by troop carriers.

The evacuees declare that it was a remarkable achievement taking into consideration the scale of the evacuation operations, and attribute it to the efficiency of the R.A.F. and the discipline of the British civilians.—A. P.

Indian Evacuees From Iraq

KARACHI, May 16.

The first batch of Indian evacuees from Iraq, about 150, mostly women and children, arrived here. The local reception committee is arranging their accommodation in the pilgrims' camp.—A. P.

It is understood that the question of enforcing the U. P. Muslim Waqf Act 1937 is under the active consideration of the U. P. Government.

The Half-Column "By Dim"

Sir Earnest Hotson, an ex-Governor writing to a Minister, Mr. Jadhav, tells how he served in England as a "puttewala" to help the war effort. That just about shows how useful our officials are when they face the real thing. At least Sir Earnest got this job, but I doubt if some of our officials on Defence Committees could get even so far.

* * * *

I met a somewhat striking personality who might I suppose have to be classed as a "professor". He's anything but that and has a broad outlook on life in contrast to those who generally answer to the description of "professors." His name is Mandy and he is the Principal of the Rajkumar College in Kathiawar. He comes from the Trinity College, Dublin, but his outlook on life is so perfect that almost any University in the world would like to claim him as a product. He is, I have pleasure in saying, the distinctly better type of "visitor" to our country—not the type that would ever be made a Colonel in Delhi, thank God. I think it a great pity that a man like him should be wasted on a handful of Rajkumars unless it's all part of a literacy campaign to educate our idle rich.

Edgar Wallace's Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE — THE YELLOW BEETLE

HEY, JIM / WHAT'S THE IDEA OF THE HURRY CALL?
TAKE A LOOK AT THE MORNING PAPER, DON
SO WHAT? I ALREADY READ THE HEADLINE ABOUT US CAPTURING THOSE SPIES /
NOT THAT, AT THE BOTTOM OF PAGE ONE—THE ITEM WITH THE CIRCLE AROUND IT.
YOU MEAN THIS ABOUT SOME GUY PICKING UP A STATUE OF A LARGE BEETLE IN THE STREET?
DOESN'T THAT MEAN ANYTHING TO YOU?
A BEETLE MADE OF GOLD, NOW.. WHAT-- GREAT SMOKE! IT'S BACK AGAIN! THE YELLOW BEETLE MURDER RING!
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